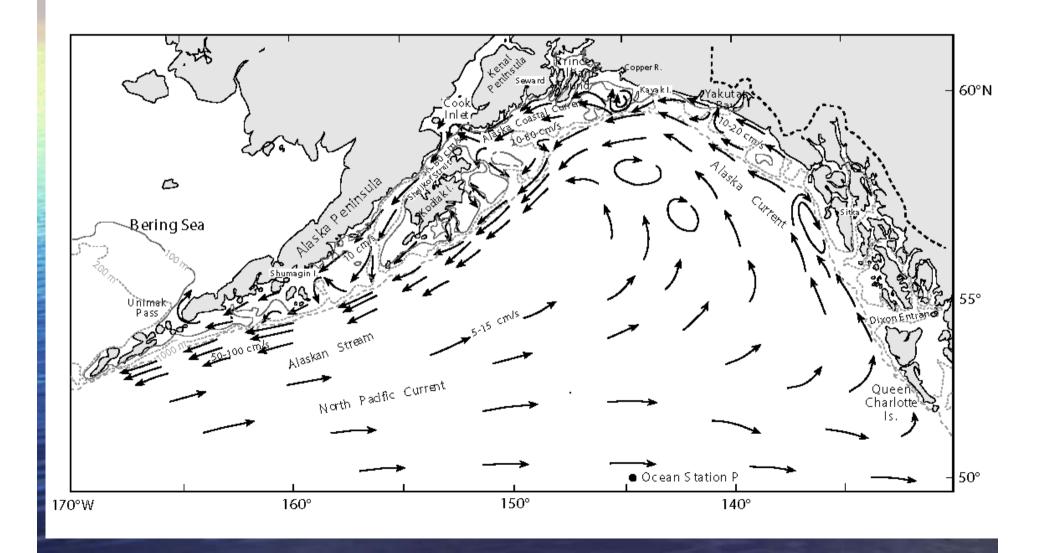


Albert J. Hermann (UW/JISAO, NOAA/PMEL, 7600 Sand Point Way NE, Seattle, WA 98115)

S. Hinckley (NOAA/AFSC) E. L. Dobbins (UW/JISAO)

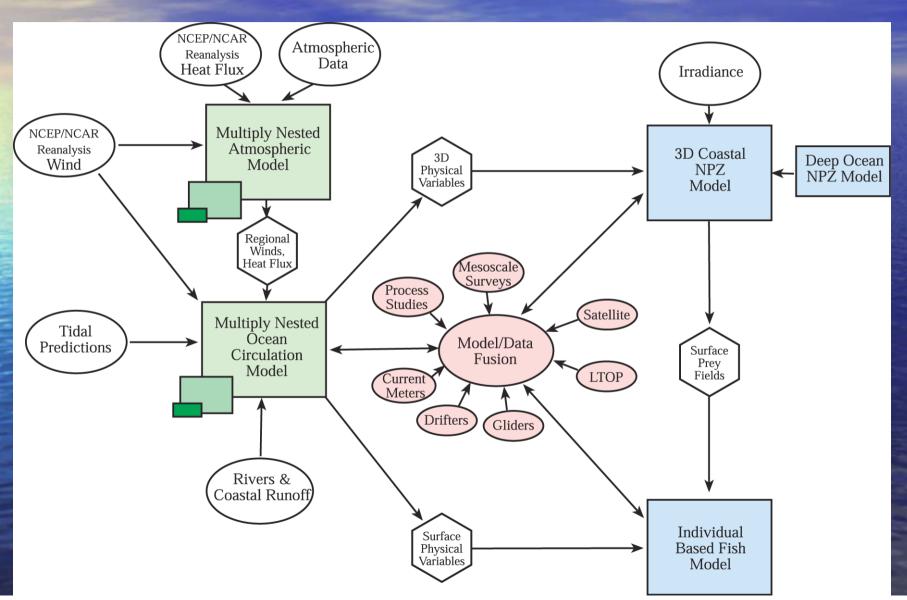
D. B. Haidvogel (Rutgers U.)

- Two major currents: Alaskan Stream and Alaska Coastal Current
- ACC forced by downwelling-favorable winds and distributed runoff
- Downwelling-favorable winds, yet very productive!



Nested Biophysical Models for GLOBEC:

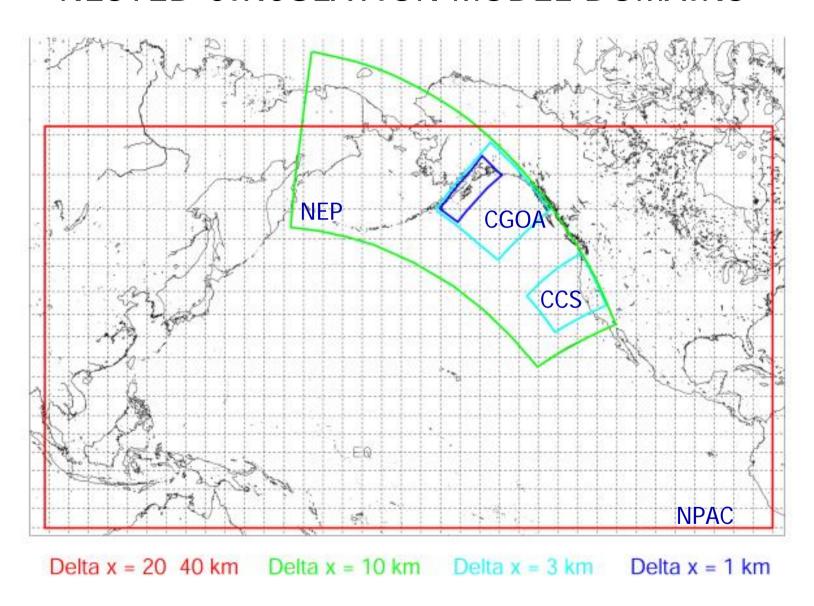
NCEP/MM5 -> ROMS/NPZ -> IBM



The Circulation Models

- Regional Ocean Modeling System (ROMS)
- Primitive Equations
- Terrain-following vertical coordinates (30 vertical levels)
- LMD mixed layer physics
- COADS/NCEP/MM5 wind and heat forcing
- Implemented on massively parallel (distributed memory) computers

NESTED CIRCULATION MODEL DOMAINS

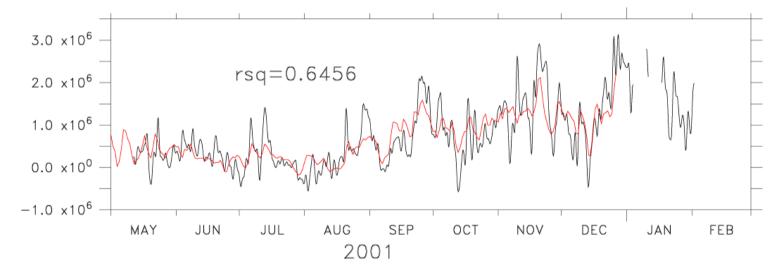


Compare velocity in Shelikof Strait with NEP model

FERRET Ver. 5.41 NOAA/PMEL TMAP Aug 2 2003 23:13:47

LONGITUDE : 155E(155)

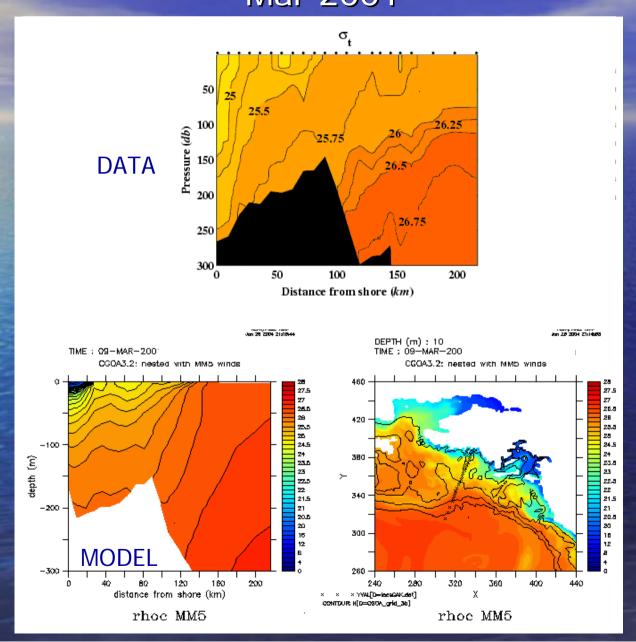
LATITUDE : 57.6N DEPTH (m) : 249



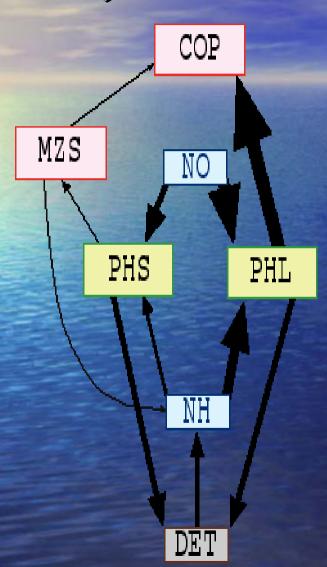
MM5-DRIVEN MODEL (red) vs DATA (black)

TOTAL depth-integrated flux (m³/s)

Compare density at GAK line with CGOA model Mar 2001

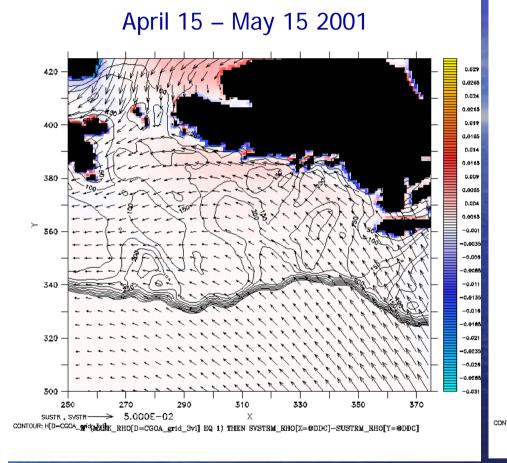


NPZ model (arrows indicate *nitrogen flux*)

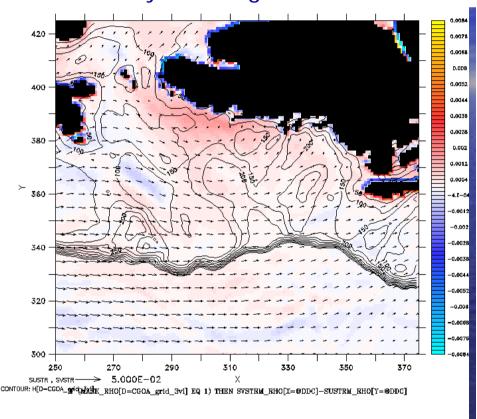


- Nutrients (Nitrate, Ammonium, Iron)
- Phytoplankton (Small and Large)
- Microzooplankton (Small and Large)
- Copepods (Small, Large Oceanic)
- Euphausiids
- Iron
- Detritus

Wind stress vectors and curl (shaded) in 2001

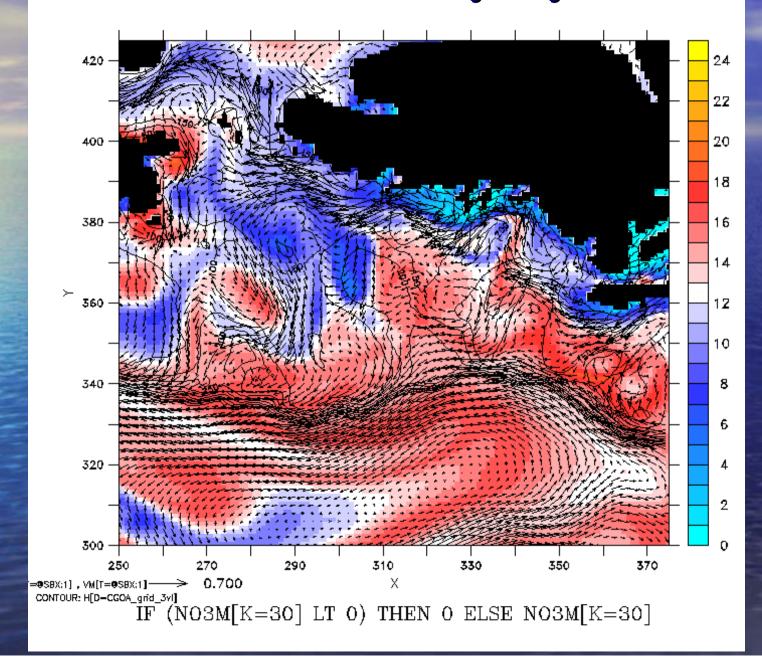


July 15 - Aug 15 2001

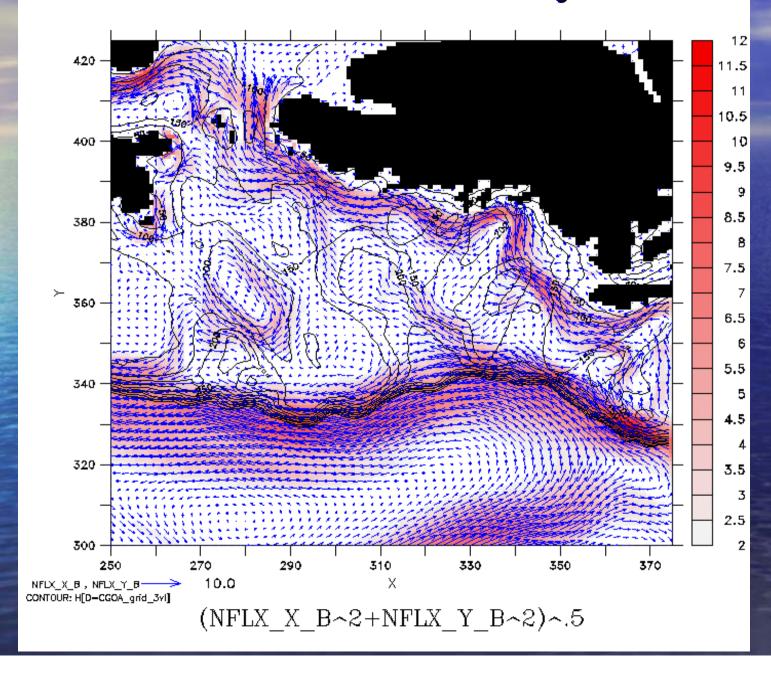


Using CGOA-NPZ model, calculate *NO3 budget* in top 15m (~euphotic zone) for this area

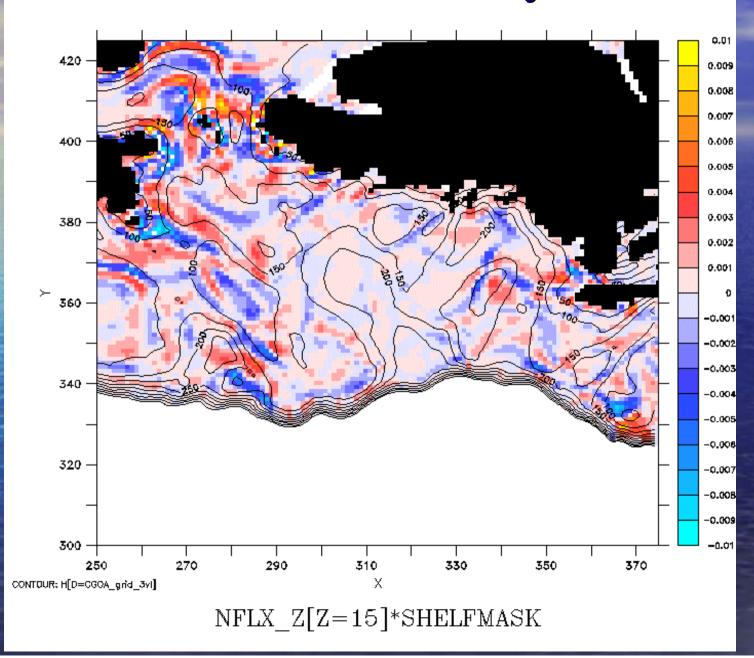
Surface NO3 and velocity May 1, 2001



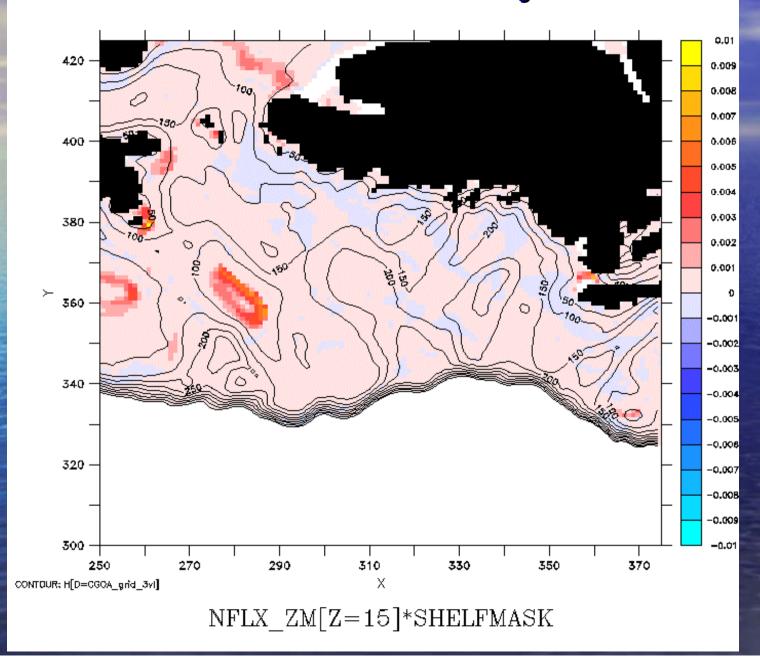
Horizontal NO3 advection May 1, 2001



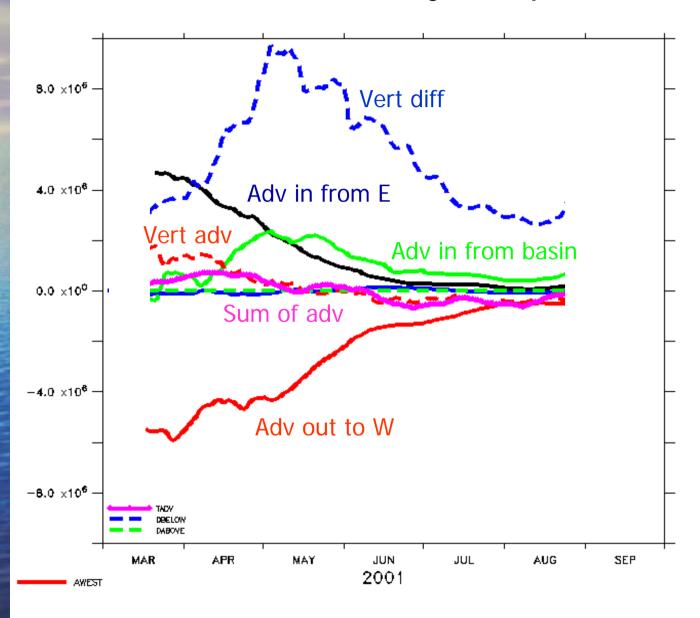
Vertical NO3 advection May 1, 2001



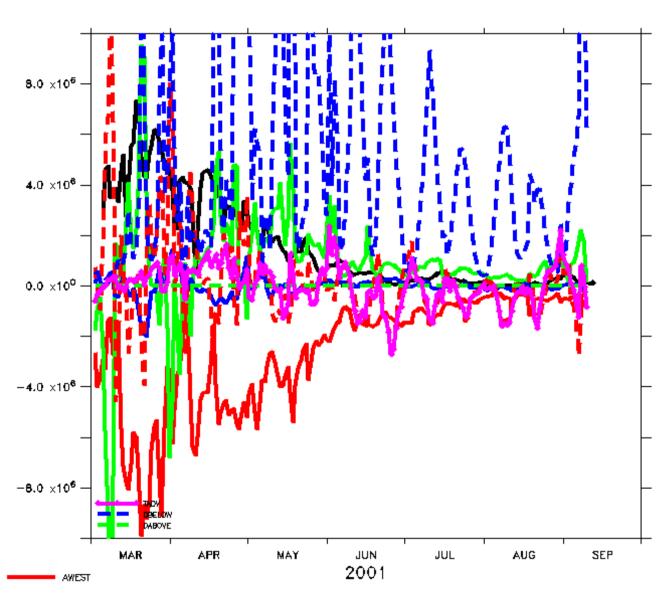
Vertical NO3 diffusion May 1, 2001



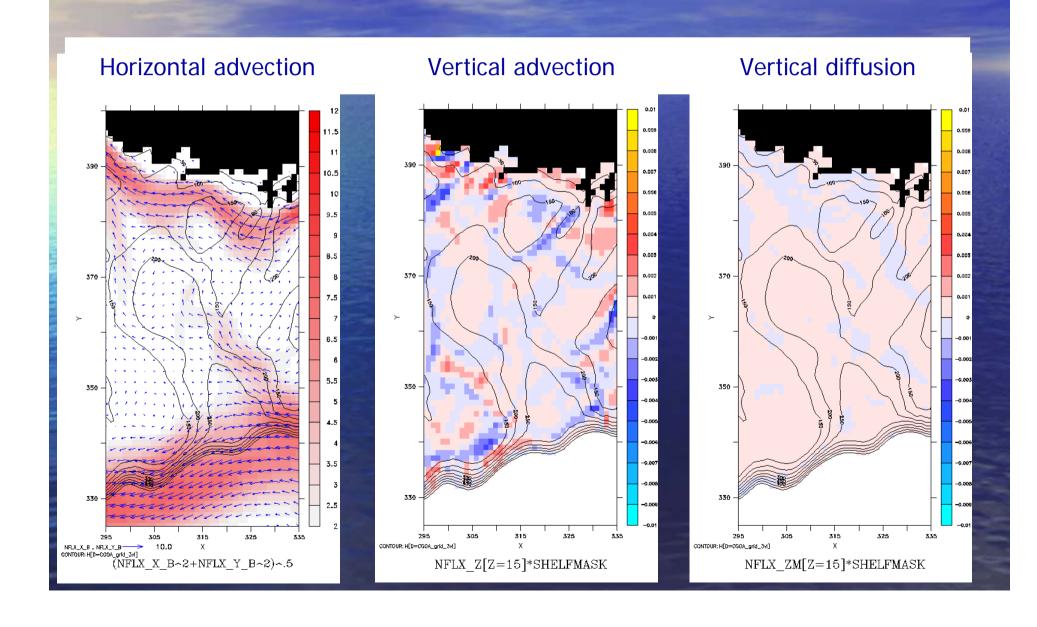
NO3 flux summary (lowpass)



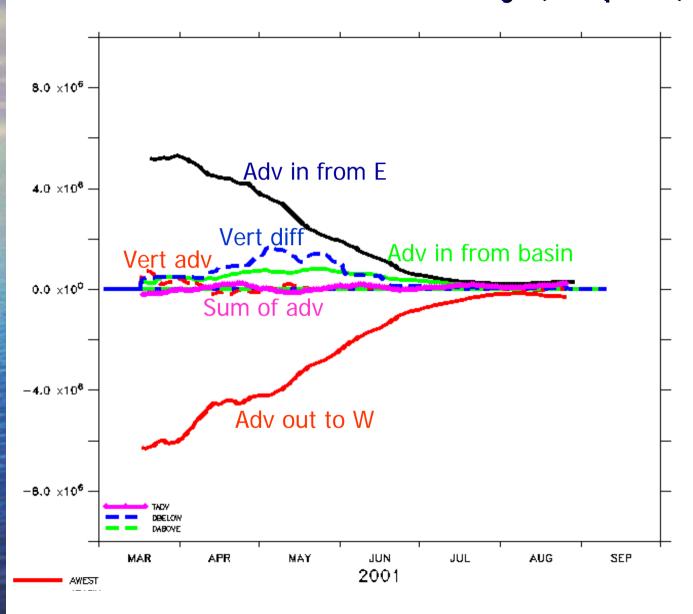
NO3 flux summary (unfiltered)



Amatuli Trough May 01, 2001

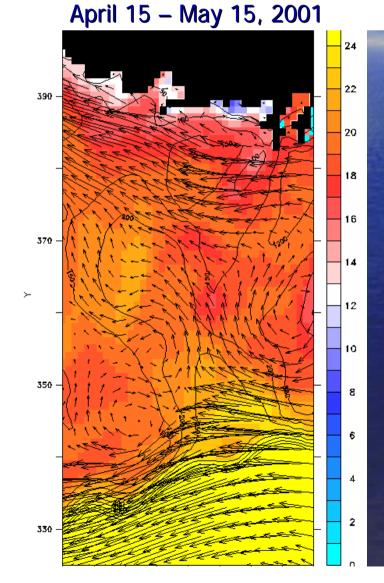


Amatouli NO3 flux summary (lowpass)



Why upwelling in spring? The cross-shelf scenario

Mid-depth NO3 and velocity



- Western outflow > Eastern inflow
- Input of water from deep basin
- Flow at mid-depth goes up canyons
- Upwelling in spring!

