The GIS method application for the stock assessment of walleye pollock and the Northeast Arctic cod

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Objective:

to assess the fishable biomass of walleye pollock and NE Arctic cod
in 1998 - 2007

VESSELS DAILY REPORT (VDR) INCLUDE FOLLOW INFORMATION:

- · DATE OF REPORT
- LATITUDE
- LONGITUDE
- TARGET SPECIES
- CATCH AMOUNT
- TYPE OF FISHING VESSEL
- TYPE OF FISHING GEAR
- TIME OF THE FISHING OPERATIN

NUMBER OF VDRs SUBMITTED FOR THE SURVEYED AREA IN 1998-2007 (walleye pollock)

| YEAR | The Sea of Okhotsk | |
|-------|--------------------|--|
| 1998 | 4,694 | |
| 1999 | 3,527 | |
| 2000 | 3,748 | |
| 2001 | 3,294 | |
| 2002 | 2,301 | |
| 2003 | 3,517 | |
| 2004 | 1,808 | |
| 2005 | 3,192 | |
| 2006 | 2,557 | |
| 2007 | 2,809 | |
| Total | 31,447 | |

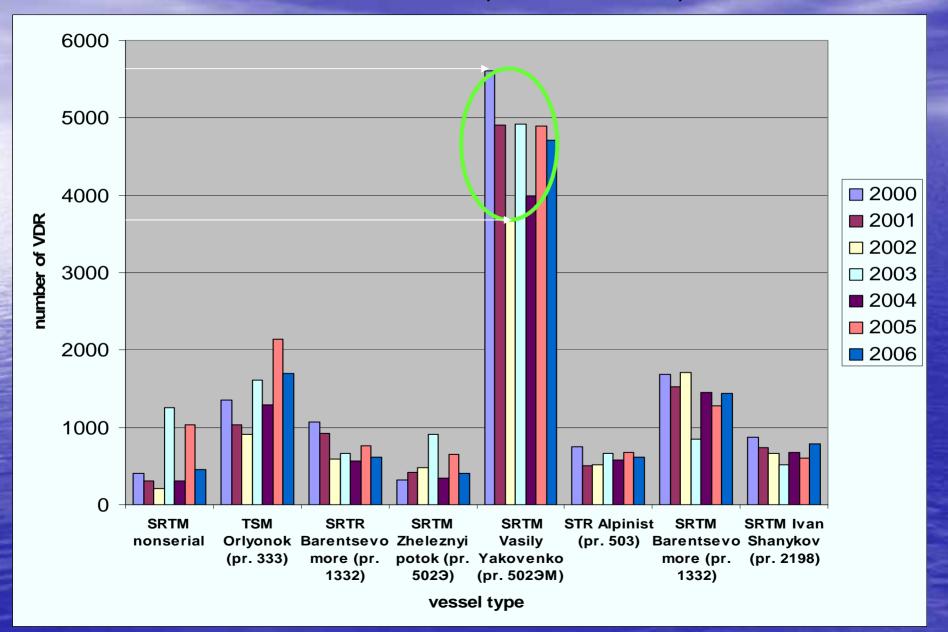
NUMBER OF VDRs SUBMITTED FOR THE SURVEYED AREA IN 2000-2007 (*NE Arctic cod, Barents Sea*)

| Year \ Number of VDRs | Total number of VDRs | Number of VDRs with the known trawl type | Percentage of VDRs with the known trawl type (%) |
|-----------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| 2000 | 36,797 | 14,458 | 39.3 |
| 2001 | 31,118 | 13,220 | 42.5 |
| 2002 | 23,716 | 11,236 | 47.4 |
| 2003 | 20,095 | 11,052 | 55.0 |
| 2004 | 22,111 | 13,712 | 62.1 |
| 2005 | 21,746 | 10,969 | 50.5 |
| 2006 | 25,485 | 14,381 | 56.5 |
| 2007 (IY-YIII) | 15,647 | 10,766 | 68.8 |
| Total | 196,715 | 99,794 | 50,7 |

DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GIS 1.1 AND GIS 1.2 VERSIONS

| | GIS 1.1 | GIS 1.2 |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| | VERSION | VERSION |
| | (POLLOCK) | (COD) |
| VESSEL TYPE | ALL LARGE VESSELS | 8 TYPES OF MEDIUM VESSELS (SELECTED FROM 17) |
| TRAWL TYPE | 8 TYPES OF MIDWATER TRAWLS (SELECTED FROM 12) | 6 TYPES OF BOTTOM TRAWLS (SELECTED FROM 35) |
| CATCHABILITY COEFFICIENT | 0.4 | 0.3 |

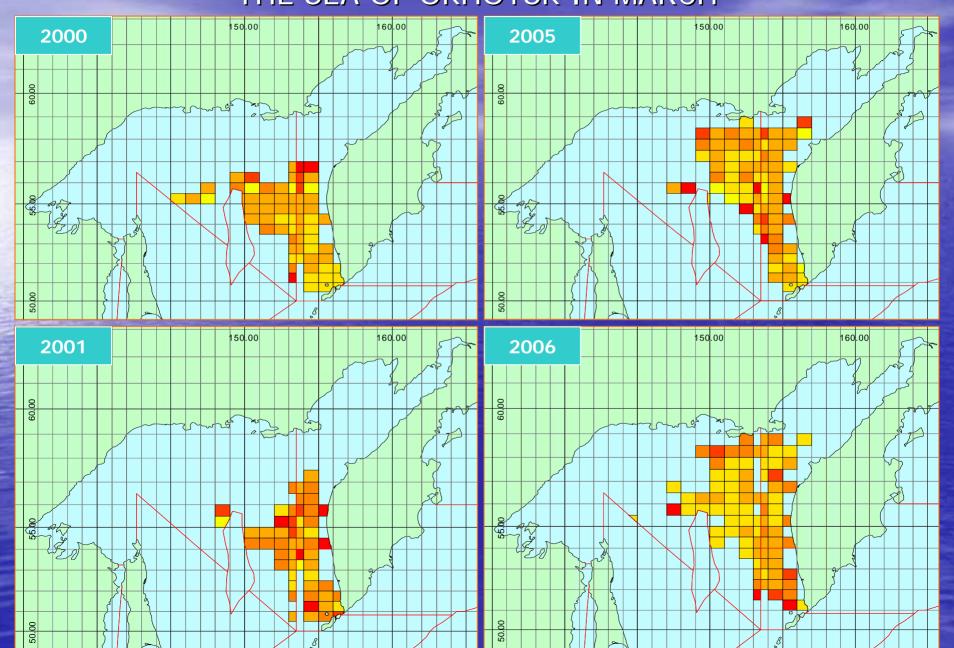
NUMBER OF VESSELS' DAILY REPORTS VS VESSEL TYPES (*NE Arctic cod*)



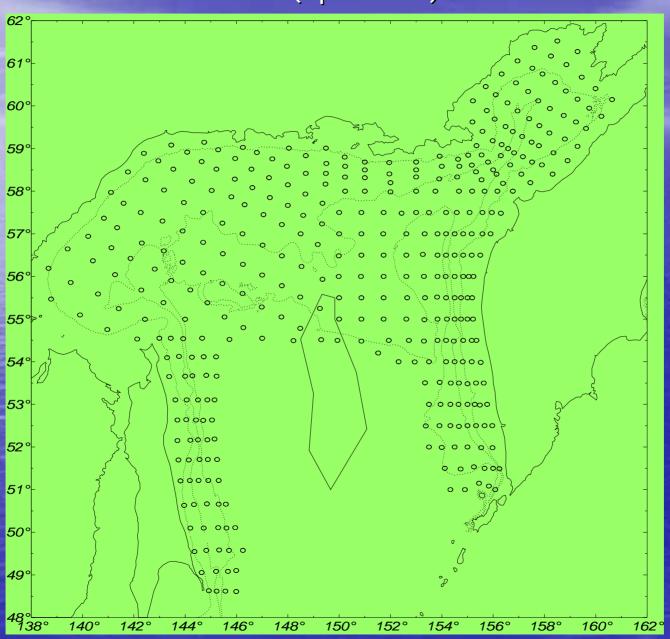
$$P = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(\frac{Q_i \times x_i}{q \times k} \right);$$

- P is the fishable biomass, tons;
- Q(i) is the area of each square (i), km²;
- X(i) is the mean actual catch in each square (i), t/h of trawling;
 - **q** is the area of trawling (determined through multiplication of the trawl horizontal opening by the distance covered), km²
 - K is the catchability coefficient (which totaled for walleye pollock 0.4 (Shuntov et al., 1988) and for cod 0.3 (Serebrov, 1988).
 - Areas of polygons (each square) were determined with the GIS software ArcView 3.2 (ESRI)
 - The monthly biomass was found as the arithmetic mean biomass for 10-days periods (pollock) and 15-days period (cod)

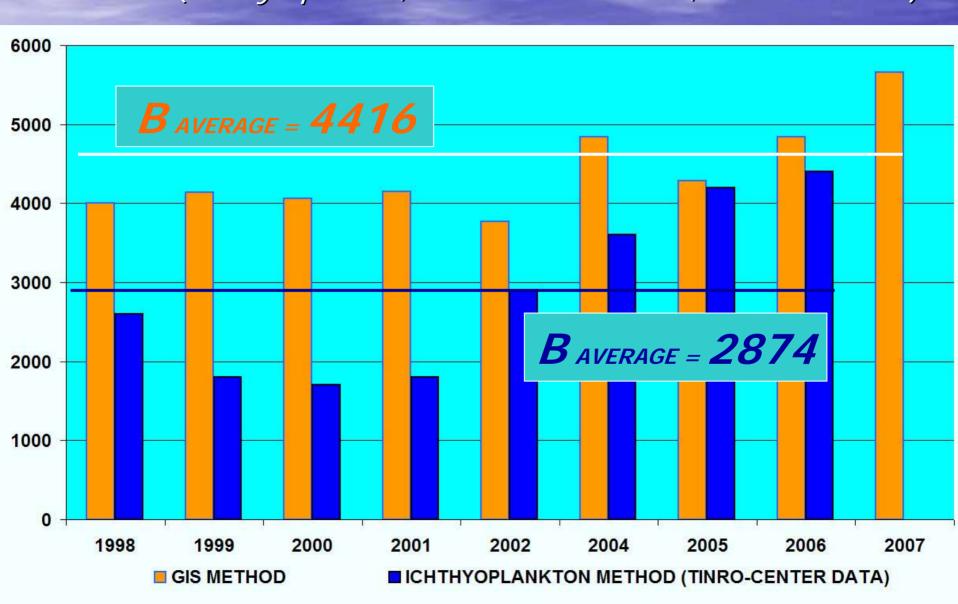
DENSITY DISTRIBUTION (t/h) OF WALLEYE POLLOCK IN THE SEA OF OKHOTSK IN MARCH



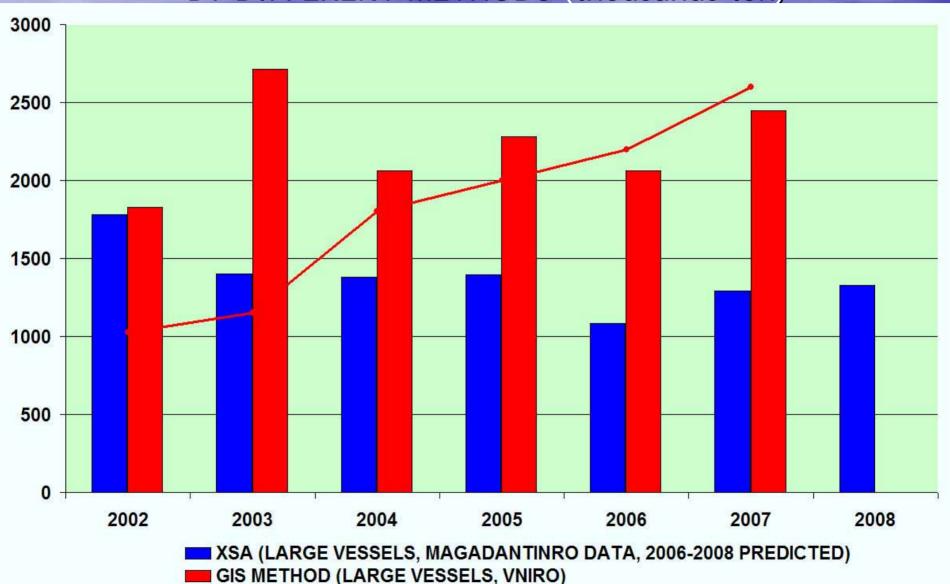
The grid of ichthyoplankton stations in the Sea of Okhotsk (April-June)



ASSESSMENT OF FISHABLE BIOMASS BY GIS AND SPAWNING BIOMASS BY ICHTHYOPLANKTON METHODS (walleye pollock, the Sea of Okhotsk, thousands ton)

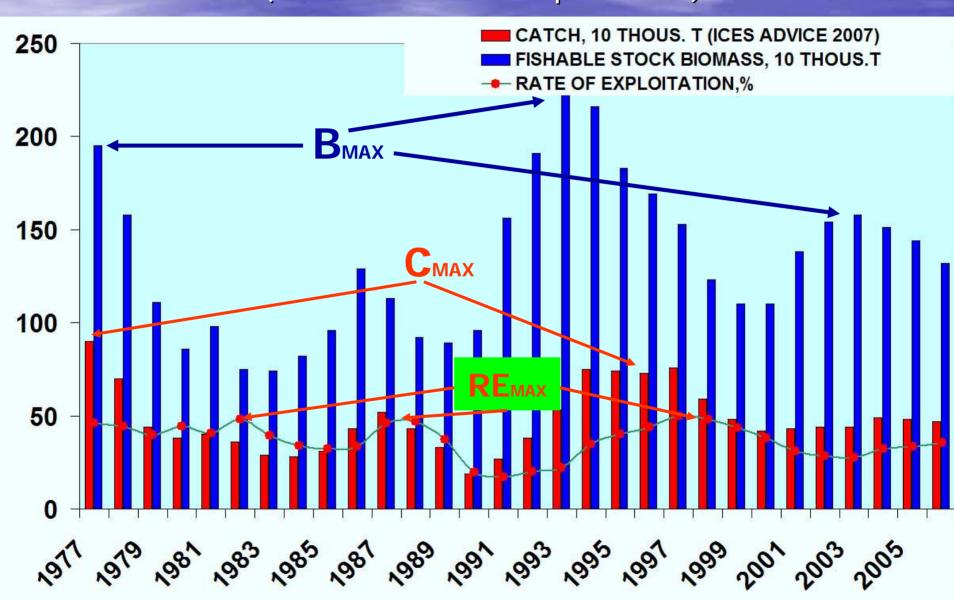


ASSESSMENT OF FISHABLE BIOMASS OF WALLEYE POLLOCK IN THE NORTH OF OKHOTSK SEA BY DIFFERENT METHODS (thousands ton)

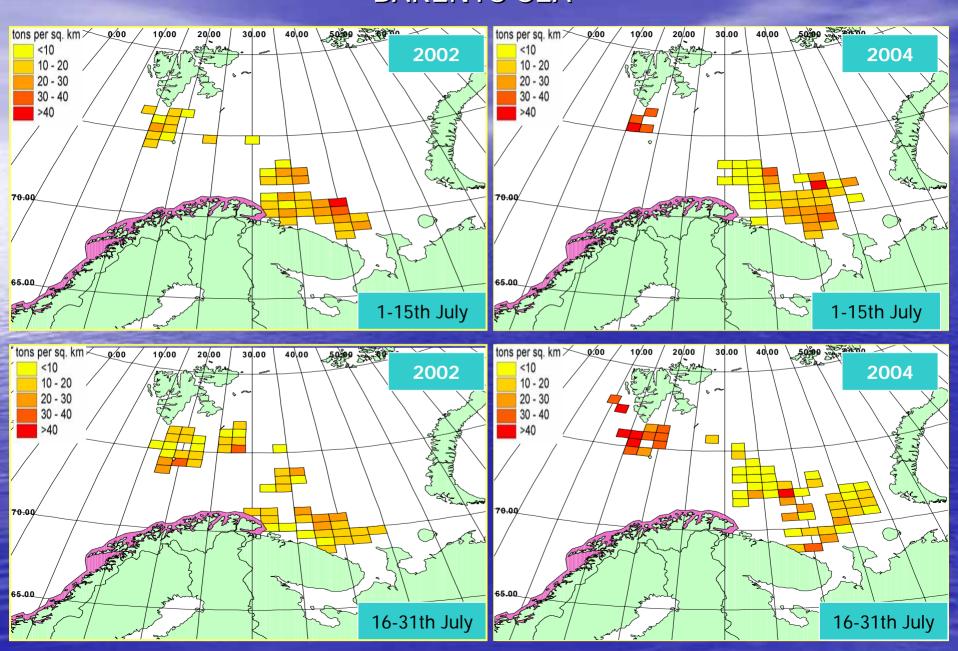


→ DYNAMIC MODEL (MEDIUM VESSELS, VASILYEV & BABAYAN, VNIRO)

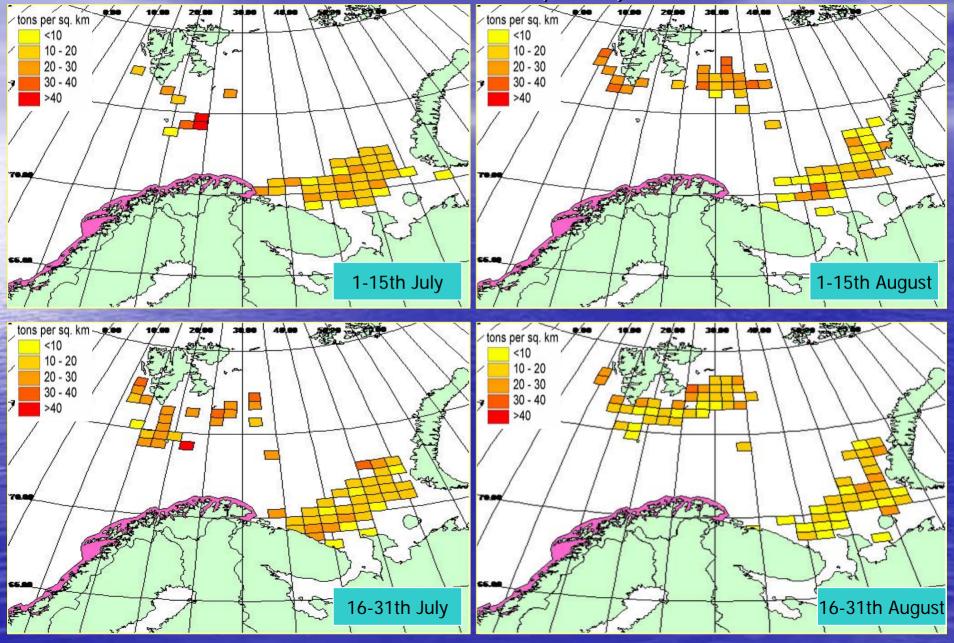
FISHABLE BIOMASS AND CATCH OF NORTHEAST ARCTIC COD IN 1977-2006, thousands ton (data from AFWG Report 2007)



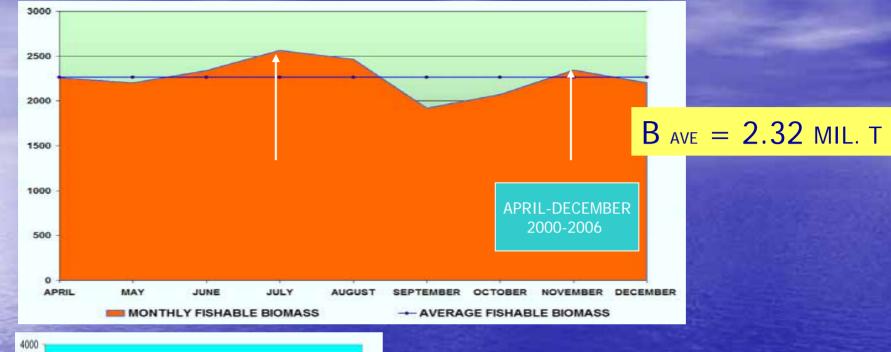
DENSITY DISTRIBUTION OF NORTHEAST ARCTIC COD IN BARENTS SEA



DENSITY DISTRIBUTION OF NORTHEAST ARCTIC COD IN THE BARENTS SEA (2007)



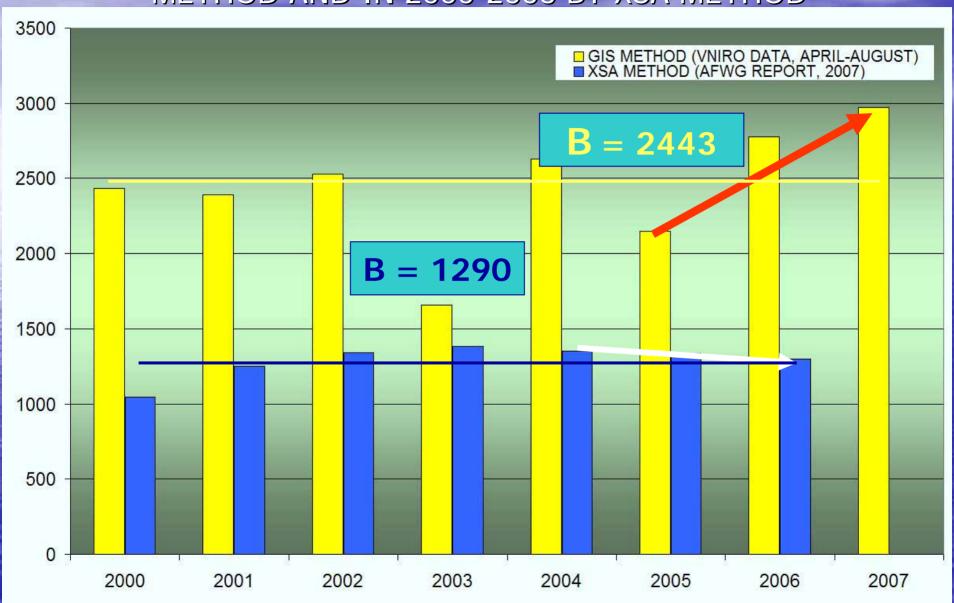
MONTHLY MEAN AND AVERAGE FISHABLE BIOMASS OF ARCTIC COD, '000 t



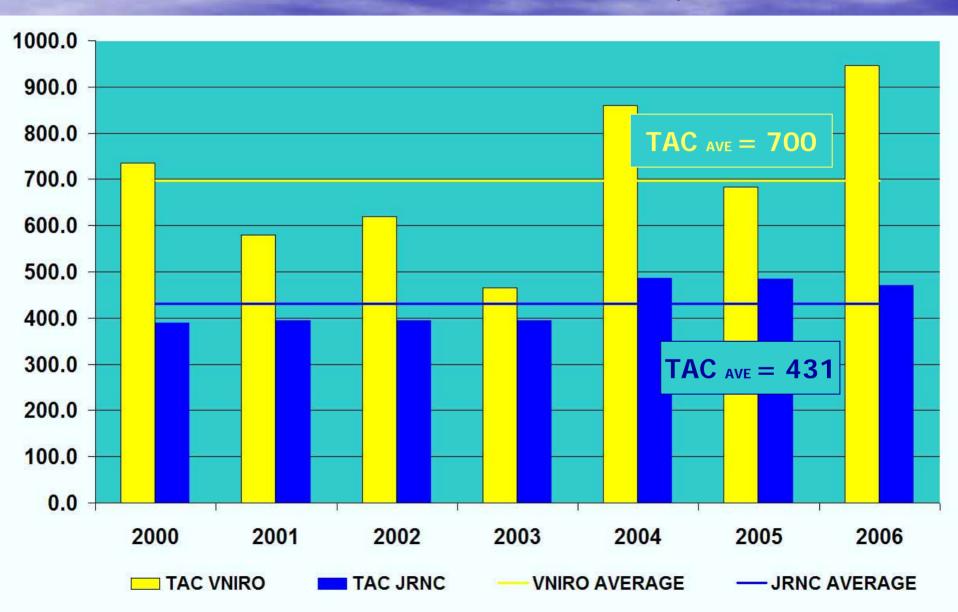


B AVE = 2.97 MIL. T

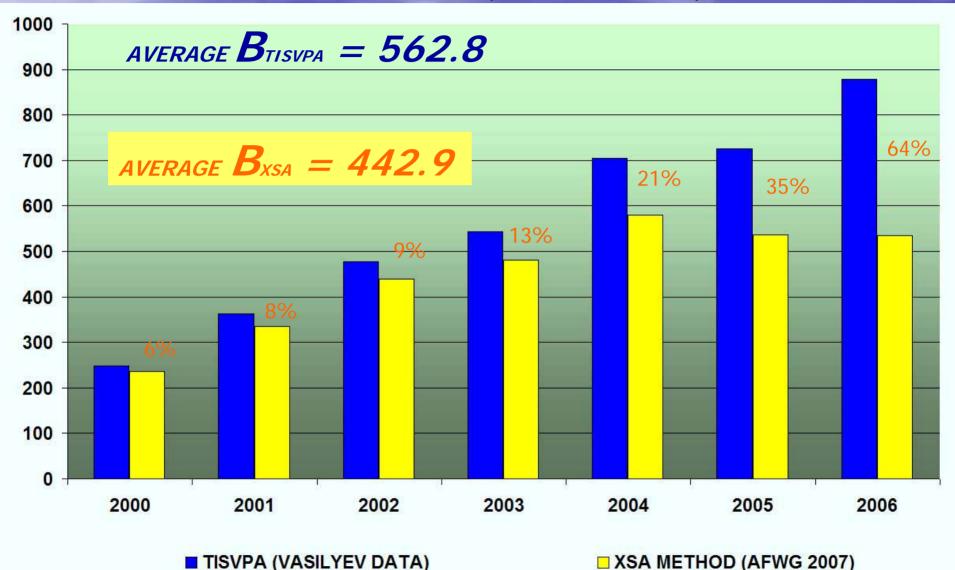
ASSESSMENT OF THE FISHABLE BIOMASS OF NE ARCTIC COD IN 2000-2007 (April-August) BY GIS METHOD AND IN 2000-2006 BY XSA METHOD



ASSESSMENT OF TOTAL ALLOWABLE CATCH (TAC) OF NE ARCTIC COD IN THE BARENTS SEA, thousands ton



ASSESSMENT OF SPAWNING BIOMASS OF ARCTIC COD BY TRIPLE ISVPA AND XSA METHODS IN 2000-2006 (thousands ton)



The stock assessment of walleye pollock, thousands ton

| Method | The North |
|--------------------------------|-------------|
| | Okhotsk Sea |
| GIS | 2233 |
| (BULATOV, MOISEENKO, IN PRESS) | (2002-2007) |
| XSA | 1407 |
| (SHERSHENKOV, MAGADANNIRO) | (2002-2006) |
| Dynamic model | 1796 |
| (BABAYAN, VASILYEV, VNIRO) | (2002-2007) |
| | |

The stock assessment of Northeast Arctic cod in the Barents Sea in 2000-2007, thousands ton

| Method | Fishable biomass | Spawning biomass |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|
| GIS (BULATOV ET AL., 2007) | (2000-2007) | - |
| TISVPA (VASILYEV, BULGAKOVA, 2007) | 1632 (2000-2006) | (2000-2006) |
| XSA (ICES AFWG Rep., 2007) | 1290 (2000-2006) | 443 (2000-2006) |

Conclusions

- In 2007 the fishable biomass of walleye pollock in the Okhotsk Sea and NE Arctic cod in Barents Sea according to the GIS method estimations exceeded 5.7 mln. t and 3.0 mln t, respectively.
- Based on the "new" pollock and cod biomass the TAC could reach 1.2 mln t and 1.0 mln t, respectively, in 2007.
- However, recommended TAC for walleye pollock based on ichthyoplankton method was 0.5 mln t. and for cod based on XSA method was 0.4 mln t.

