# Use of the ICES harmful algal event meta-database to archive data from the west coast of the United States

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#### Issues to Address

Background

• What is currently being done?

Is there enough information?

Should the process be modified?

## BACKGROUND

#### Motivation for Database

 Develop a tool for PICES researchers and managers

• Graphically show the extent of HAEs

Visualize trends in HAEs

#### Harmful Algal Events

- A water discoloration, scum or foam causing a socio-economic impact due to the presence of toxic or harmful microalgae.
- Biotoxin accumulation in seafood above levels considered safe for human consumption.
- Any event where humans, animals or other organisms are negatively affected by algae.

## Regulatory Limits

PSP toxins: 80 μg/100g shellfish meat

 Domoic Acid (ASP): 20 ppm in molluscan shellfish, 30 ppm in crabs

#### **US West Coast**

9 ICES areas on the US west coast

Decided to keep these designations

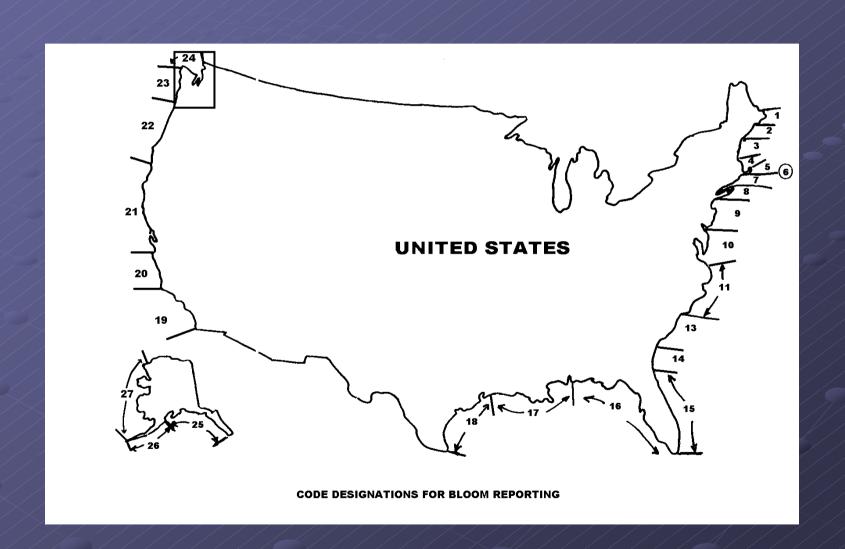
Some areas may have many events

How many events occur at a given site?

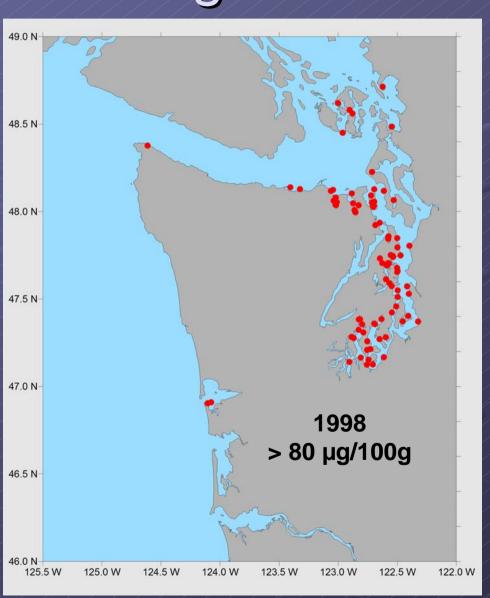
## US West Coast-Decadal Map



#### ICES Area Codes



## Washington State



#### DATA ENTRY FOR 1998

## Data Entry

Compared monitoring data to HAE-DAT

Focus on Washington and California

#### US West Coast-1998

#### Information in HAE-DAT for 1998

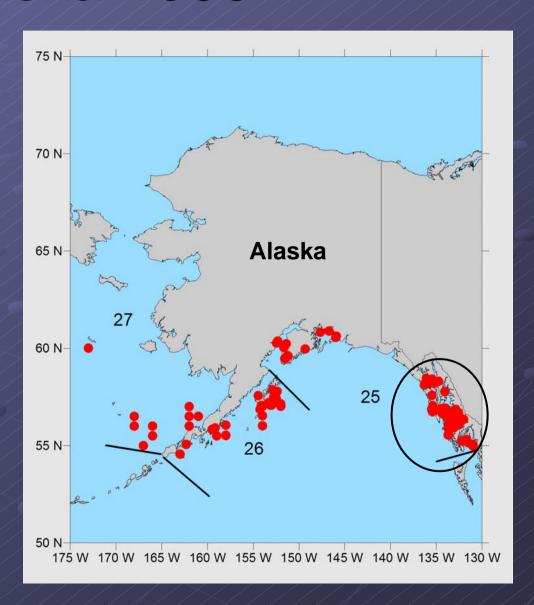
- Alaska: 6
- Washington: 3
- Oregon: None
- California: 3

#### **US West Coast**



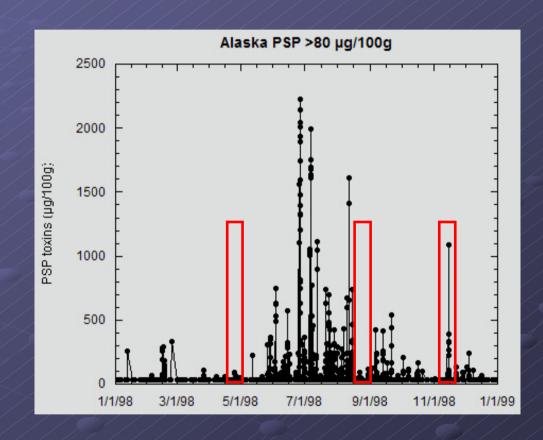
#### Alaska-1998

- PSP >80 μg/100g
- AK biotoxin database
- 6 reports for 1998 in HAE-DAT
- 1998 reports only from Southeast Alaska



#### Alaska-1998

- PSP >80 μg/100g
- AK biotoxin database
- Over regulatory limit at all times of year
- How many "Harmful Events"

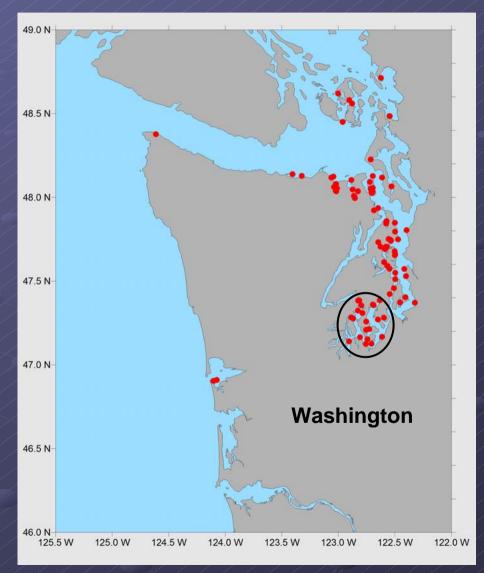


## **US West Coast**



## Washington State-1998

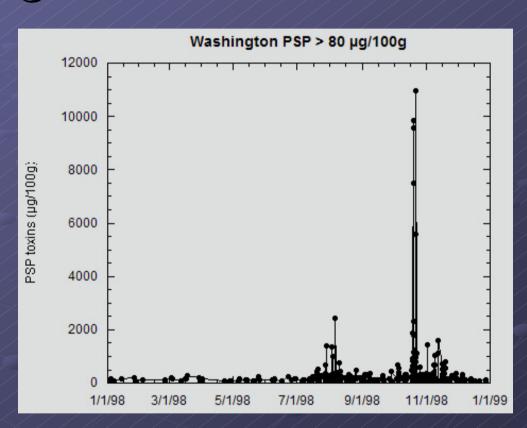
- PSP >80 μg/100g
- WA biotoxin database
- 2 reports for 1998 in HAE-DAT
- 1998 reports only inside waters



#### Washington-1998

- PSP >80 μg/100g
- WA biotoxin database
- Over regulatory limit at all times of year
- How many "Harmful Events"





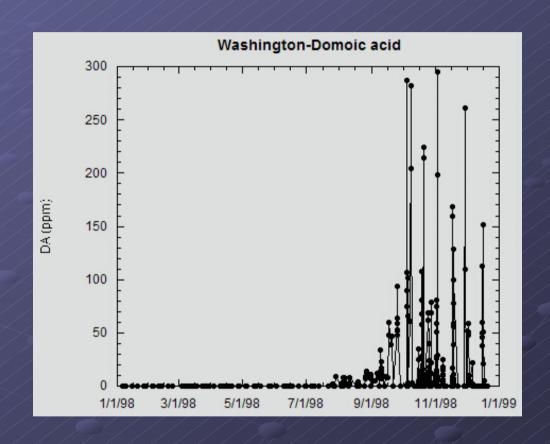
#### Washington State-1998

- DA > 20 ppm
- WA biotoxin database
- 1 report for 1998 in HAE-DAT
- 1998 report from one beach



## Washington-1998

- Domoic acid
- WA biotoxin database
- Over regulatory limit starting in September
- How many "Harmful Events"



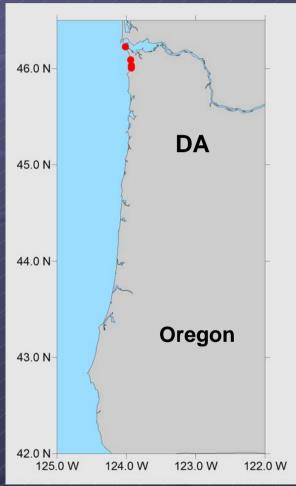
## **US West Coast**



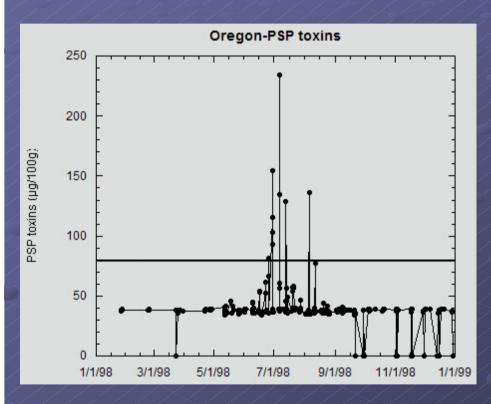
#### Oregon-1998

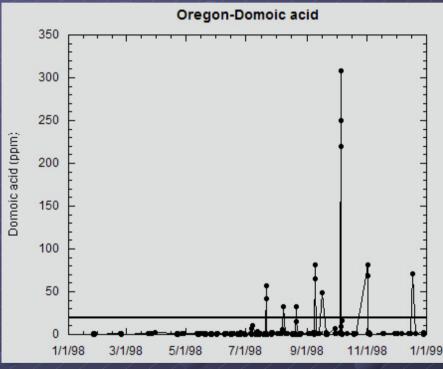
- No Reports
- Sites where PSP >80 μg/100g
- Sites where DA >20 ppm





## Oregon-1998





## **US West Coast**



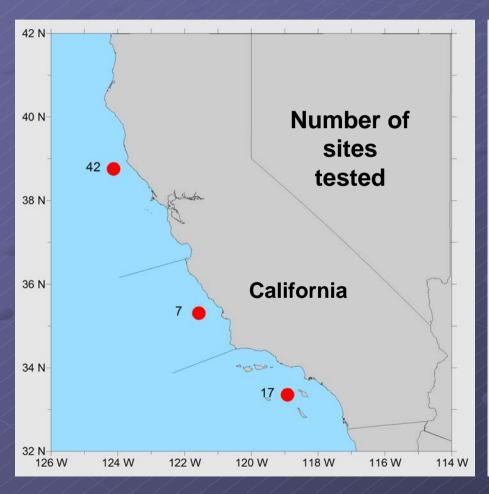
#### California-1998

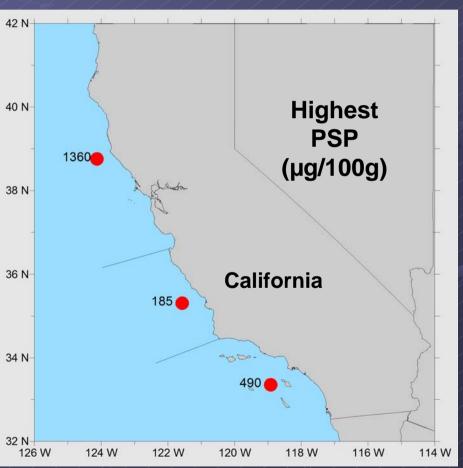
3 records in HAE-DAT

 5 events identified from biotoxin data and published reports

HAE-DAT records not very specific

#### California-1998





## FUTURE WORK

#### Additional Parameters

## What types of information should be included?

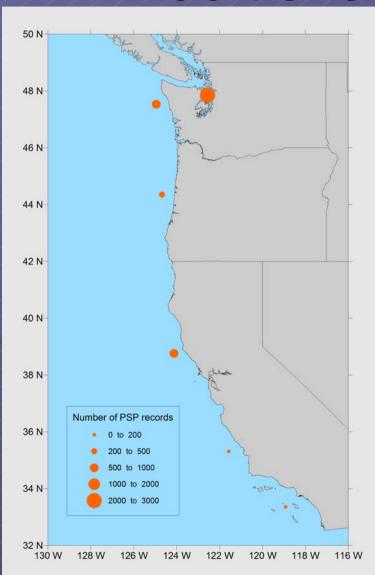
- Magnitude and duration (start and stop dates)
- Number of sites in a given area
- Highest toxin level
- Number of tests
- Number of tests above regulatory limits

## Washington State-1998

Parameter	ICES 23	ICES 24
PSP records	518	2965
Records > 80 킽 /100g	4	305
# of records in HAE-DAT	0	2
Highest PSP (킽/100g)	118	10982
# of sites tested	43	265
# sites > 80 킽 /100g	2	85



#### Additional Event Data





## Report Card-What Worked

Online form relatively easy to use

Mostly self-explanatory

Able to include much information

#### Report Card-Challenges

- Reconciling HAE-DAT reports with archived data (general vs. specific)
- Knowing who the database will be geared towards
- How specific do you get?
- Blanket closures
- Determining what data are useful
- Not giving the impression of incorrect data entry

## Suggested Modification 1

Harmful Algal Event Report - HAE-DAT	COUNTRY:					
PICES test form	Region:					
PICES LEST TOTAL	Year:					
1 - GENERAL INFORMATION						
Please note: NOT all information requested on this form is required. Some respondents may choose to stop at the end of the first page, but others may wish to add detailed bloom information, as requested on page 2. Any information you provide is of value.						
Tudicate the nature of the negated beginning a sector						
Indicate the nature of the reported harmful event:	entration Seafood toxin					
Water discoloration High Phyto conc						
Mass mortalities Foam/mucilage i	in the coast					
Has the event directly affected?						
☐ Planktonic life ☐ Shellfish ☐ Birds	Natural Fish Humans					
Benthic life Aquatic mammals Seaweeds	Aquaculture Fish Other terrestrial :					
Has any toxicity been detected?						
Associated syndrome PSP DSP AS	SP AZP NSP CFP Other:					

## Suggested Modification 2

5 - TOXIN ASSAY INFORMATION							
Species containing the toxin	Toxin type	Toxin details	Max. Concentration (specify units)	Assay type	Use of a kit (if yes, what type of kit)		
					Yes No		
	(						
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION (e.g. positive animal assay, chemical details, analytical methods, etc.): HPLC							
<b>ECONOMIC LOSSES</b> (production value, direct loss, indirect loss): Fall recreational harvest season not opened, some question whether spring 1999 recreational harvest will be allowed.							
MANAGEMENT DECISION: Fall recreational harvest season not opened, some question whether spring 1999 recreational harvest will be allowed.							
ADDITIONAL HARMFUL EFFECT INFORMATION:							

#### Conclusions

Data entry appears to be subjective

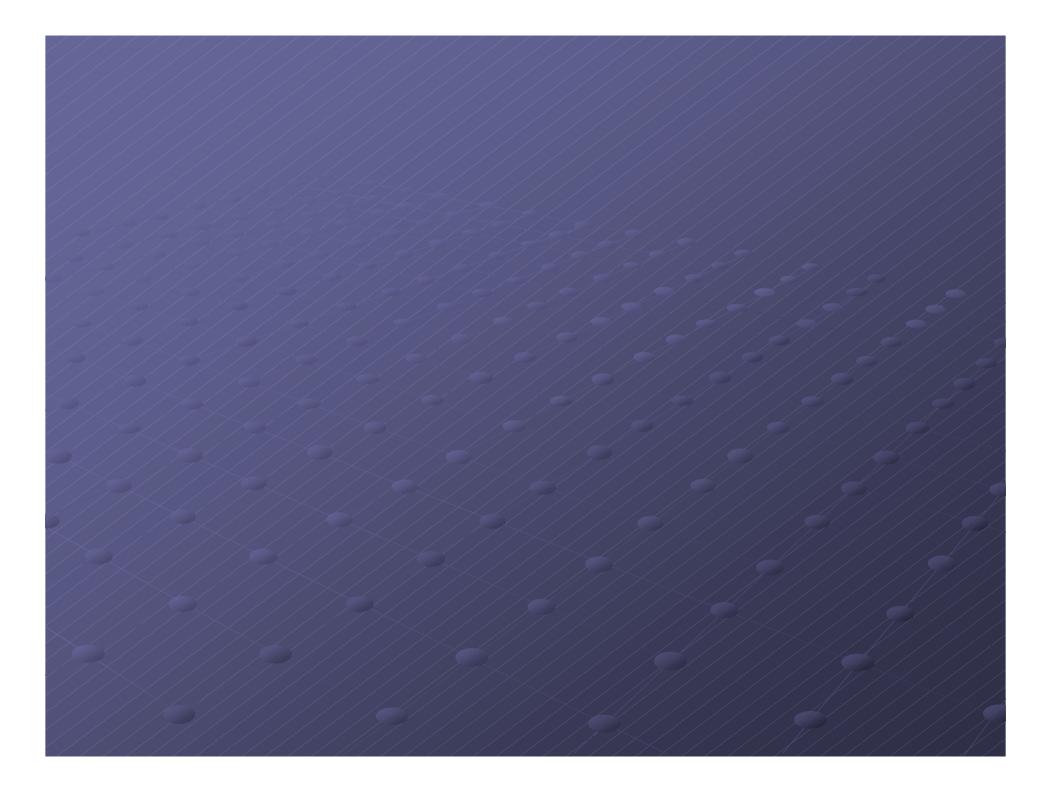
 Discrepancies between HAE-DAT records and actual data

Add a few specific parameters

• What will PICES countries want to get out of this database?

#### Acknowledgements

- Mike Ostasz & David Wike (Alaska Department of Fish and Game)
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- Deb Cannon (Oregon Department of Agriculture)
- Gregg Langlois (California Department of Health Services)
- Kathi Lefebvre (Northwest Fisheries Science Center)



#### Misc. Issues

- Unique situation for 2003, 2002 bloom caused closure of 2003 fishery. Is this an "event" for 2003?
- Go to Yearly maps
- As it stands, data entry is subjective. More specific parameters should be included.
- Mapping "duration" for an area proved difficult
- Data "Harmonization"
  - E.g. each country including similar info on their forms