Methods for Standardizing the U.S. West Coast Groundfish Trawl Survey

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Northwest Fisheries Science Center

Fisheries Resource Analysis and Monitoring Division, NWFSC

Mission: provide the scientific basis for the management of U.S. West Coast groundfish stocks and their ecosystems

Tools: fishery-independent resource surveys, fishery monitoring, biological investigations, and population models

Survey goal: provide data for assessment purposes on the distribution and abundance of commercially important West Coast groundfish, including changes in species composition, size and age with geographic area and depth

Focus: steps for standardizing the West Coast Groundfish Trawl Survey's methods and gear in order to minimize differences in sampling efficiency and maintain consistency across the range of conditions encountered and over time

West Coast Groundfish Trawl Survey (WCGTS)

History: In 1998, the NWFSC assumed responsibility for the WCGTS, extending two pre-existing surveys conducted by the Alaska Fisheries Science Center (AFSC).

1977 - 2001 AFSC's triennial shelf (55 - 500 m) trawl survey using chartered AK commercial trawlers (>110 ft)

1984 - 2001 AFSC's West Coast slope (183 – 1280 m) trawl survey using FRV Miller Freeman (>200 ft)

1998 - 2002: NWFSC annual slope (183 -1280 m) trawl survey using smaller (< 93 ft) chartered West Coast (CA, OR, WA) commercial fishing vessels

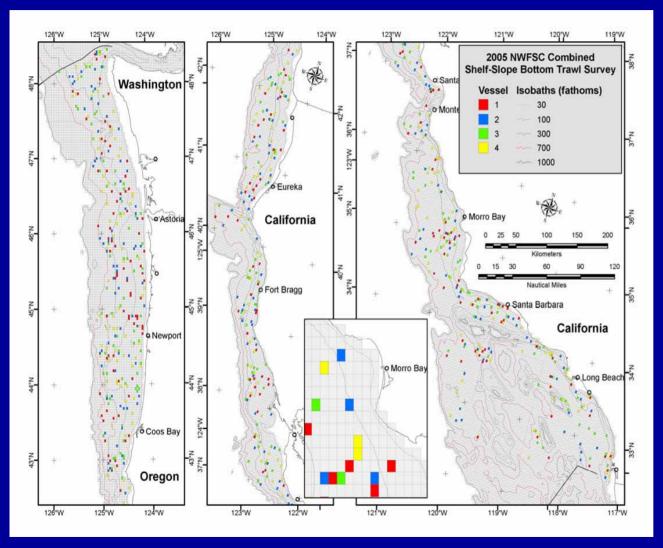
2003 - present: NWFSC survey expanded to cover shelf and slope waters (55 - 1280 m) from US-Can to US-Mexican borders

WCGTS Methods

- Annually charter 4 West Coast fishing vessels, 3 scientists, 3 crew
- 2 passes down the coast (N to S) each with 1 pair of vessels
- 47 fishing days-at-sea per vessel (May Oct)
- Standardized fishing gear: four-panel Aberdeen 85/104' bottom trawl equipped with net mensuration gear
- Wireless back deck with electronic scales, fish meter boards, bar code scanner, with trawl and catch data input via FSCS and customized software
- Target tow speed 2.2 kt; target duration 15 minutes
- Fish during daylight hours
- 4-6 tows per day
- Catch sorted to species and weighed
- Selected species sexed, measured
- Collect stomachs and age structures
- Average catch 300 kg/tow (range <1 to 18,000 kg/tow)
- Special projects undertaken



Standardized Design: Stratified-Random



 US Canadian border to US Mexican border

 Survey area sub-divided into >12,000 equally sized cells (1.5 X 2.0 nm)

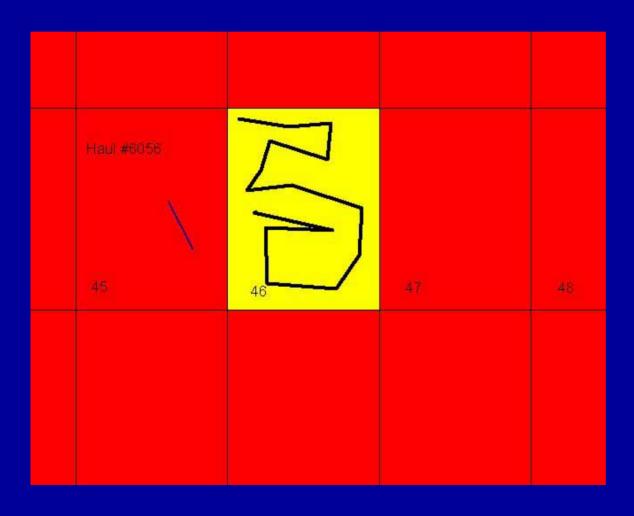
 Each of 4 charter vessels randomly assigned a set of 190 cells, secondary and tertiary cells also assigned (not shown)

2 geographic strata: 80%
 N of Pt. Conception, 20% S

 3 depth strata (55-183 m, 183-549 m; 550-1,280 m)

Minimum 30 tows/strata

Standardized Trawl Search and Selection Procedure



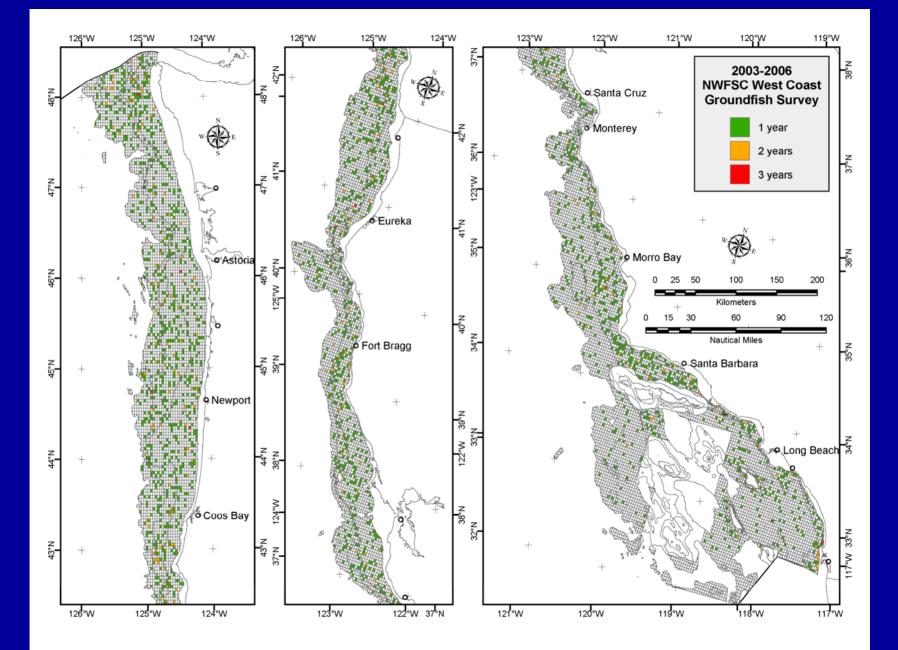
 Search within a randomly selected, previously specified cell

 Search within a specified depth range

 Limit search for trawlable ground 1-hr per cell

 If no trawlable site found within 1-hr, move to secondary cell and repeat 1-hr search

 Repeat at tertiary site if needed



Standardized Survey Operations

- Developed detailed operations manual
- Improved fishing gear specifications
- Compiled equipment and gear checklists
- Initiated side-by-side warp marking
- Net as research tool



Warp Standardization and Measurement



•Cables are marked at 25 fm increments by scientists working together with gear personnel

•Each wire is measured and marked prior to each deployment and after any significant hang-up

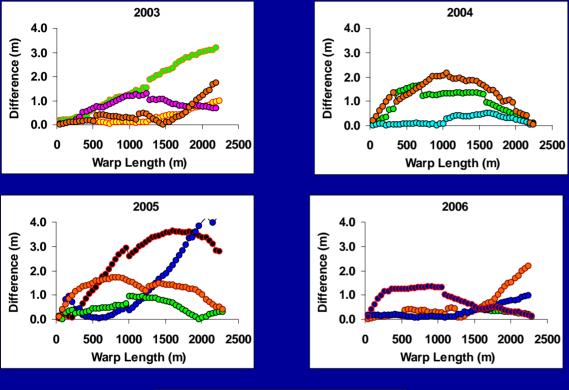
•Wires are removed and measured at end of charter

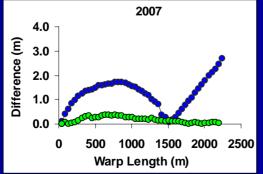
• At start of survey, NWFSC provides each vessel with paired 5/8" steel core cables, 2,288 m (1,250 fathoms) in length to ensure consistent warp diameter and composition

• Warps are run through a series of blocks and measured side-by-side as they are spooled onto the vessel's winches



Cumulative Differences between Port and Starboard Warps at the End of Each Charter by Year and Vessel





Ideal: Markings provide real time verification of release of equal warp length from both winches while setting a tow

Reality: Differential warp stretch and contraction occur along the length of the wire

Result: Various patterns emerge over time but cumulative differences for all vessels for all years are <4.2 m

NOAA standard: difference between port and starboard warps greater than 4% of the sum of the bridle and foot rope lengths not acceptable (WCGTS critical value: **6.3 m**)





Net as Research Tool



Detailed diagrams and checklists for construction, certification and repair of nets, footropes, framing lines, rigging, fishing lines, doors

NWFSC Net Standardization

 Detailed net, rigging and gear diagrams completed in 2003, upgraded in 2005

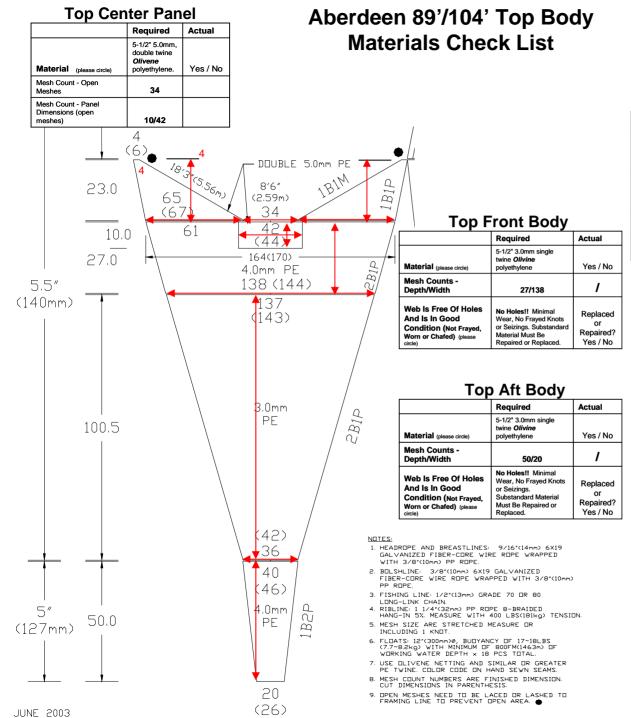
Nets built, stored and repaired at commercial net facility

 Nets and all components (netting, head rope, bolsh line, fishing line, breast line and ribline) built to exact standard and individually identified

• All nets examined, repaired and certified prior to each use: scientists work with net shed personnel

Each vessel supplied with 2 nets prior to start of charter

If net and footrope in perfect condition, it takes ~8-hr for two people to measure, check and count all portions of the net



Net #: Date: Person of Record:

Top Wings

	Required	Port	Starboard						
Material (please circle)	5-1/2" 5.0mm, double twine <i>Olivene</i> polyethylene.	Yes / No	Yes / No						
Web Is Free Of Holes And Is In Good Condition (Not Frayed, Worn or Chafed) (please circle)		Yes / No	Yes / No						
Mesh counts (Width)	4/65								
Mesh Counts (Depth)	23								

Top Center Body

	Required	Actual
Material (please circle)	5-1/2" 3.0mm single twine Olivine polyethylene	Yes / No
Mesh Counts - Depth/Width	100.5/36	1
Web Is Free Of Holes And Is In Good Condition (Not Frayed, Worn or Chafed) (please circle)	No Holes!! Minimal Wear, No Frayed Knots or Seizings. Substandard Material Must Be Repaired or Replaced.	Replaced or Repaired? Yes / No

Top Riblines

		Port	Starboard
Material	1-1/4" Polypropylene 8-braid line	Yes / No	Yes / No
"Hang In" (Riblines are to be 95% of length of stretched measure of gored seam) (This is an estimated measurement)	5%	(estimate)	(estimate)
Lociae	Gored seams are attached to the Riblines every 16" (inches) with #60 braided nylon twine, using benzel lashing		
Lacing	technique		

Simrad ITI System Used to Monitor Trawl Performance



Simrad ITI system integrates data streams of net width, net height, trawl position, depth of head rope, distance to sea floor, temperature, distance fished, net configuration





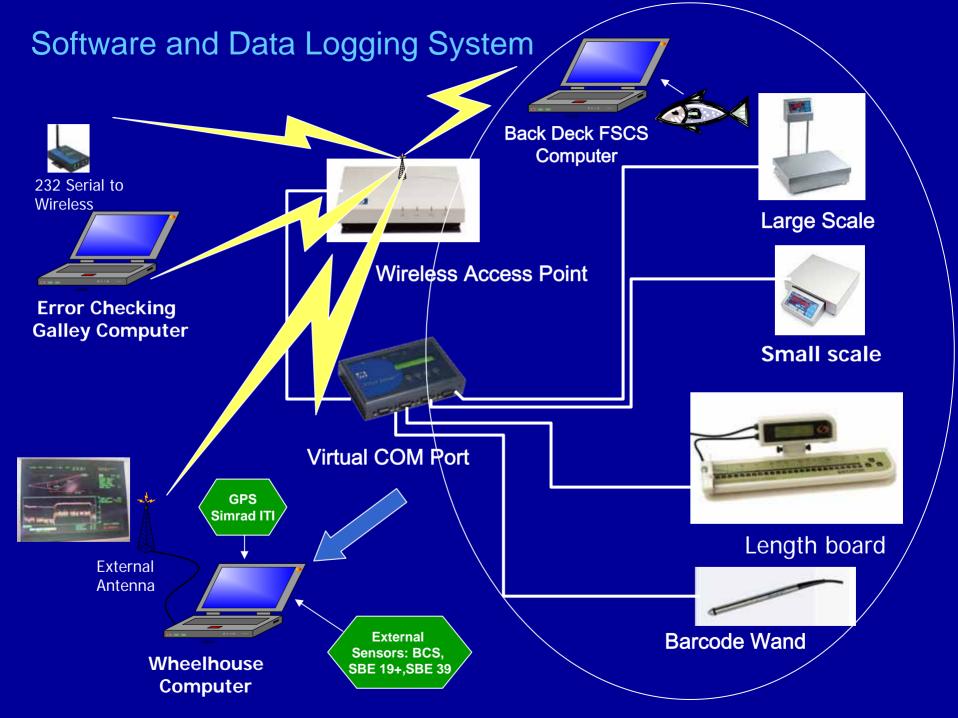
Net Mensuration and Trawl Performance Monitoring





Sensors supplied by NWFSC:

- Dual/triple beam transducers mounted on vessel hull (through hull design)
- GPS and gyroscope for vessel position and heading
- Simrad sensors mounted on net
- Bottom contact sensors mounted on footrope (port and starboard) to monitor bottom contact, net touch down and lift off
- Seabird sensor mounted on head rope: temperature, depth, salinity, dissolved oxygen



Customized Software

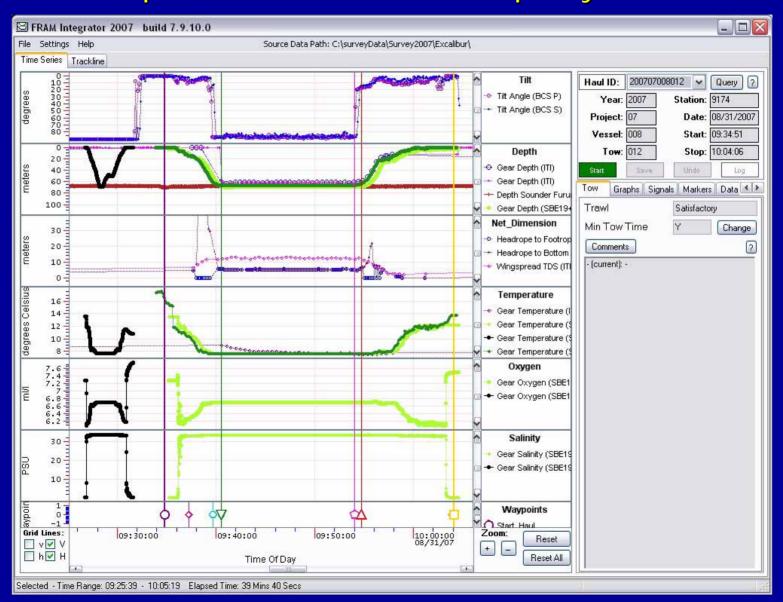
- TowLogger input
- Integrator visualize
- DataSquirrel compile
- SurveyEdit edit
- SurveyAnalyzer analyze



TowLogger – Used to log operations and environmental data during bottom trawling

🛹 Fl	🚰 FRAM TowLogger build 7.8.31.0													
File	Setup Help													
FPG	L'amiliouua	Dan	∆ Sur T	ype 3 - Slope	and Shelf Combinat 🛆	v	essel 8 - Excal	ibur	Δ	Tow Number	1 🛆	Date 20	07/09/10	
Sti	0/10	∆ Target Rank		istance to imary Stn	0 (nmi)	NW	45°15.345N,	124°54.956	N 45°15.32	6N, 124°52.	820W NE			
Code		C Rank		imary Sin		10000	45°13.357N,			9N, 124°52.	201701			
	Net	46°54.651N	124°39.816W			5.11	Wing-		Footrope		Gear	Sounder	Manua	
20	Local Time	Latitude dd°mm.mmmm	Longitude ddd°mm.mmmm	Speed (kts)	Event		spread (m)	Headrope Height (m)	Clearance (m)	Bottom temp (C)	Depth (m)	V Depth (fathoms)	V Depth (fathoms)	
X	21:21:11	47°38.6655N	122°18.3727W	5.9	Current	ţ	11.8	0	7	9.2	111.5	529.1		Δ
×	06:16:05	45°12.716N	124°54.342W	4.1	Start Haul		0	0	0	0	0	473.9		
X	06:22:25	45°13.071N	124°54.389W	5	Set Doors	\bigcirc	9.5	5.9	1.4	18.6	16.7	495.7		
X	06:53:38	45°15.079N	124°54.534W	2.3	Doors Fully Out	0	0	0	0	5	956	519.5		
X	06:56:14	45°15.178N	124°54.530W	2.3	Gear On Bottom	0	0	0	0	0	956	521.5		
×	06:56:16	45°15.181N	124°54.530W	2.3	Begin Tow	\odot	0	0	0	0	956	521.9		
X	07:11:20	45°15.771N	124°54.474W	2.5	Start Haulback	\odot	0	4.6	0	4.4	941.4	523.9		
×	07:18:22	45°15.969N	124°54.421W	1.4	Net Off Bottom	\bigcirc	0	6.4	0	0	932.6	527		
×	07:45:10	45°16.449N	124°54.008W	1.6	Doors At Surface	\odot	7.2	0	8	7.2	42.1	511.4		
×	07:45:14	45°16.452N	124°54.005W	1.9	End Of Haul	\odot	7.2	0	8	7.2	42.1	511.4		
5	cope (fathom	s) 1100 🛆	Tow A	gainst Curre	nt 🛆		2007/08/18-0			s n 18.05			1	5
Su	rface Temp (F) 62 🛆	Substrate M			dit	All units sent near the botto							
	Weighted BC		Weather P	artly Cloudy			came back. \ steady.	We do not h	ave wings bu	ut we have TI	E and T/D ar	nd both are h	olding	E
			-											
Seas (ft)							PI 44 took a p	iowder and	nas not com	е раск.				
eidt	sed Tow Time	00:15:04					Depth approx	imately 520	fm					
Tow	Progress						2007/08/18-0	7:16:49						
	Save	Print	New Tow		aul ID 00703008001		Start Tow Search		d Tow arch			A	bort Tow	

Integrator – Used to visualize sensor data collected during the trawl operation, and assess tow quality and success



DataSquirrel – Used to manage raw data by providing tools to upload operational and fish data into a database.

FRAM DataSquirrel 2007 build 7.9.11.0 Logged in as patp on framdev											_ 🗆 🖂
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SurveyEdit – Used to review and edit data while at sea; includes multiple validation steps for error checking

Tow Detail	Personnel	Trawl No	tes Wea	ther Con	dition	Wayp	points	Equipment	Observations	Performance	
Summary	Split Catch	Species	Baskets	Fish	Over	Rides	Valida	ation Status			

Total Catch Weight (KG)	147.02	
Total Species	43	
Total Baskets	51	
Quanity Lengthed	102	
Quantity Weighed	20	3
Quantity Aged	20	



Tow De	etail Pers	onnel Trawl Notes Weather	Condition	n Way	points Equ	uipment Obs	ervations Per	formance				
Summa	Summary Split Catch Species Baskets Fish OverRides Validation Status											
	Sp Code	Species Name	Mix ID	Bskts	Sub Bskts	Tot Wt (KG)	Sub Wt (KG)	Ave Wt (🔺				
Ð	110	Black hagfish - SP PROJ	0	1	0	0.80	0					
Ð	210	Brown cat shark - SP PROJ	0	1	0	0.55	0					
Ð	460	Bathyraja trachura - SP PRO	0	1	0	0.75	0					
Ŧ	10190	Deepsea sole	0	1	0	3.75	0					
Ŧ	20038	Blackfin poacher - SP PROJ	0	1	0	0.01	0					
▶ 🗜	20510	Sablefish - PRIORITY 1 - SP	0	1	0	14.25	0	1.7				
		<u>kets</u> vidual Fish cial Samples										
Ŧ	20614	Bathylagidae unident.	0	1	0	0.06	0					
Ŧ	21010	Pacific viperfish	0	1	0	0.04	0					
Ŧ	21220	Pacific grenadier - PRIORIT	0	1	0	1.80	0	0.1 🚽				
•			-		-		-	•				

Summary page - displays tow summary information: total catch weight, total baskets, number of individual fish measured, weighed and with age samples taken.

Species page - displays species summary information: basket, individual fish, and special sample data are all accessed from this page by clicking on the plus sign next to the species code. Links to the basket, individual fish, and special sample data are displayed after expanding the plus sign.

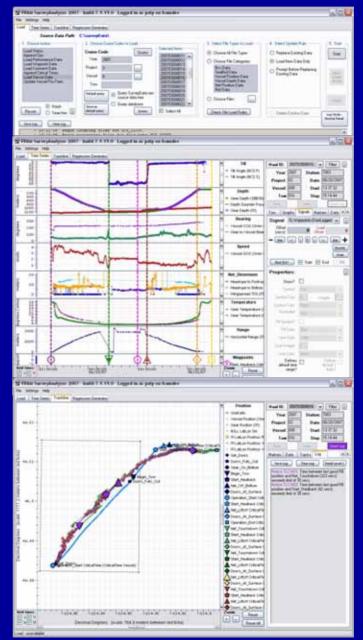
SurveyAnalyzer – Used for post-mission data processing

Step 1: load sensor data into database

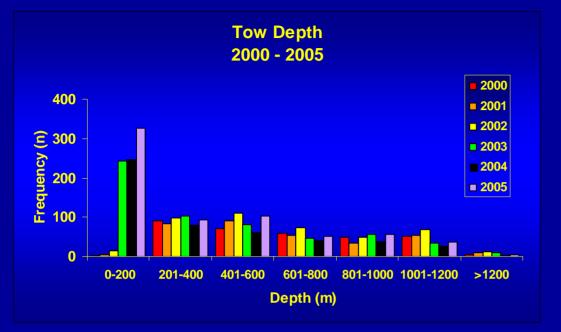
Step 2: visualize graphically, determine net touchdown and liftoff times, as well as point estimates for depth, temperature, wingspread, net height and vessel speed

Critical Times: start haul, net touchdown, start haulback, net liftoff, doors at surface, end haul

Step 3: process data to determine track lines (vessel and net) and distances (tow, lift-off-lag and total)

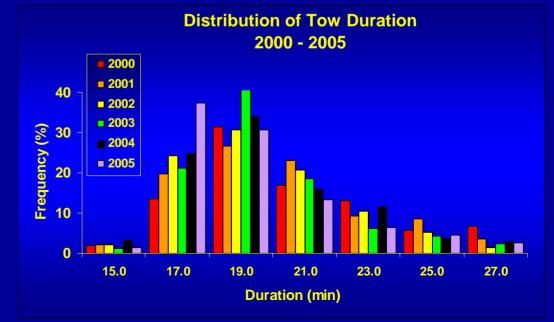


Summary: Net Mensuration Data

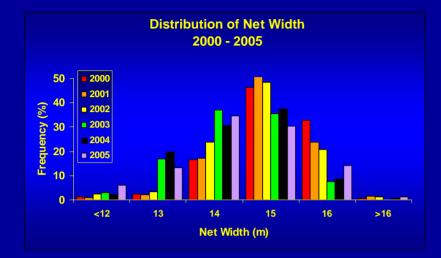


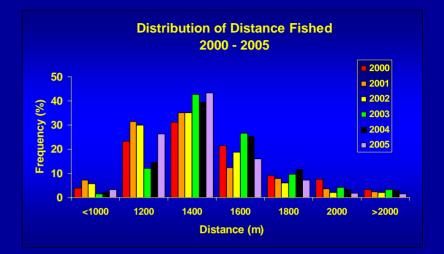
Distribution of tows by depth from 2000 to 2005: beginning in 2003 the shelf region was added to the survey. As the figure demonstrates the new design was structured to retain the same number of tows within the slope region as seen in prior years (2000-2002).

Distribution of total tow duration from 2000-2005: total duration includes both the tow and the lift-off-lag period. The distribution is log normal with the lift-off-lag period increasing with depth and the tow duration targeted for 15 minutes.

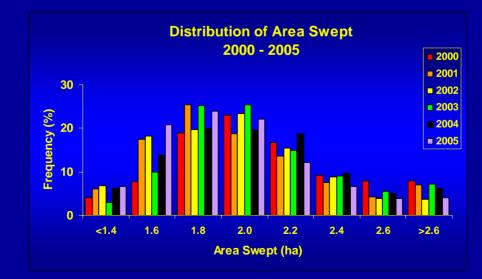


Summary: Net Mensuration Data



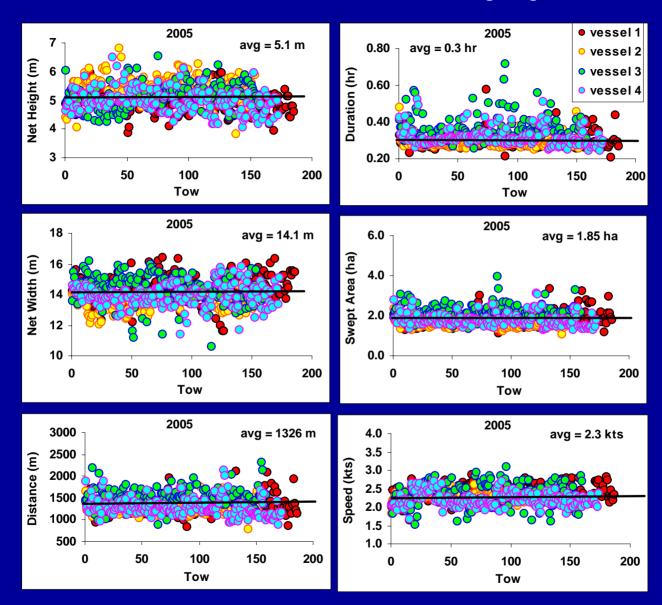


Net Width X Distance Fished = Area Swept

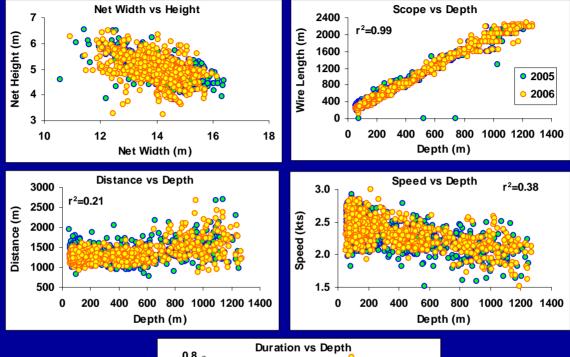


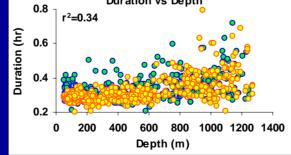
CPUE (kg/ha) = Catch (kg) /Area Swept (ha)

Net Mensuration Data: summary by vessel



Net Mensuration Data: relationships between measurements

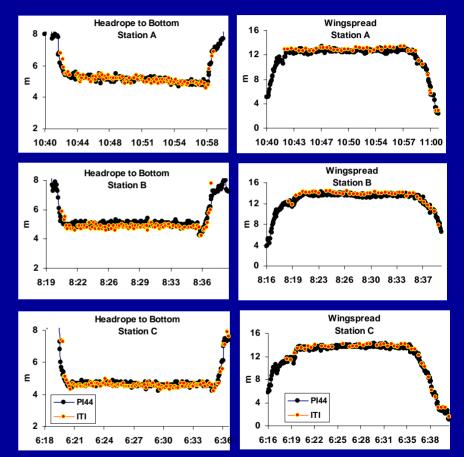




Variation over time 2005 vs. 2006

New in 2007

- Intercalibrated Simrad PI44 and ITI net mensuration systems
- Deployed seabird SBE19+ with dissolved oxygen and salinity sensors on net and vertical casts
- RMYoung Anemometer tested wind speed and direction
- Depth Sounder data added to integrator display
- Surface temperature continuously recorded
- Real time ship and net track lines added to integrator
- Tested panasonic toughbook tablet



Also: corals, seabirds, stomachs, marine debris and genetic sampling added 2006-07

Planned in 2008

- Collect wind data
- Routinely sample DO
- Routinely sample salinity
- Switch to PI44 system
- Test tilt-roll-pitch sensor
- Test tilt sensor on doors



 Evaluate: stationary computer screens with bright, high power screens versus mobile, dynamic work station with low brightness

