

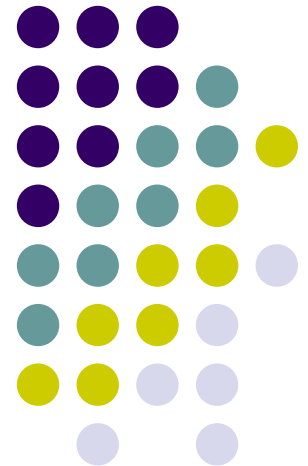
Change in the biodiversity of the demersal fish community in the northern Bering and Chukchi Seas

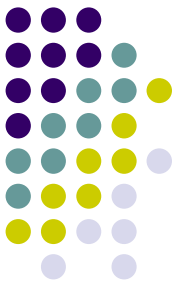
Sei-ichi Saitoh*, I Nyoman Radiarta**, Toru Hirawake*, Yasunori Sakurai*, Mamoru Yabe*, Yoshihiko Kamei*** and Shogo Takagi***

* Faculty of Fisheries Sciences, Hokkaido University
ssaitoh@salmon.fish.hokudai.ac.jp

** Graduate School of Fisheries Sciences, Hokkaido University

*** School of Fisheries Sciences, Hokkaido University





Outline

- Background
- Objective
- Study area
- Data (Oceanographic and fish sampling) and Methods
- Results and Discussion
- Summary



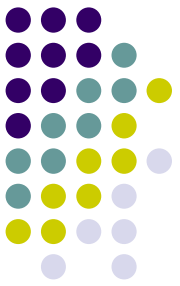
Chukchi Sea

Bering Sea

The Bering Sea and Chukchi Sea have distinct marine ecosystems that are affected by seasonal sea ice.

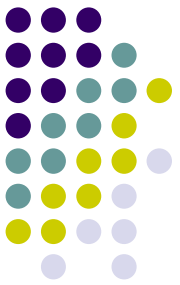


**T/S Oshoro-
Maru**



**Bottom
Trawling**

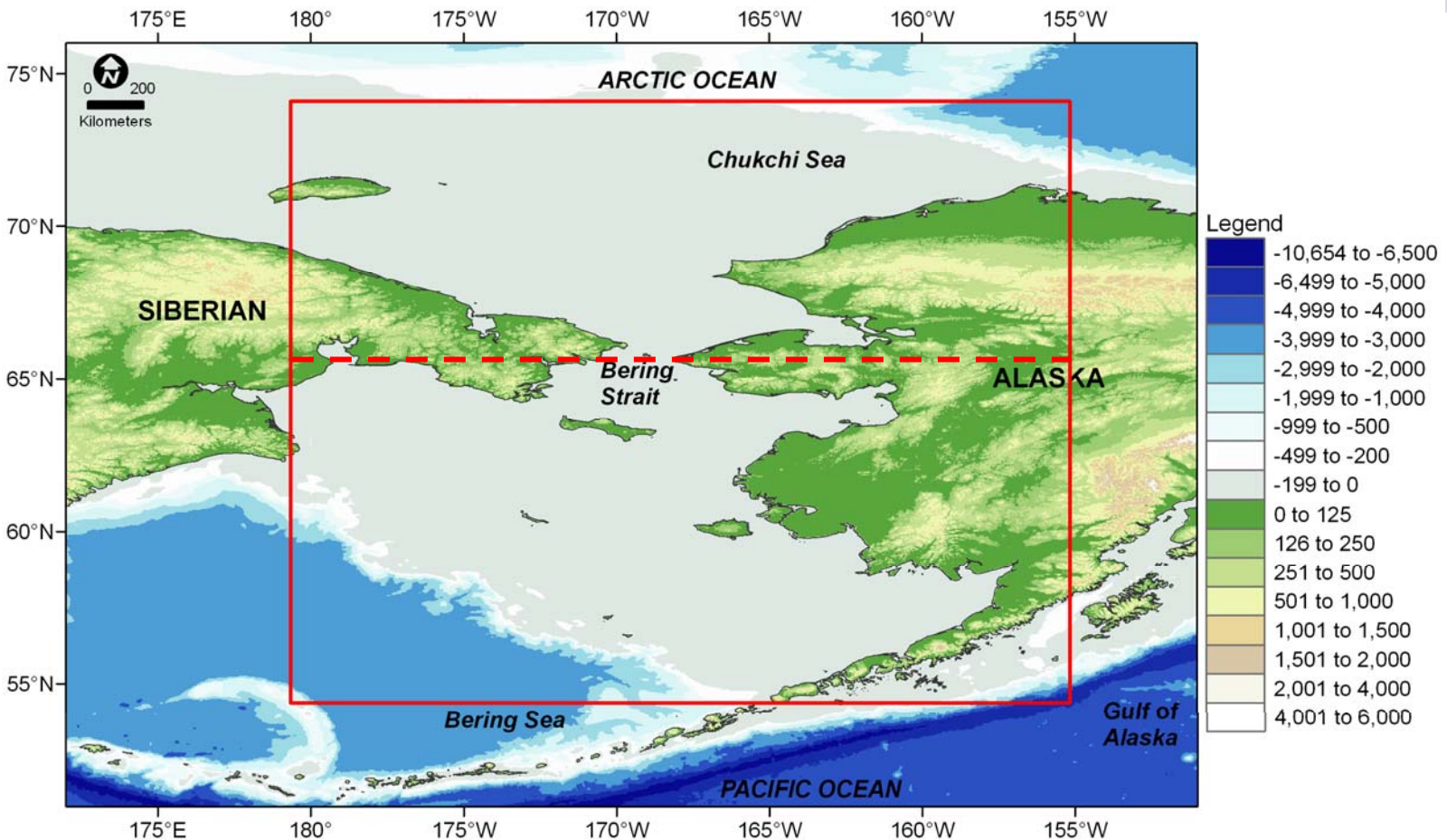




Objective

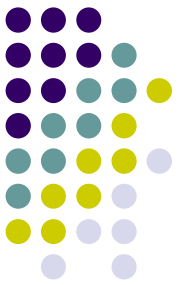
- To examine the change on biodiversity of demarsal fish community between 1991, 1992 and 2007, 2008

Study Area



Red polygon indicates area focused for this study

Dashed red line indicates border for Chukchi Sea and Bering Sea



Methodology

- Sampling conducted in three different years

Bering Sea:

- 21-22 July 1991
- 18-22 July 1992
- 25-31 July 2007

Chukchi Sea:

- 25-31 July 1991
- 26-31 July 1992
- 7-11 August 2007

- Data collected:

- Demersal fish using bottom trawl
- Oceanographic parameter

- The analysis only focused on three Gadidae fish species:

1. Pacific cod (*Gadus macrocephalus*)
2. Walleye pollock (*Theragra chalcogramma*)
3. Arctic cod (*Boreogadus saida*)



(1)

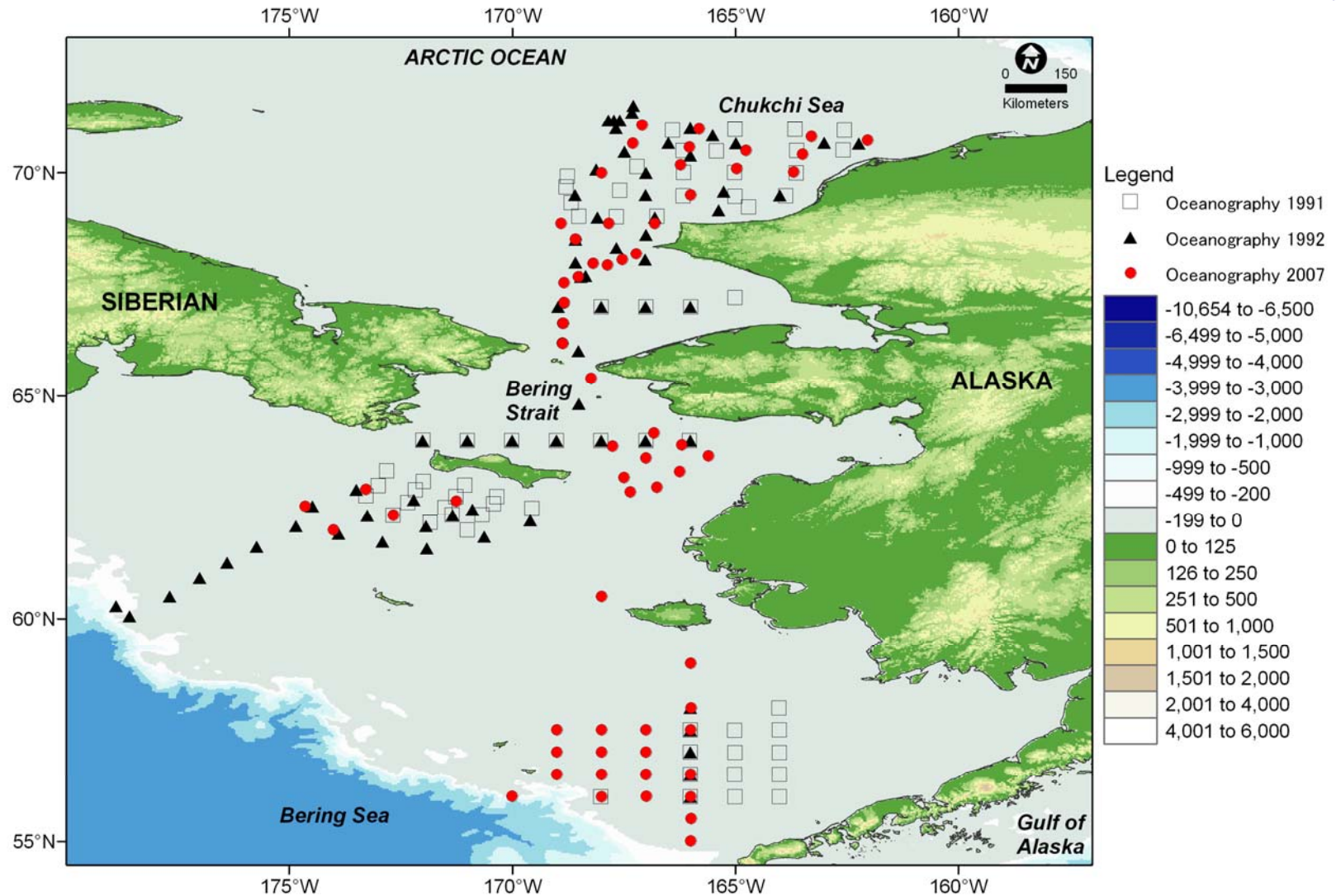
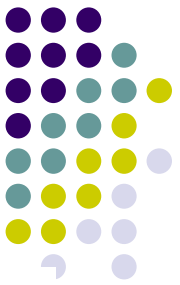


(2)

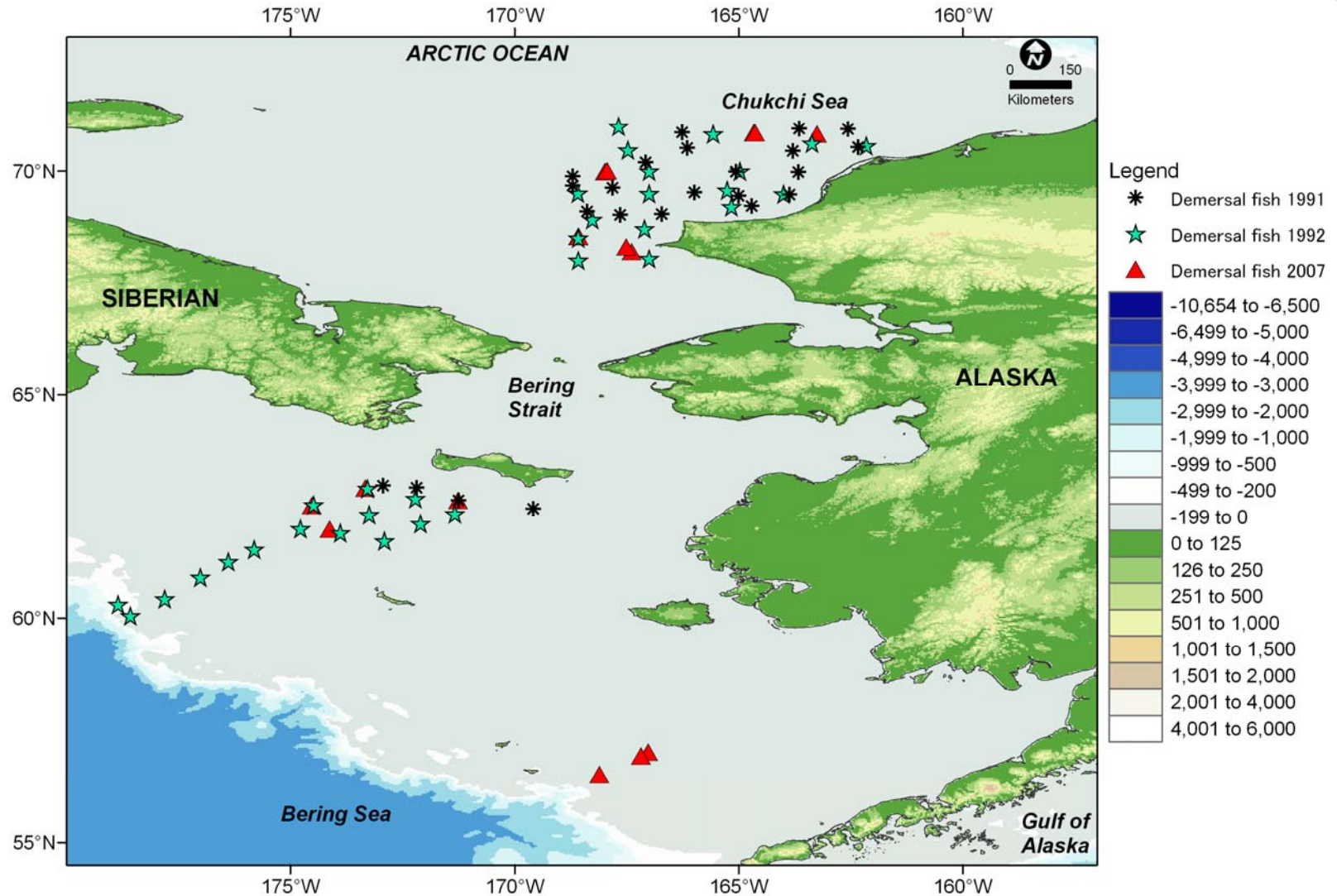
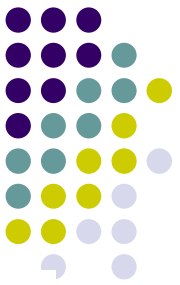


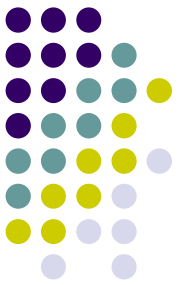
(3)

Oceanographic sampling



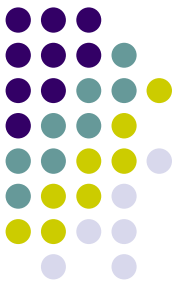
Demersal fish sampling





Data analysis

- Standardize of fish biomass
 - ✓ Using speed, trawling time and distance →
standardize weight
- Mapping bottom temperature
- Mapping bottom fish biomass (standardize weight) distributions
- Biodiversity indices based on biomass (Jin and Tang, 1996) :
 - ✓ Margalef richness index (R)
 - ✓ Simpson's index (D)
 - ✓ Shannon-Wiener index (H)
 - ✓ Evenness index (E)



Results and Discussion

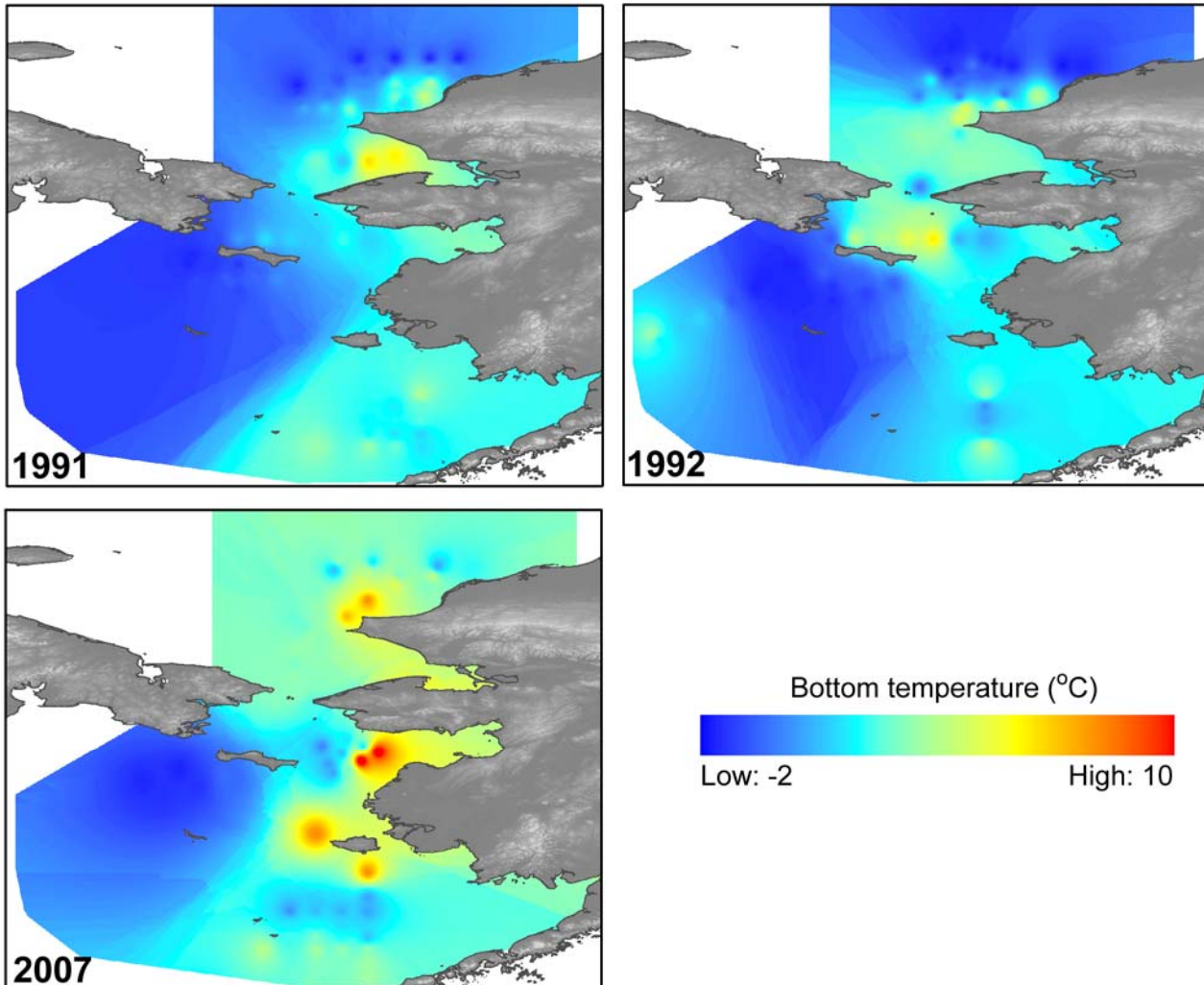
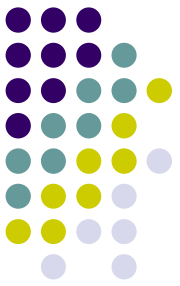
Standardized fish biomass

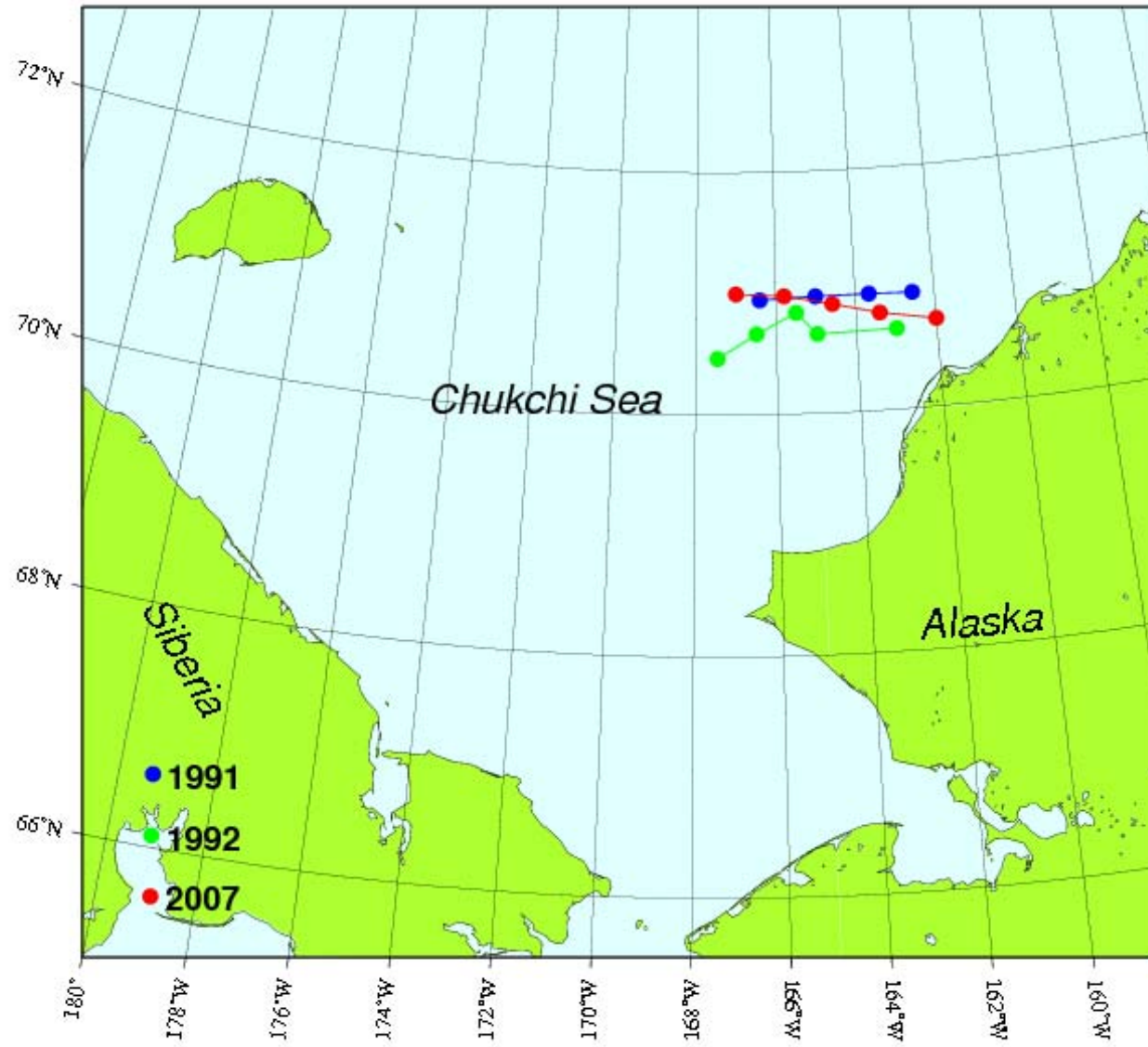
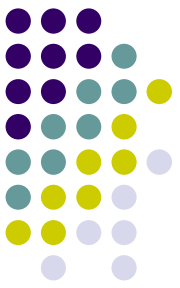
Year	Items	Bering Sea			Chukchi Sea		
		Pacific cod	Walleye pollock	Arctic cod	Pacific cod	Walleye pollock	Arctic cod
1991	Date	21-22 July			25-31 July		
	N(T)	2(23)	2(23)	2(23)	1(23)	1(23)	12(23)
	Weight	0.97	3.04	0.07	0.001	0.001	0.09
1992	Date	18-22 July			26-31 July		
	N(T)	7(32)	5(32)	9(32)	0(32)	0(32)	17(32)
	Weight	6.31	205.01	0.58	0	0	2.62
2007	Date	25-31 July			7-11 August		
	N(T)	3(16)	5(16)	2(16)	0(16)	0(16)	9(16)
	Weight	5.22	234.49	0.03	0	0	0.86

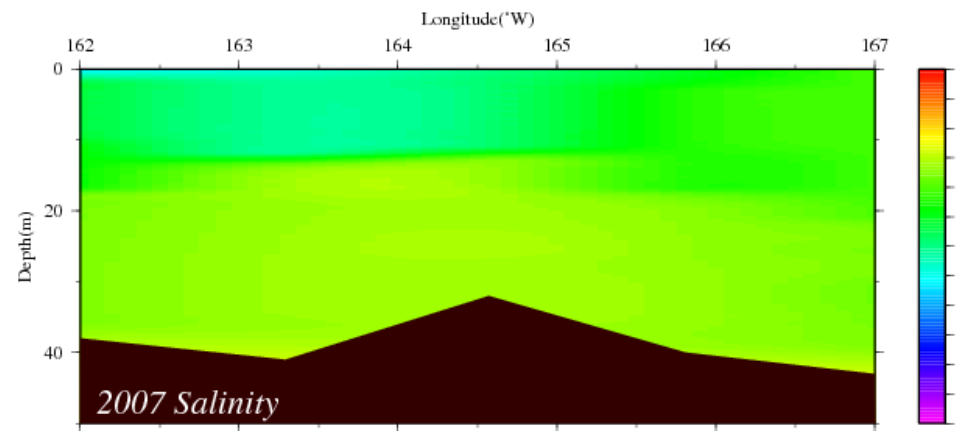
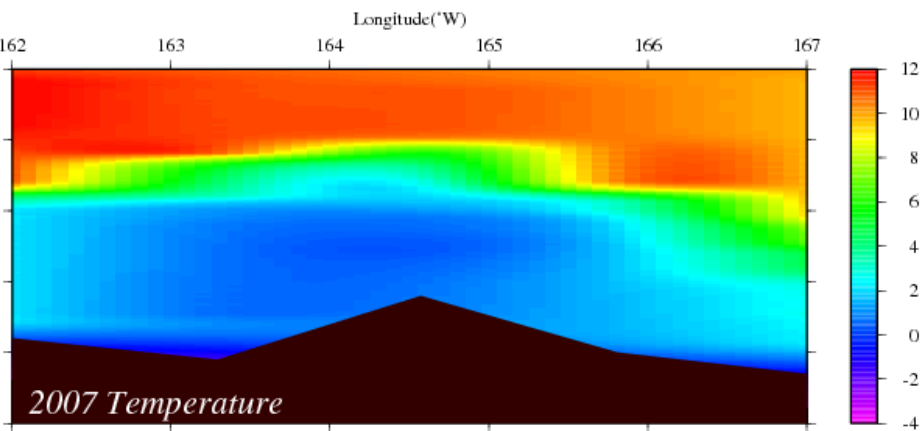
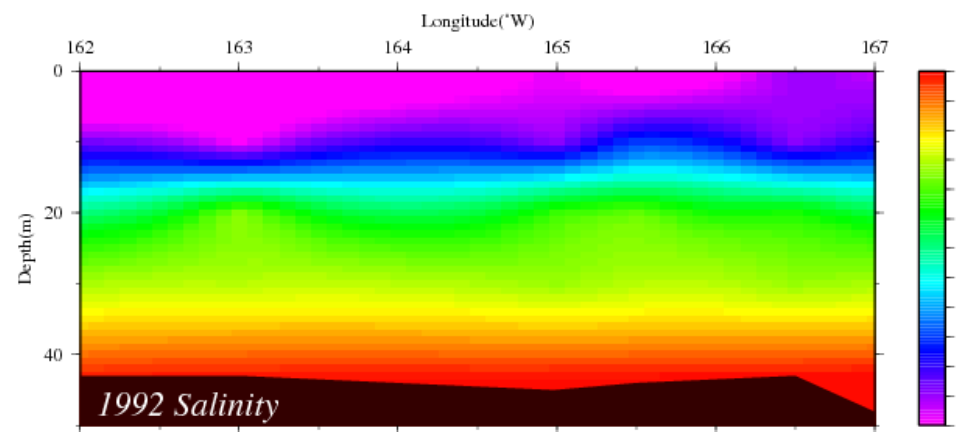
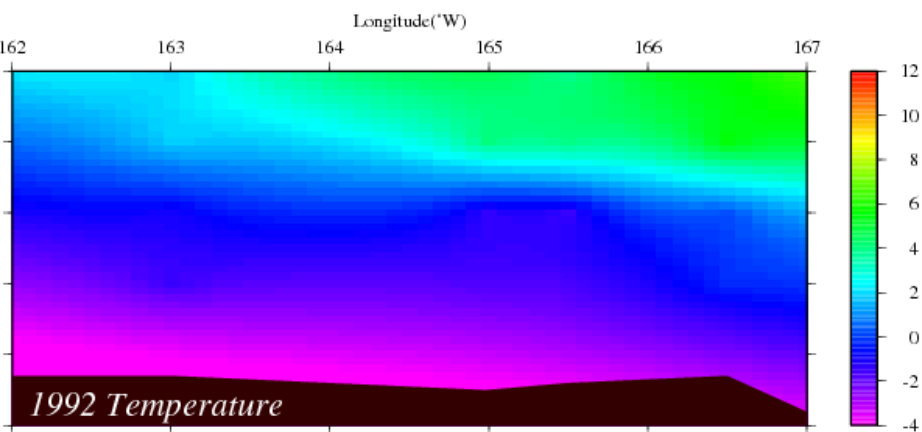
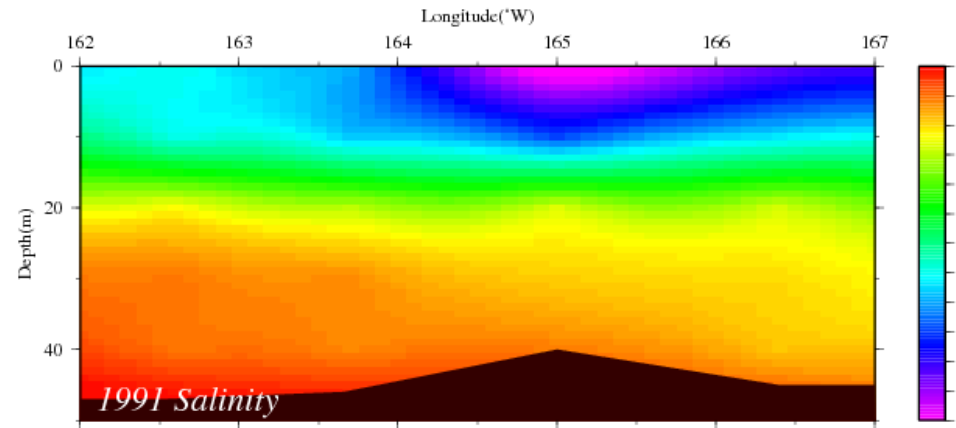
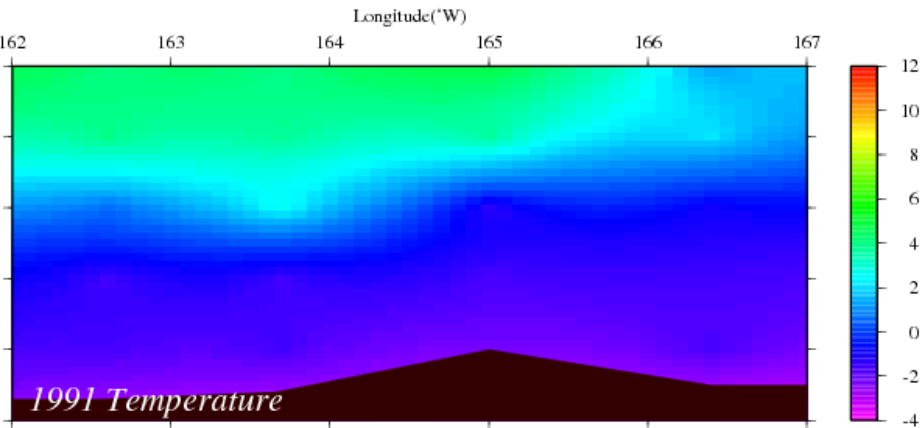
N(T) = No. of station (Total stations)

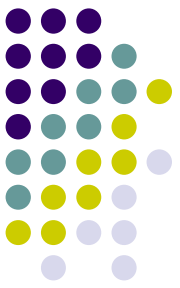
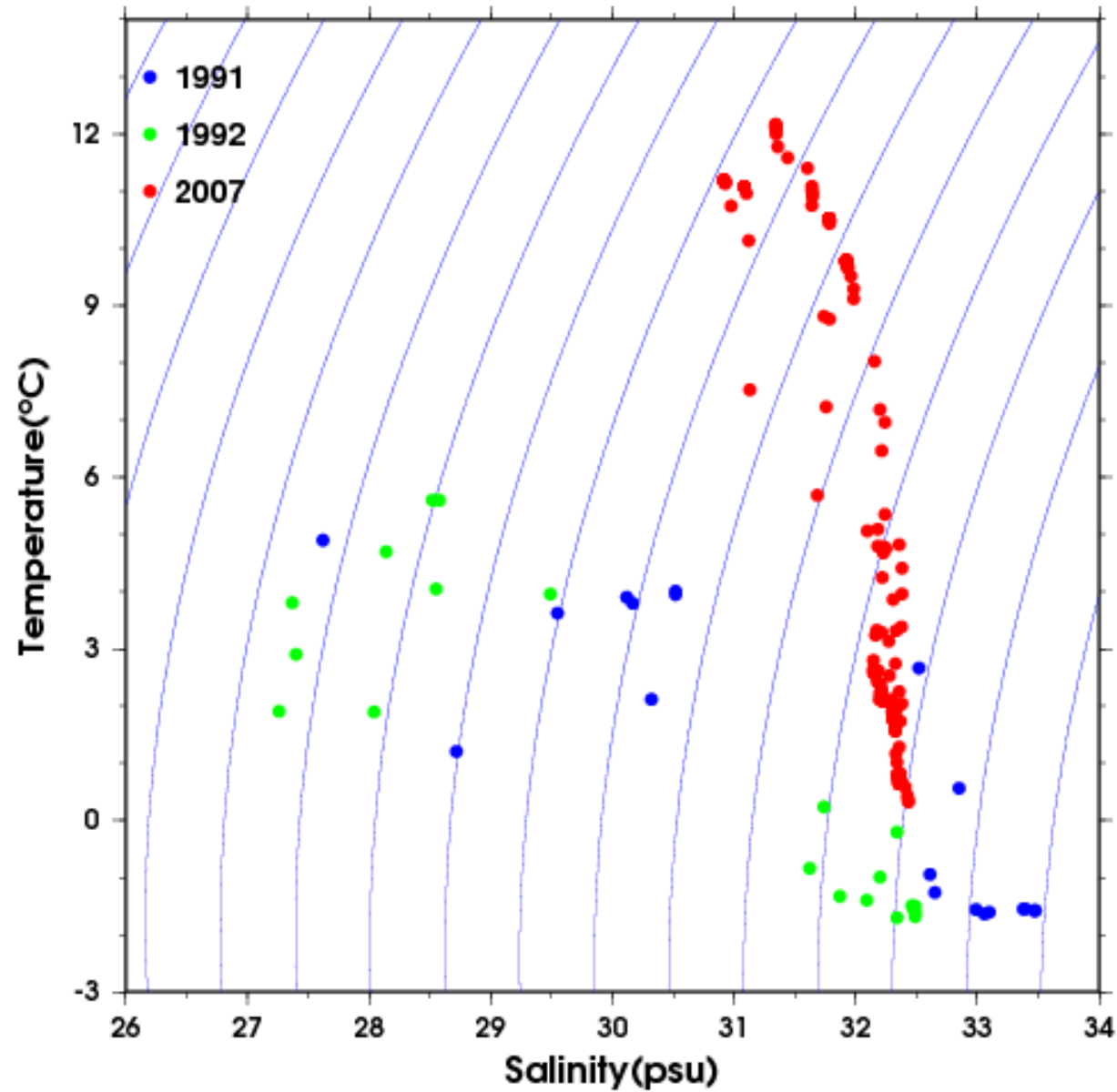
Weight: standardize weight

Bottom temperature

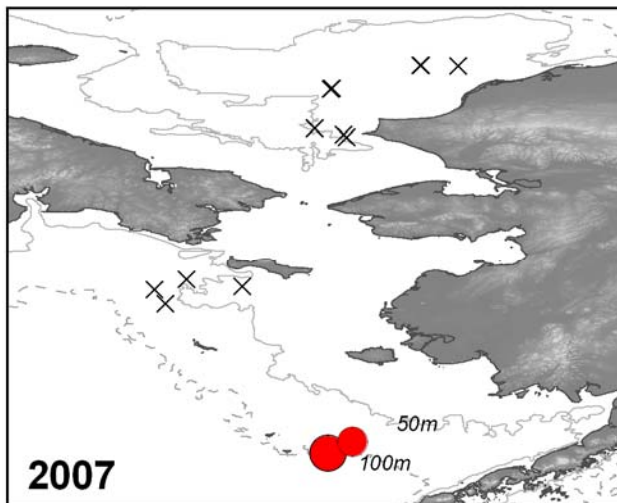
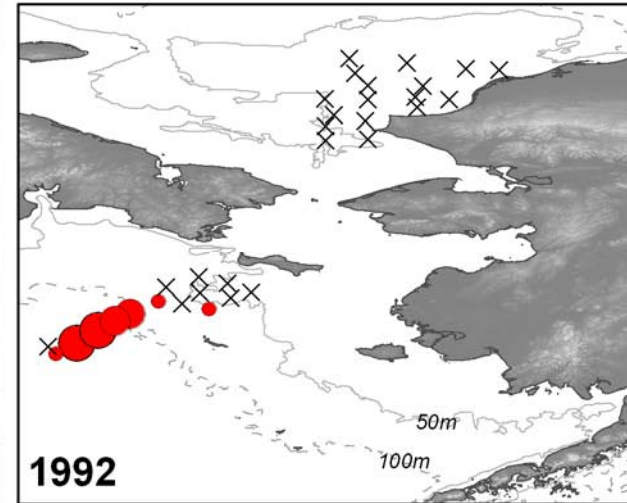
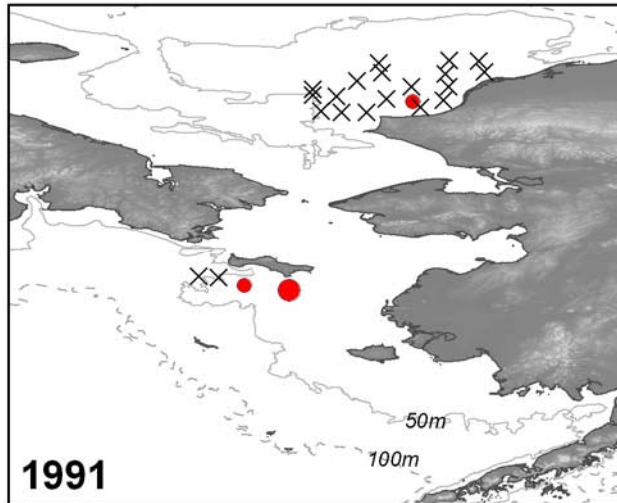
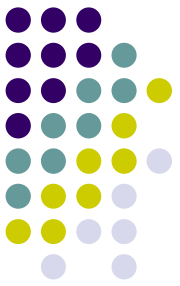








Demersal fish abundance (1)

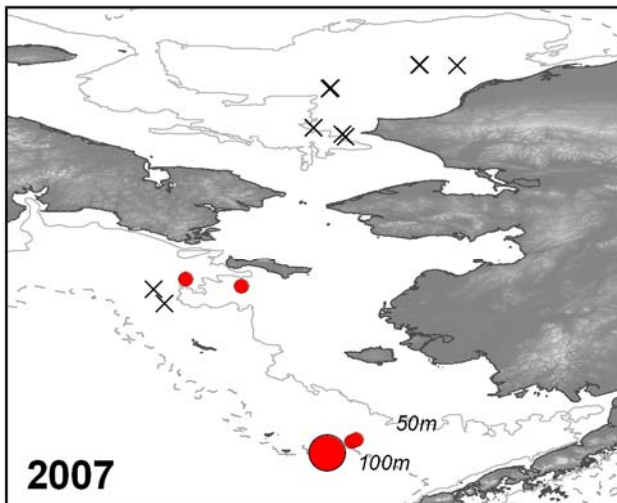
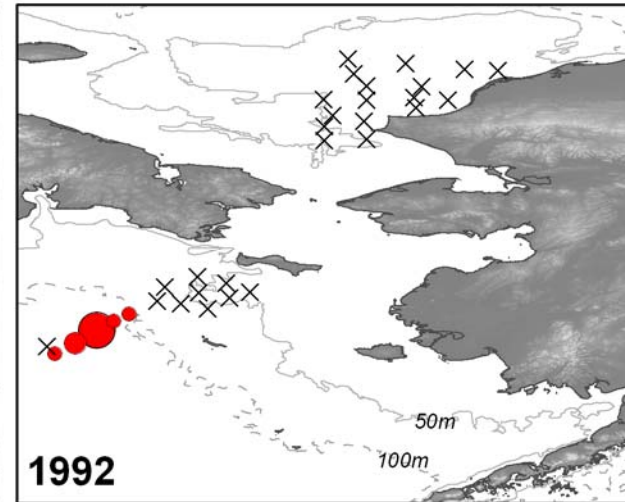
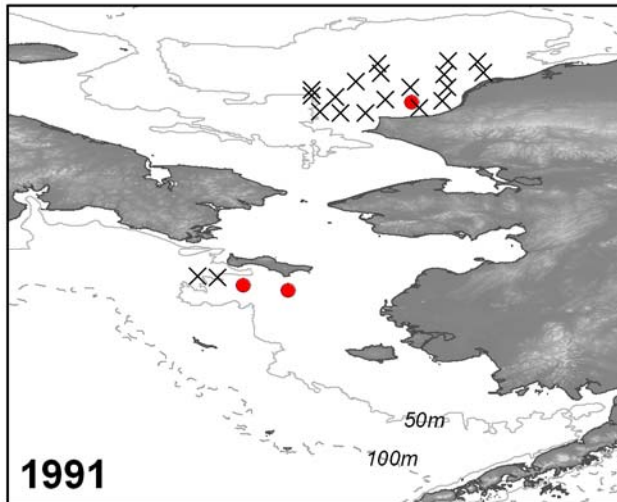
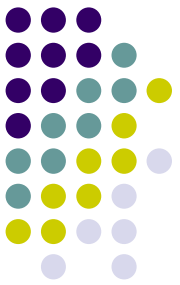


Pacific cod ***(Gadus macrocephalus)***

Standardize weight

- × 0
- < 0.5
- 0.5-1.0
- 1.0-1.5
- > 1.5

Demersal fish abundance (2)

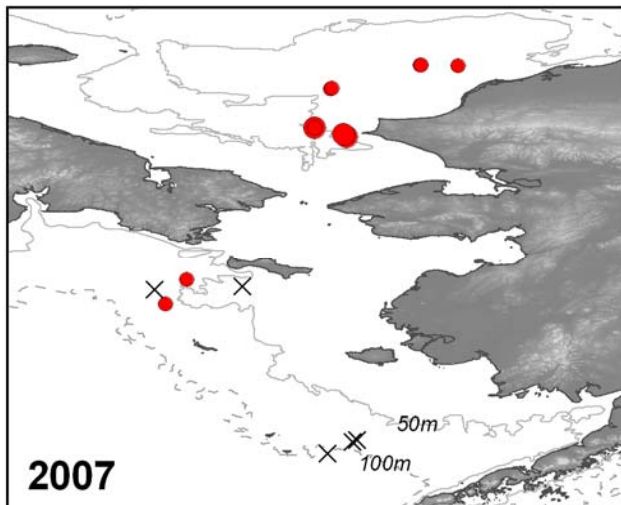
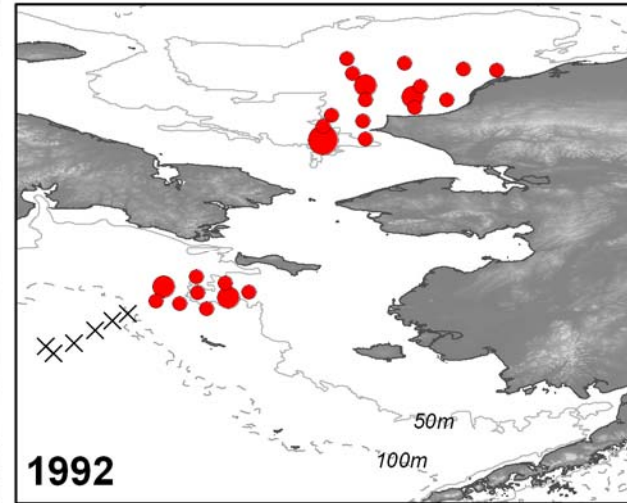
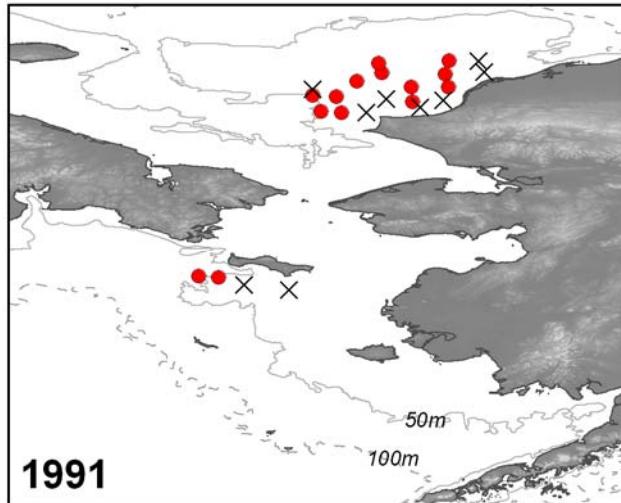
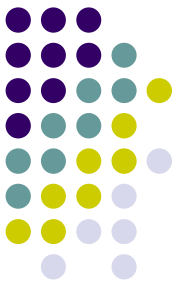


Walleye pollock (*Theragra chalcogramma*)

Standardize weight

- × 0
- < 25
- 25-50
- 50-100
- > 100

Demersal fish abundance (3)

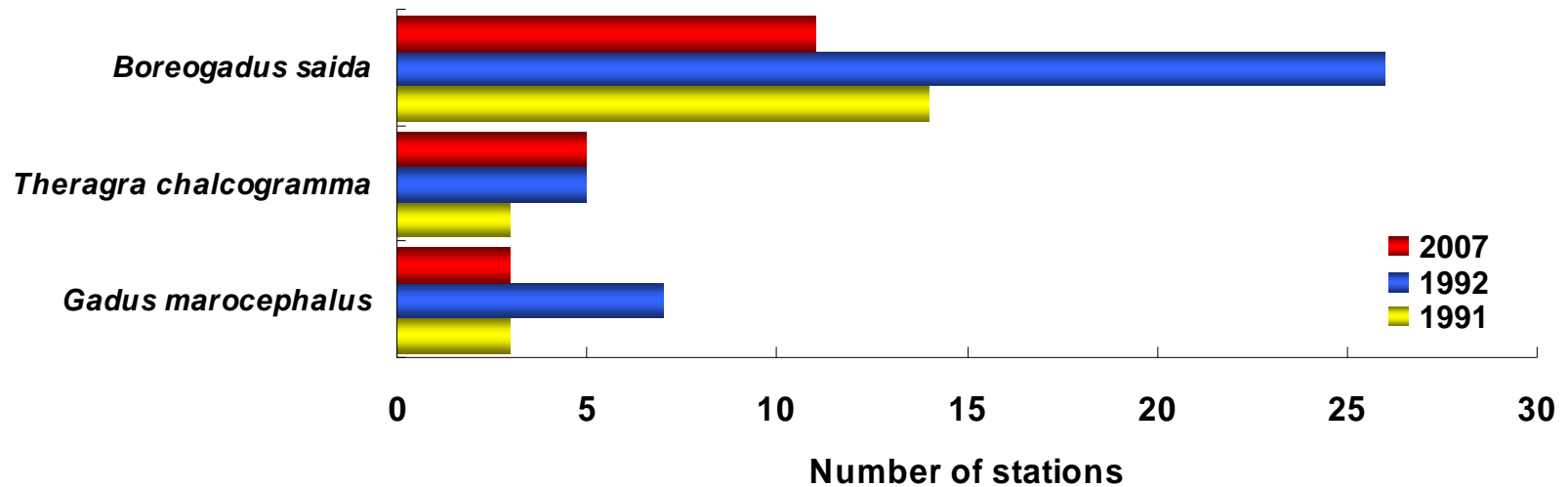
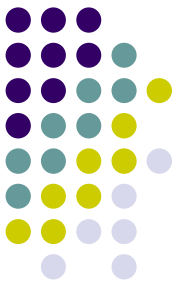


Arctic cod (*Boreogadus saida*)

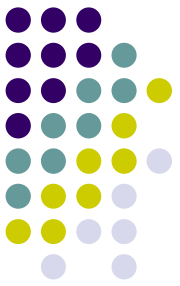
Standardize weight

- × 0
- < 0.1
- 0.1-0.3
- 0.3-0.6
- > 0.6

Distribution of the demersal fish occurrences



Biodiversity indexes



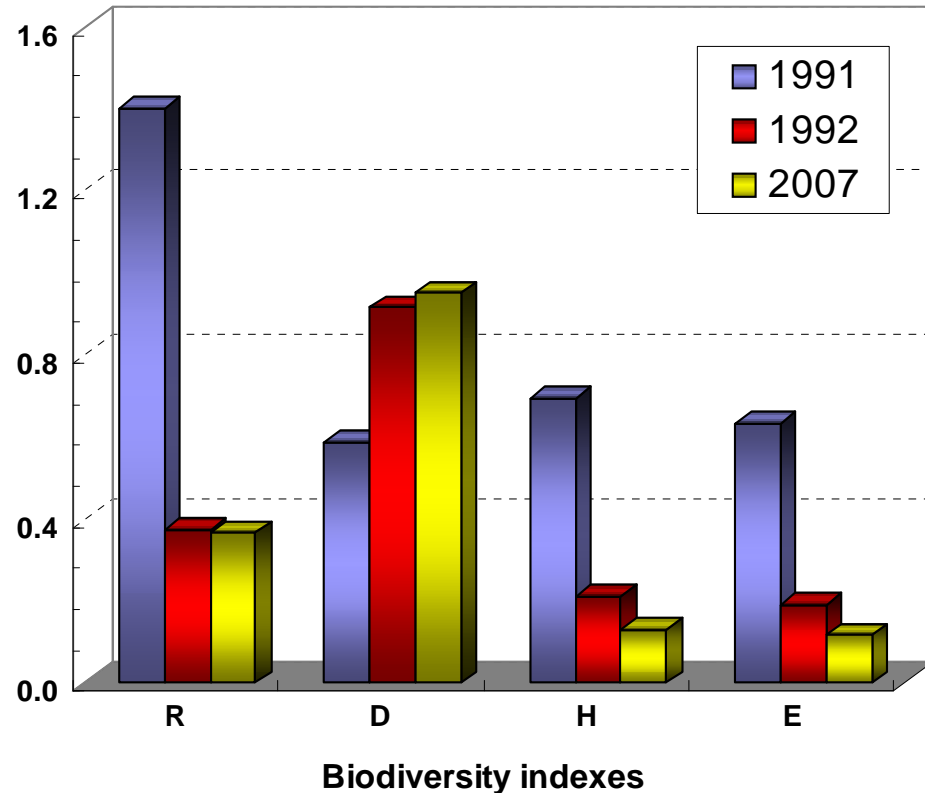
Year	Biodiversity index			
	R	D	H	E
1991	1.40	0.59	0.69	0.63
1992	0.37	0.91	0.21	0.19
2007	0.36	0.95	0.13	0.12

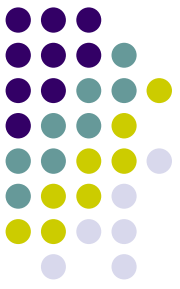
R: Margalef richness index

D: Simpson's index

H: Shannon-Wiener index

E: Evenness index





Summary

- We compare abundance and distribution of arctic cod and the other Gadidae fishes between in summer 1991/1992 and in summer 2007/2008
- Arctic cod might be an index species to understand the biodiversity change in the bottom fish community