

October 19, 2011

PICES-2011 Annual Meeting, Khabarovsk, Russia

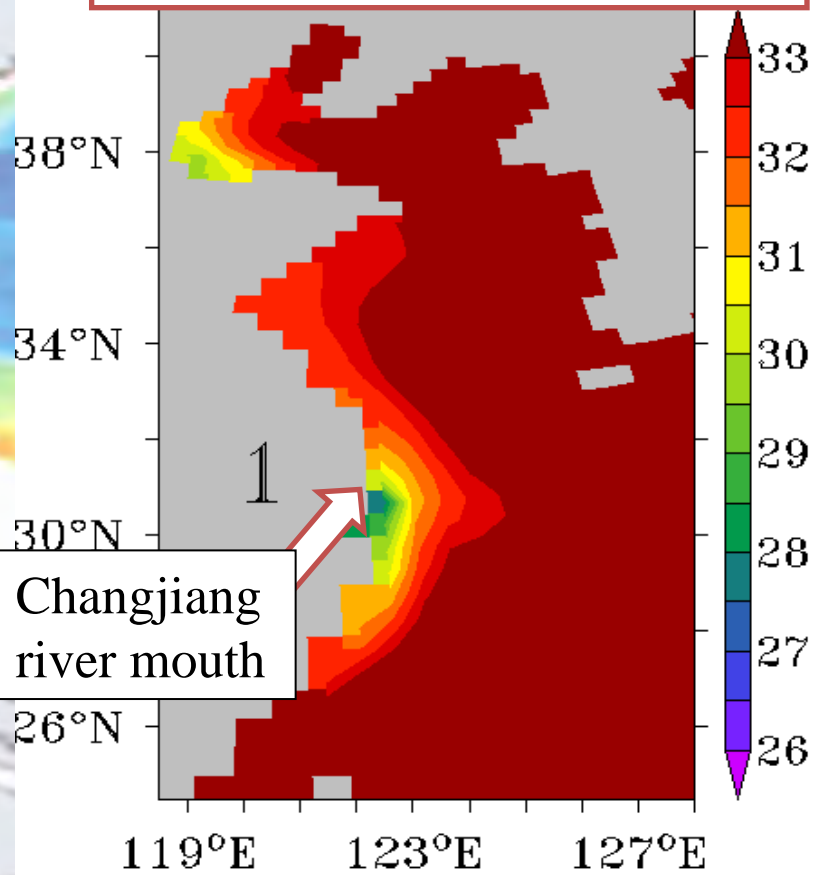
Interannual surface salinity variability in the Yellow and East China Seas in response to ENSO

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Hanna Na² and Kwang-Yul Kim²

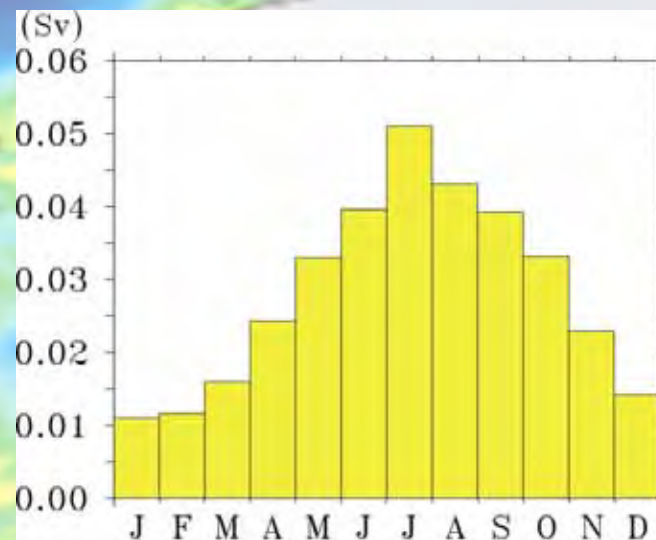
¹Korea Ocean Research and Development Institute

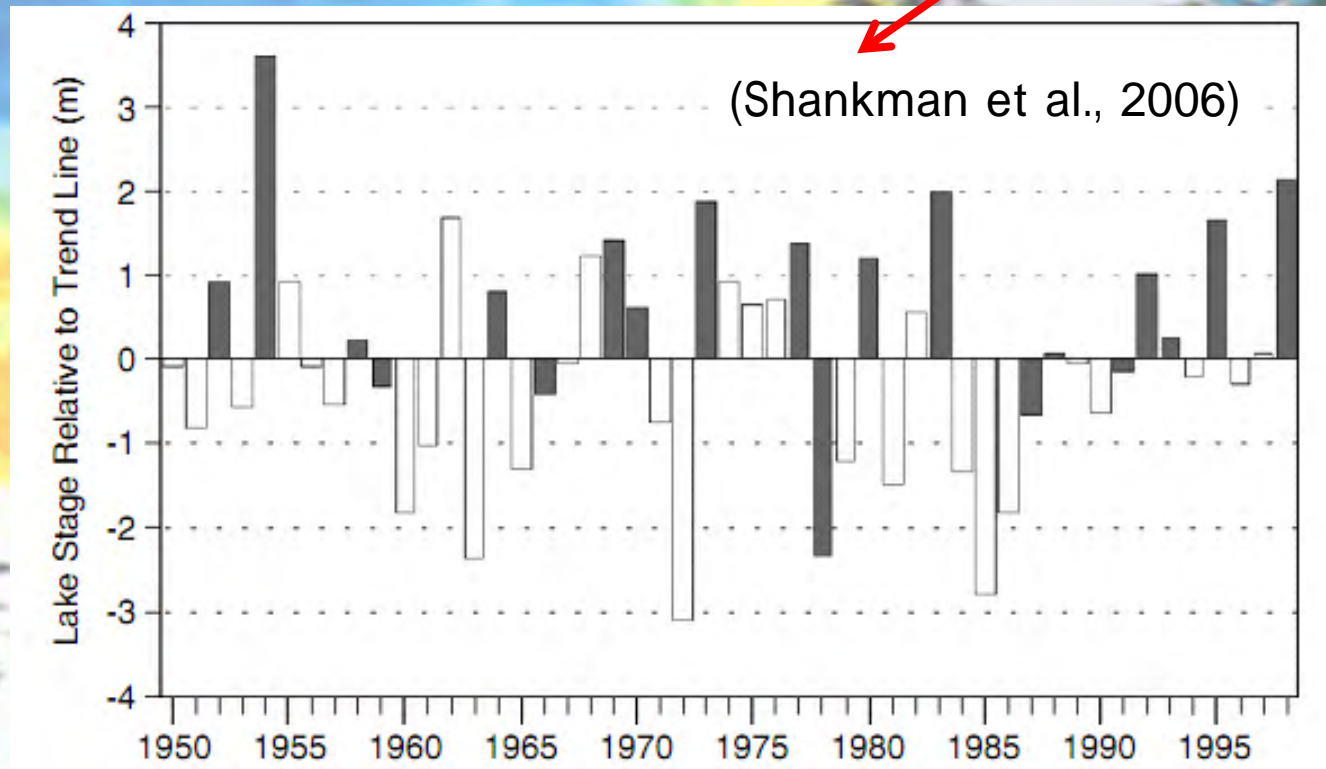
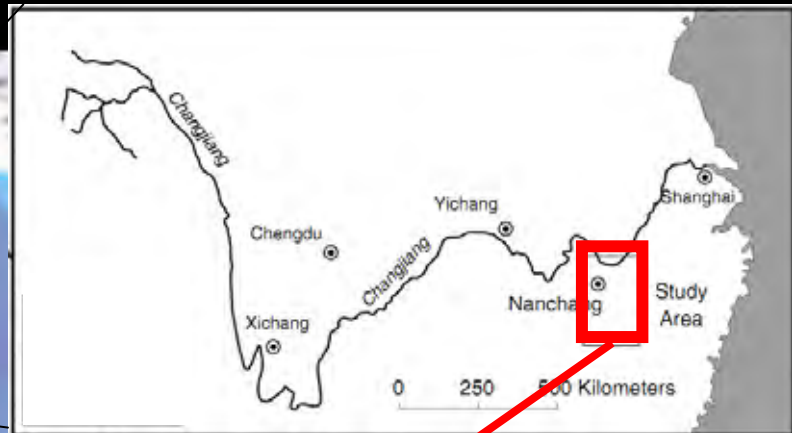
²School of Earth and Environmental Sciences, Seoul National University

Surface salinity (model)



Changjiang river discharge





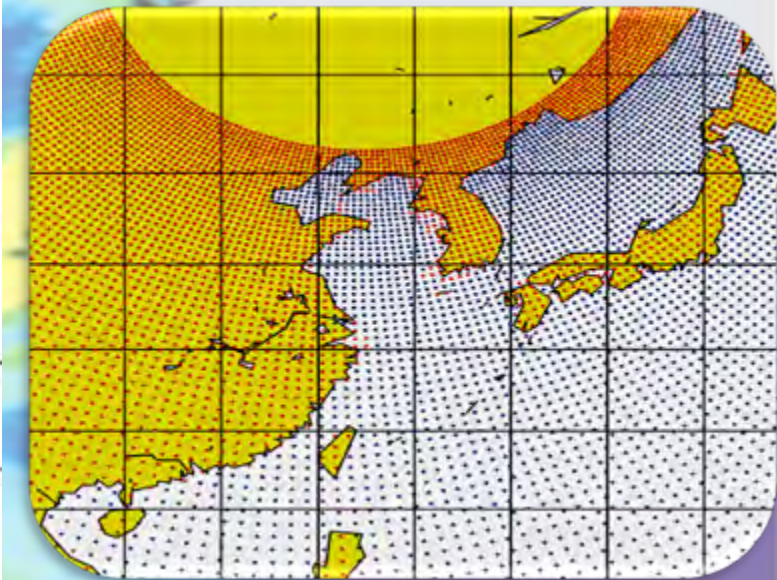
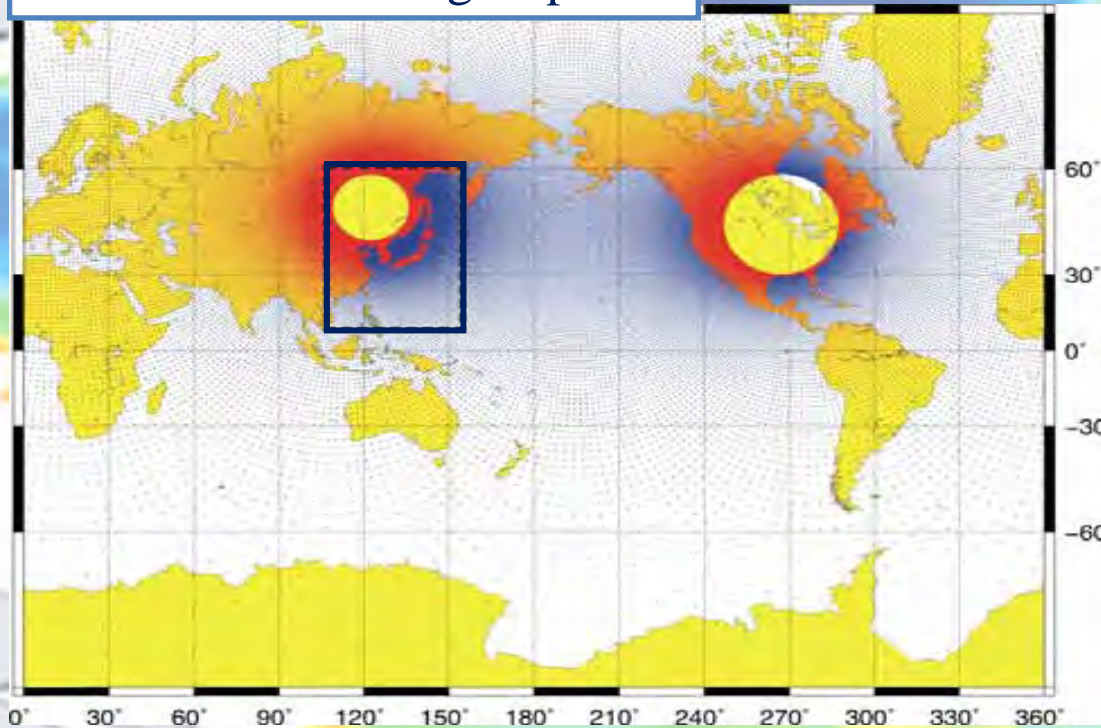
Objective

The background of the slide is a satellite-style map of the Pacific Ocean. It features a color scale where warmer temperatures are shown in shades of yellow and orange, and cooler temperatures are shown in shades of blue and purple. The map shows the outlines of continents and islands, with the central Pacific Ocean being the primary focus.

❖ To explore SSS interannual variability in the YECS through the CRD variation in relation to ENSO.

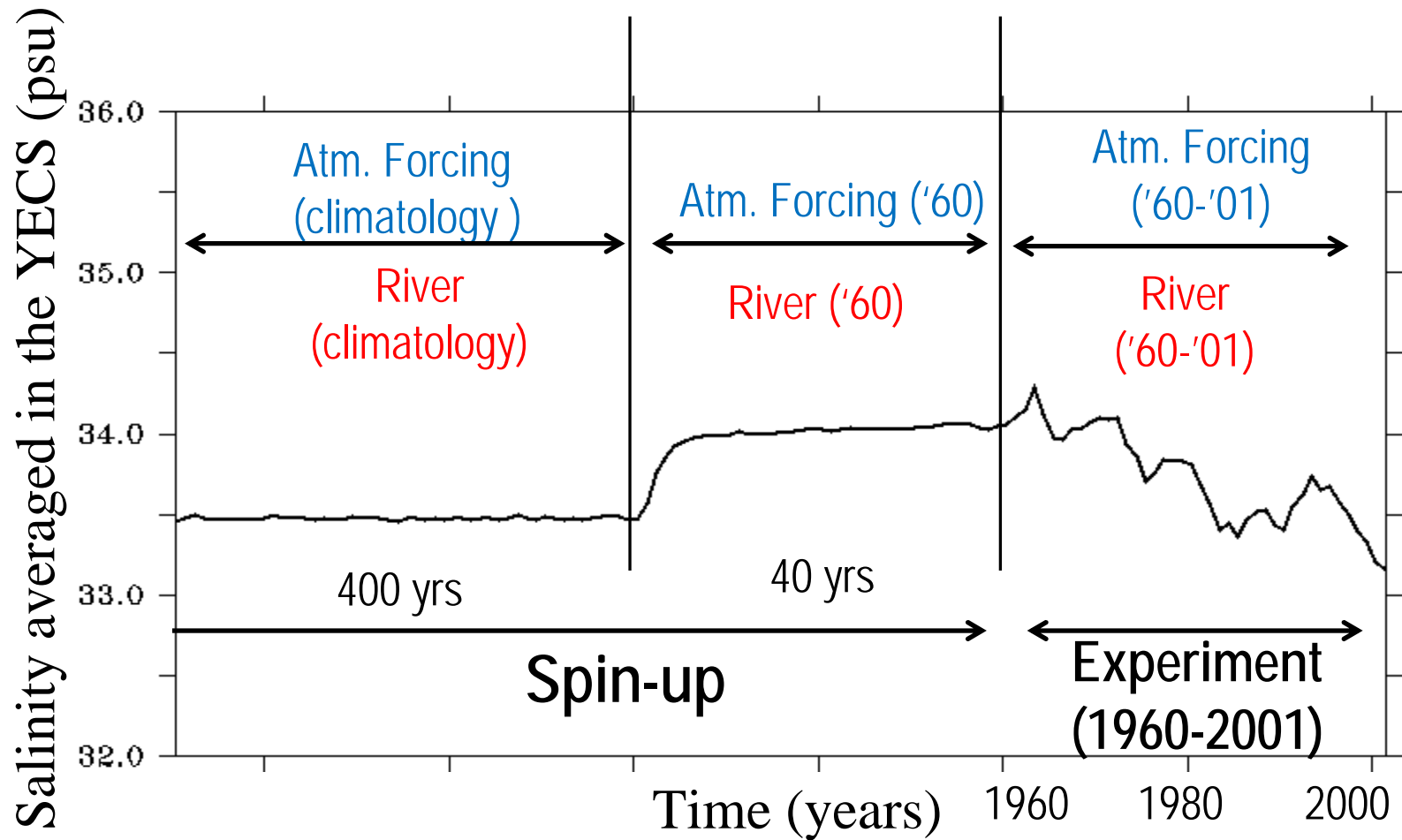
Model Experiment

Model domain and grid points



- **Model:** Max Planck Institute Ocean Model (Marsland et al. 2003)
- **Surface forcing:**
 - Daily ECMWF Re-analysis data (1.125°)
 - Changjiang river discharge

Model Experiment



Application of Cyclostationary EOF

EOF analysis

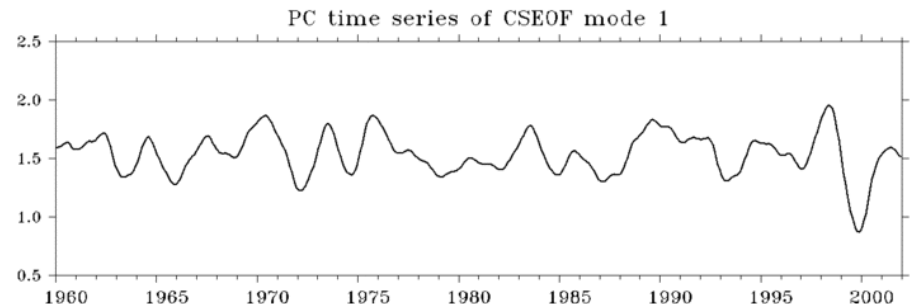
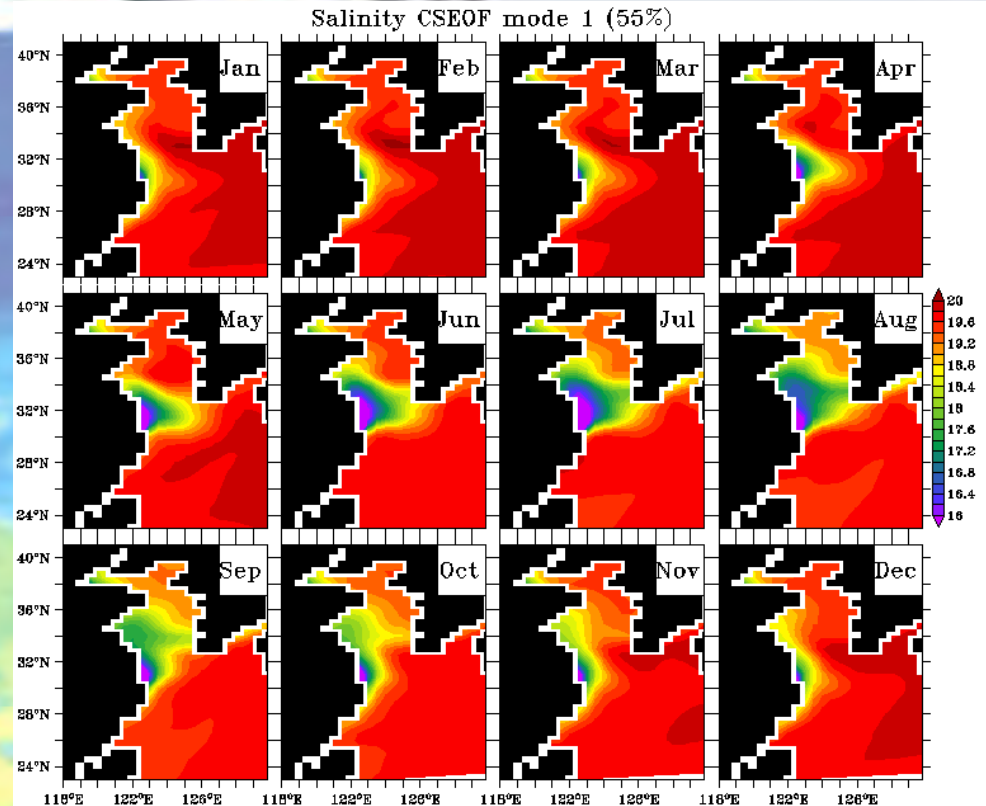
$$A(r,t) = \sum_n LV_n(r) PC_n(t)$$

CSEOF analysis
(Kim and North, 1997)

$$A(r,t) = \sum_n LV_n(r,t) PC_n(t)$$

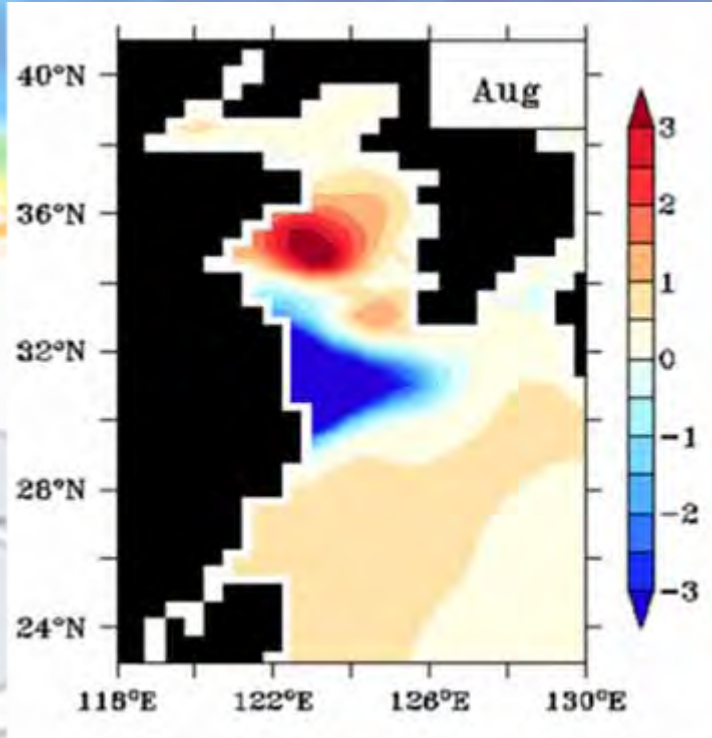
$$LV_n(r,t) = LV_n(r,t+d)$$

d=12



SSS interannual variability

SSS CSEOF mode 3 (7.1%)

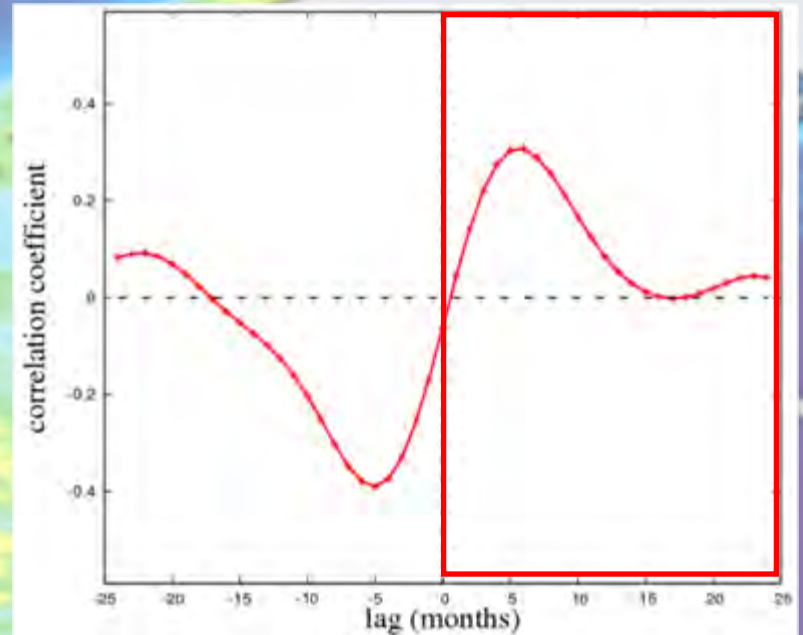
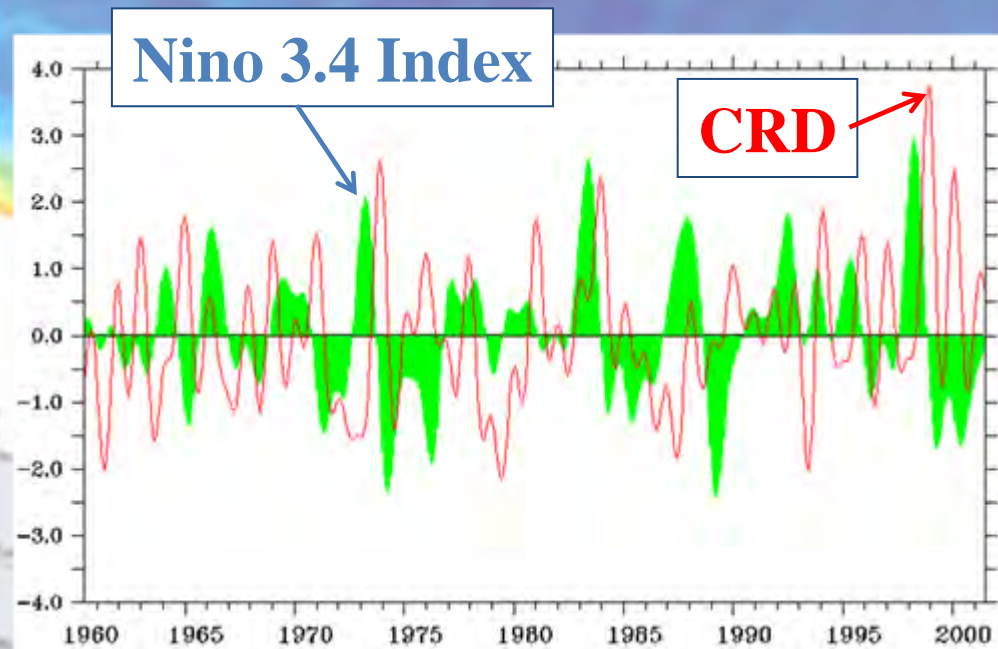


— SSS (mode 3)
— CRD (mode 2)

correlation coeff.: 0.67

Relation of CRD with ENSO

Lag correlation



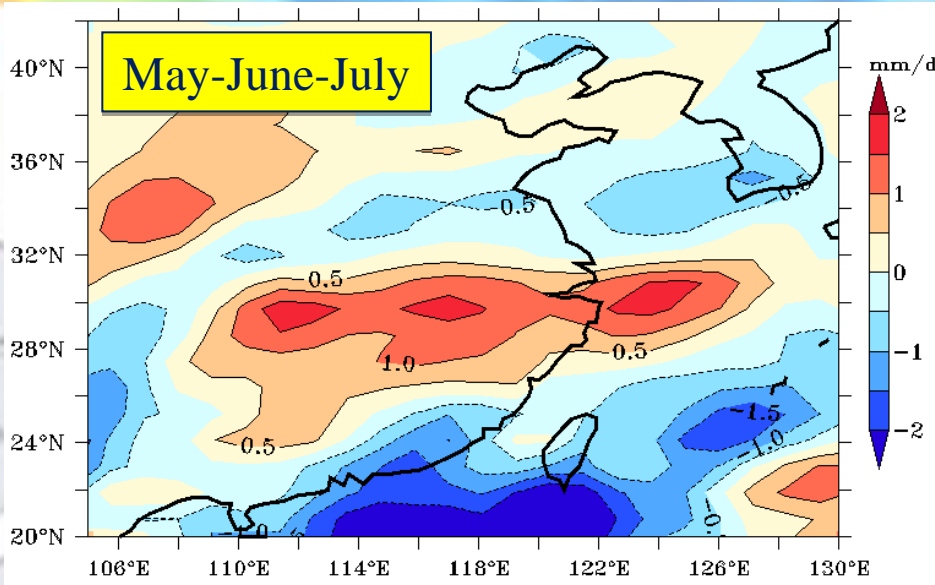
La Niña
lags CRD



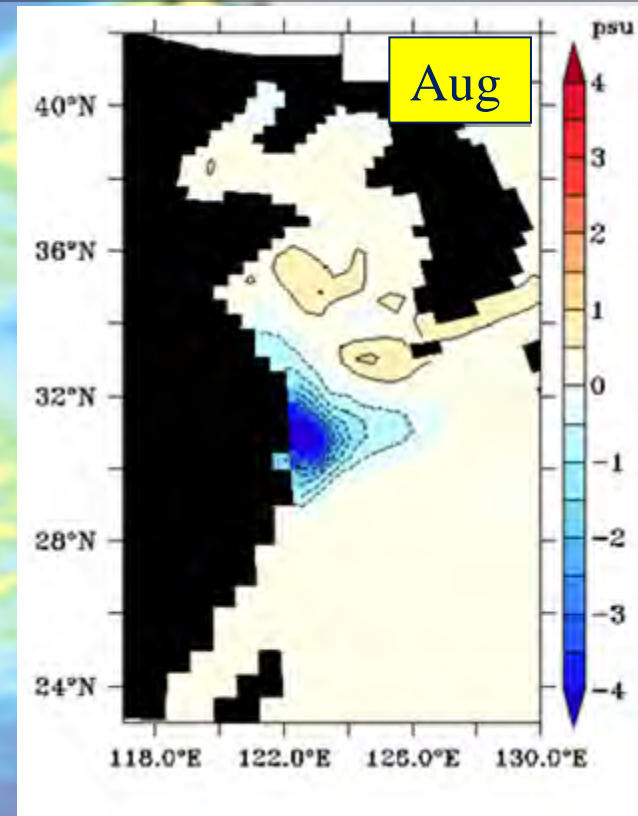
→ El Niño
leads CRD

Freshening in the YECS in El Niño years

Precipitation composite difference (El Niño – La Niña)

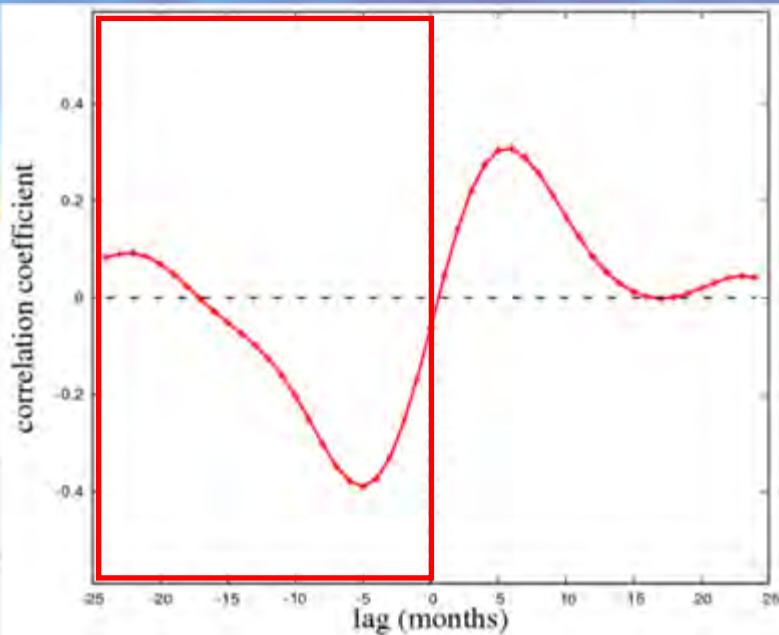


SSS composite difference (El Niño – La Niña)

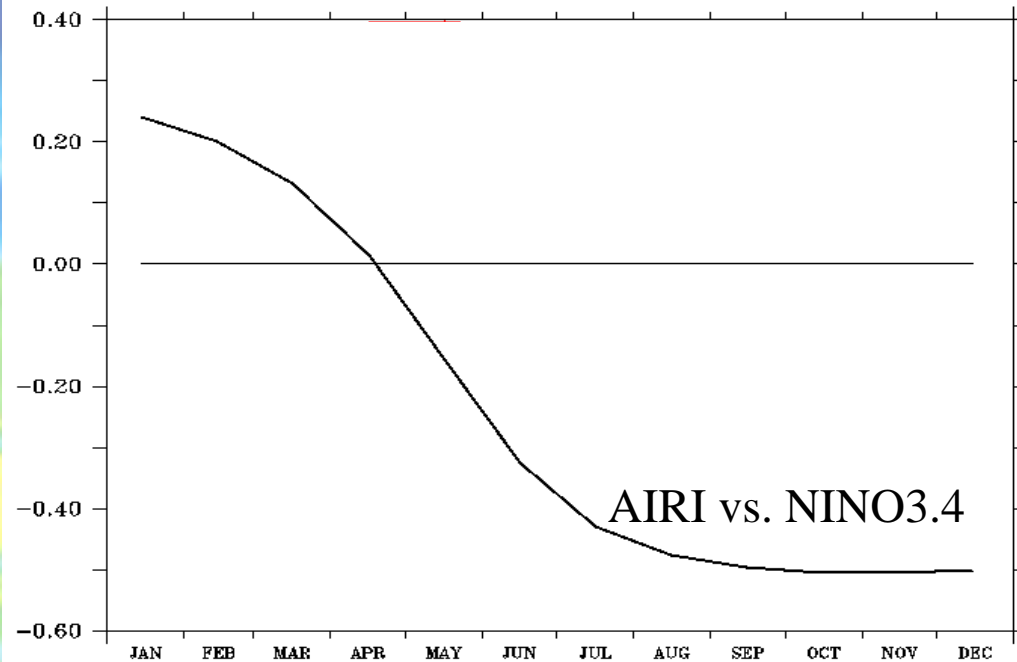


Indian summer monsoon vs. CRD

Lag correlation



Correlation between AIRI vs. Nino3.4 (or CRD)



La Niña
lags CRD

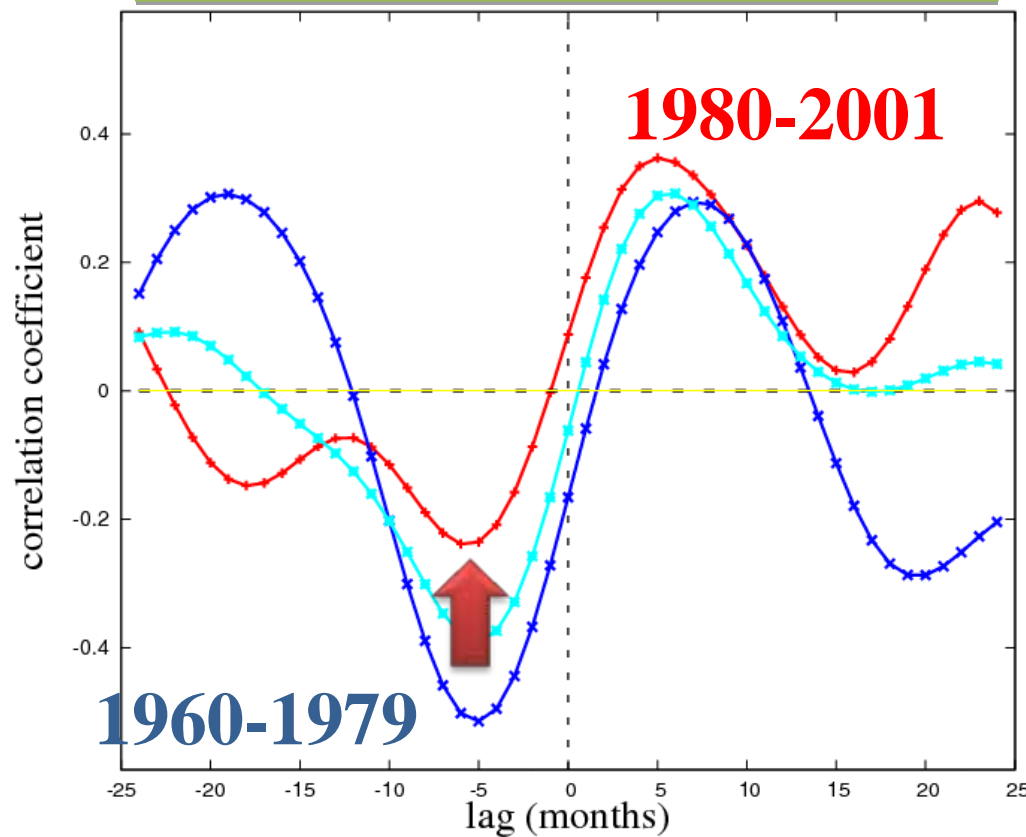


→ El Niño
leads CRD

AIRI
(All-India summer rainfall index)

Weakened relation of CRD with Indian monsoon after late 1970s

Lag correlation



Changes in ENSO behavior after late 1970s (increased amplitude and periodicity)



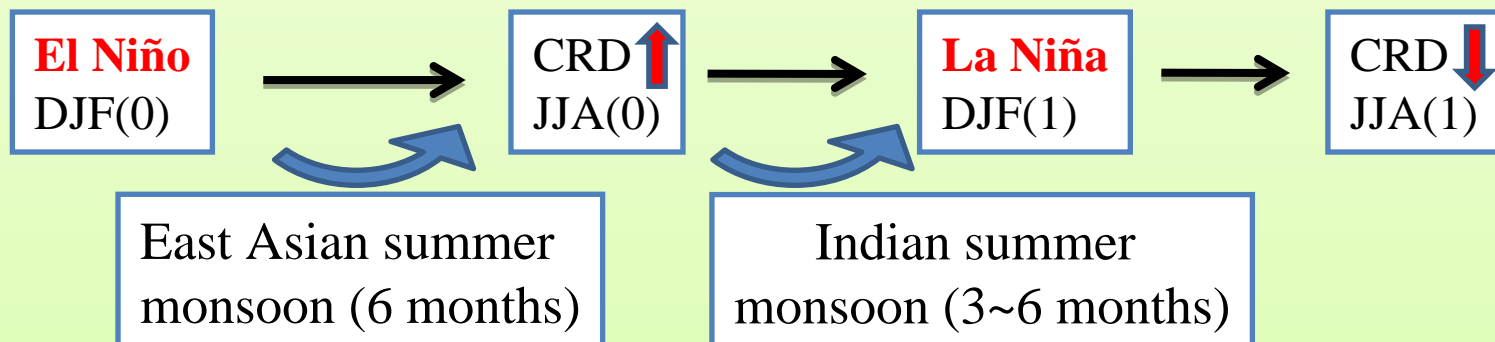
ENSO-ISM relation
ENSO-EASM relation

La Niña lags CRD ←

→ El Niño leads CRD

Conclusion

- ❖ **SSS** in the YECS is influenced by **ENSO** through **CRD** variation.
- ❖ SSS interannual variation is 25% of the total variance except 1st and 2nd mode in CSEOF.
- ❖ CRD shows a biennial oscillation in relation with summer monsoons-ENSO interaction.



- ❖ Weakened relation of CRD with Indian summer monsoon (ISM) after late 1970s due to weakening ISM-ENSO interaction.