

Recurrent large scale macro-algal blooms in the Yellow Sea

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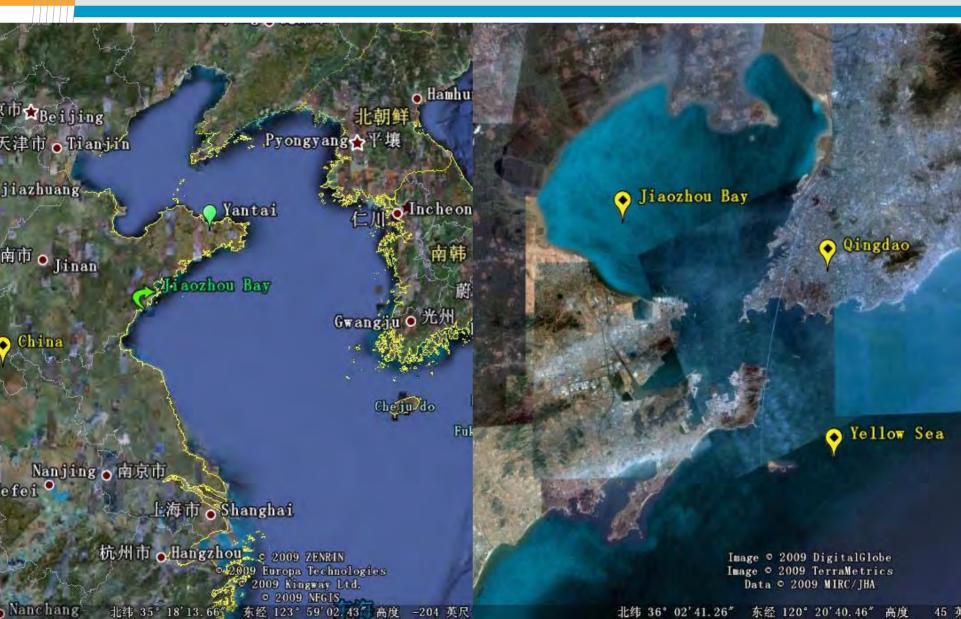
Peter Fearns, Curtin University of Technology, Australia







Jiaozhou Bay, Qingdao







Qingdao beaches important for tourism



Qingdao beaches important for tourism



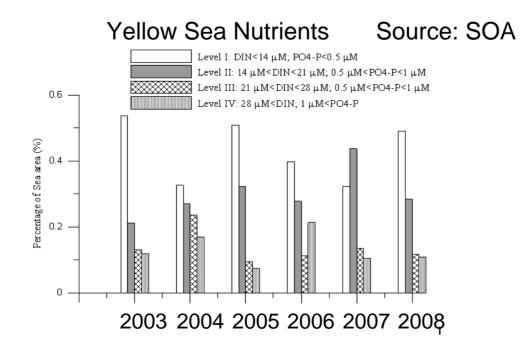


10,000 people cleaned up 1 million tonnes

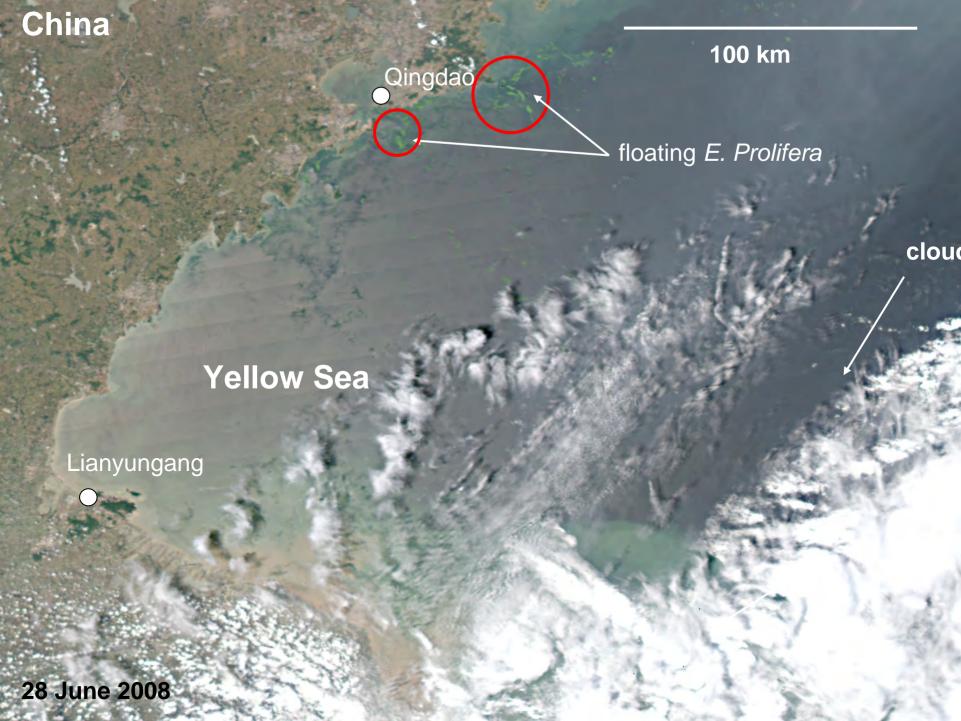


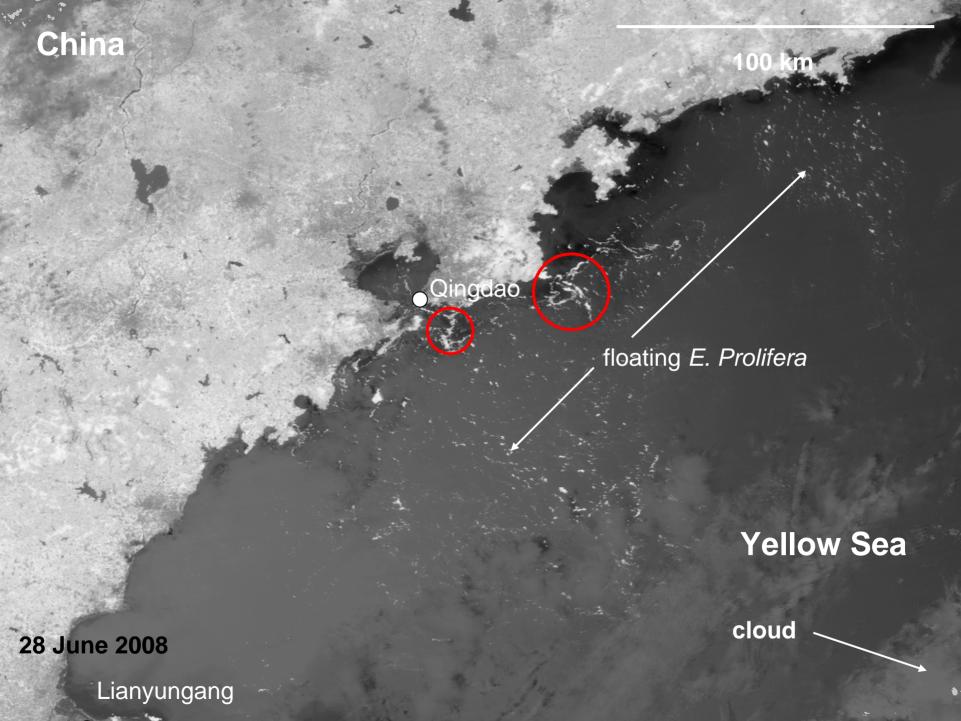
Initial assessment – 2008 green-tide

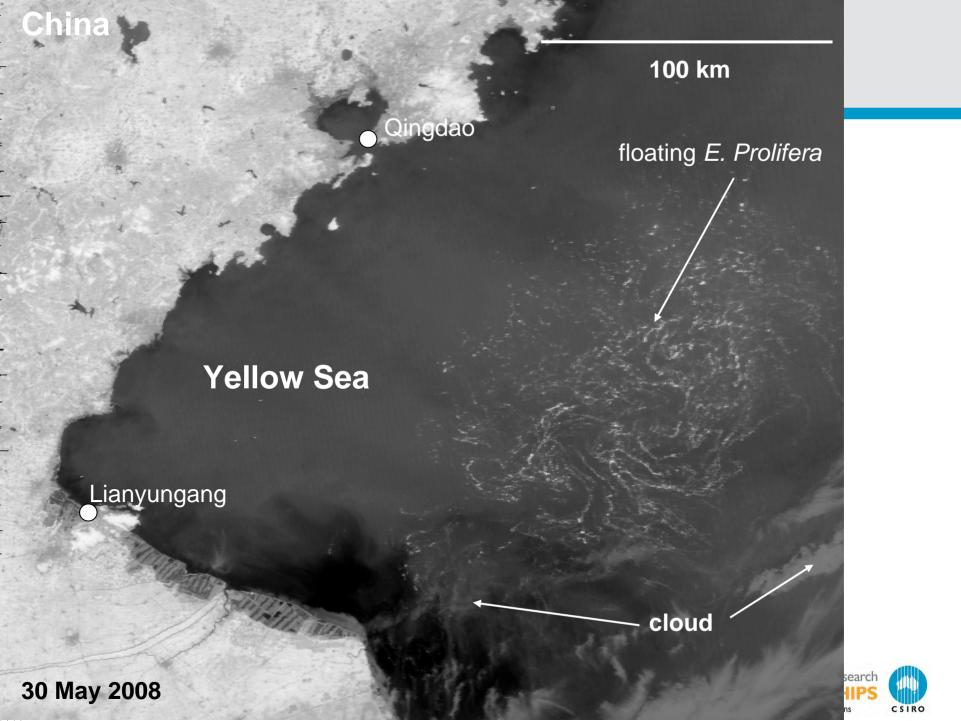
- Washed ashore in Jiaozhou Bay in late June 2008
- Covered 600km²
- Successful clean up prior to Olympic Games
- Cause initially attributed to eutrophication
 - But the bloom was a novel event, eutrophication wasn't, so we looked for other potential bloom initiation causes

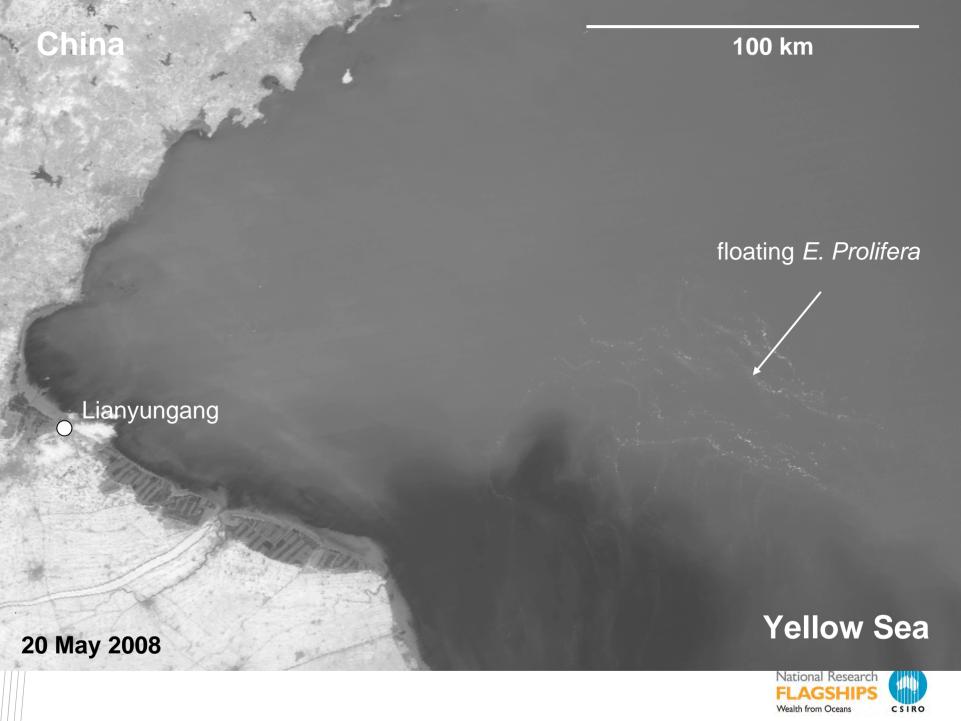


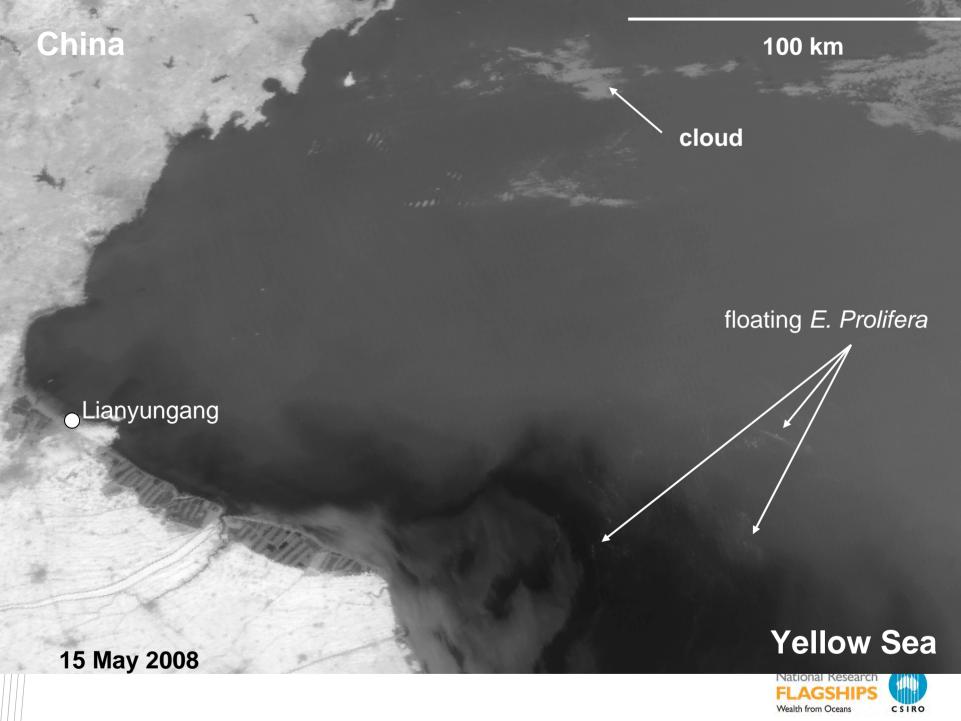


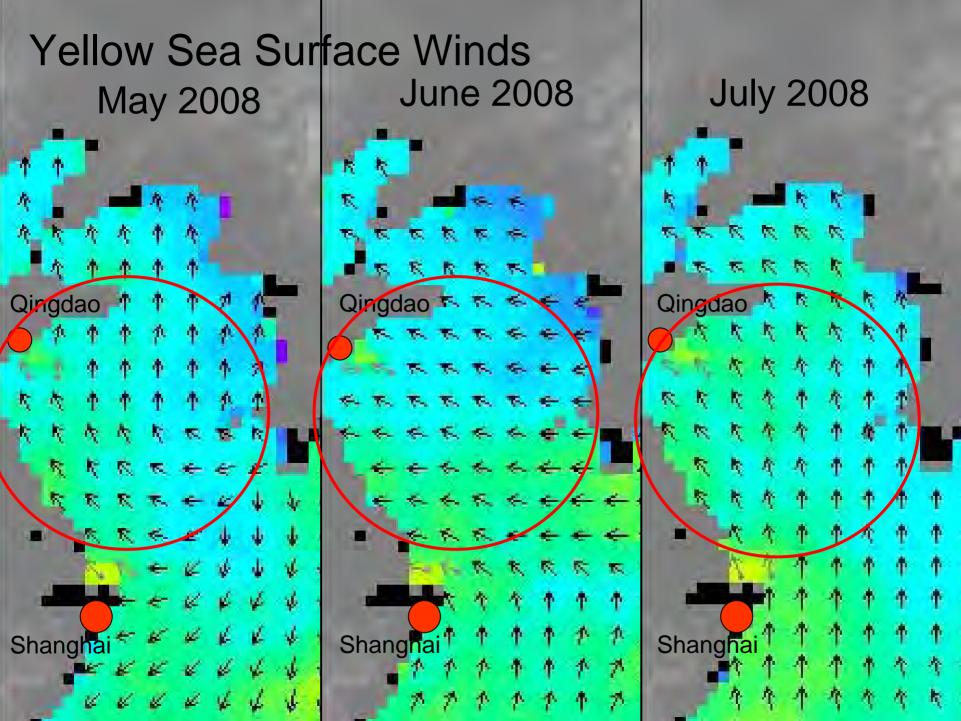




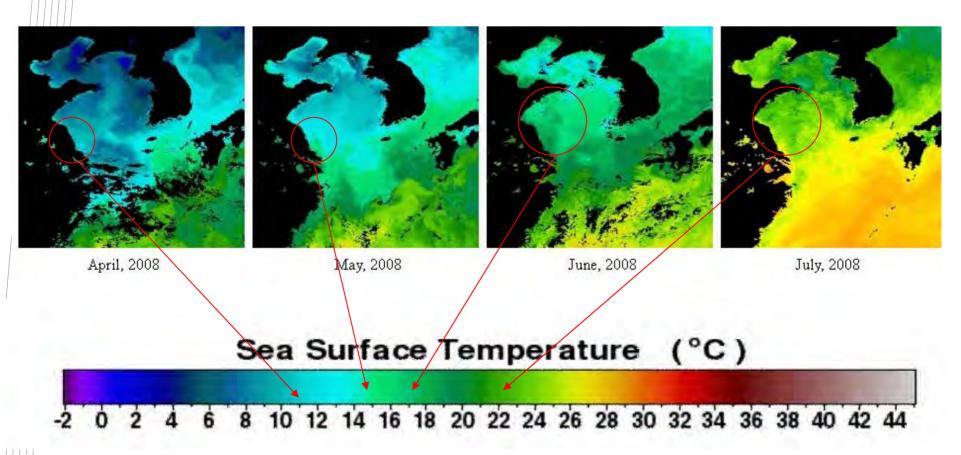


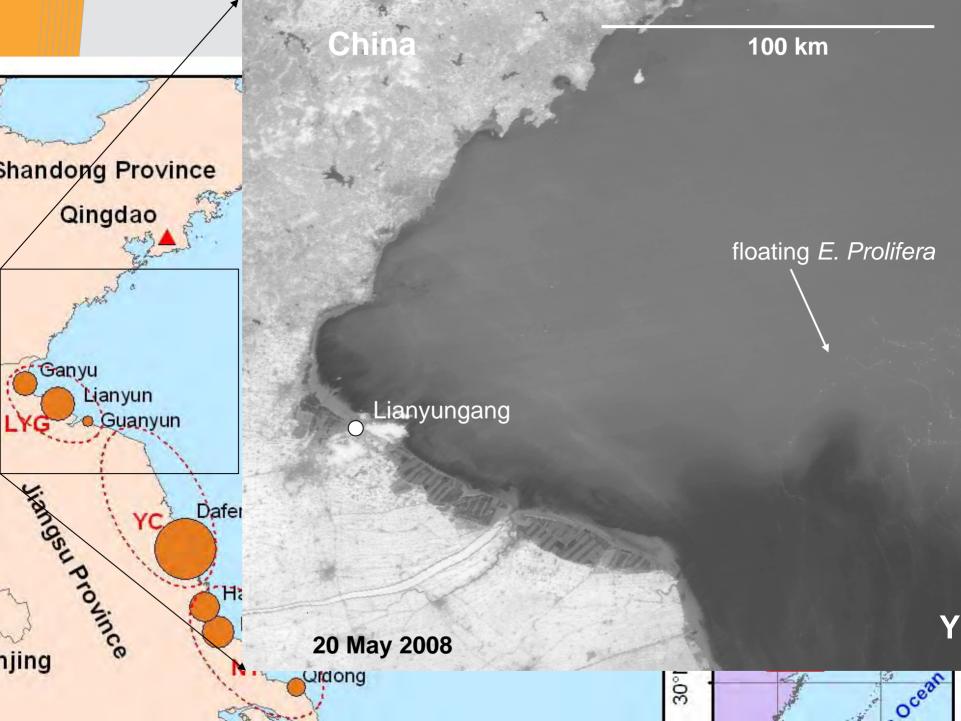




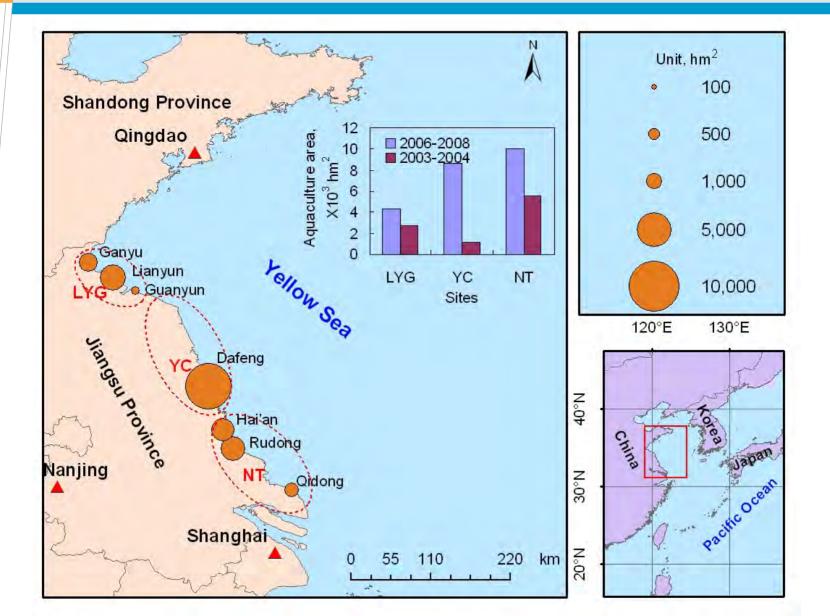


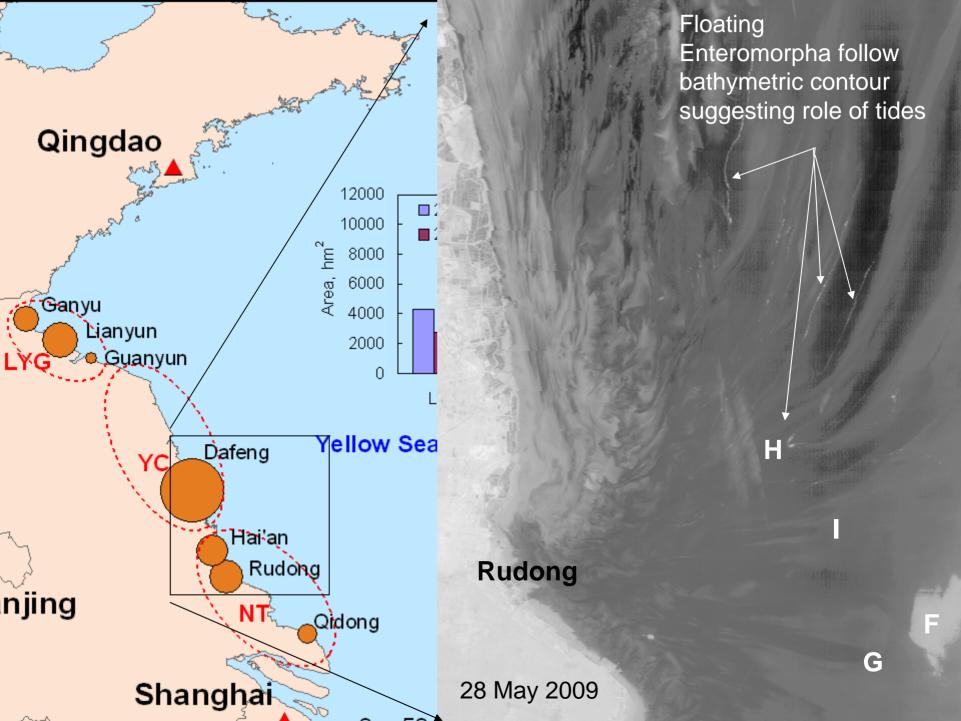
Sea Surface Temperature Yellow Sea 2008

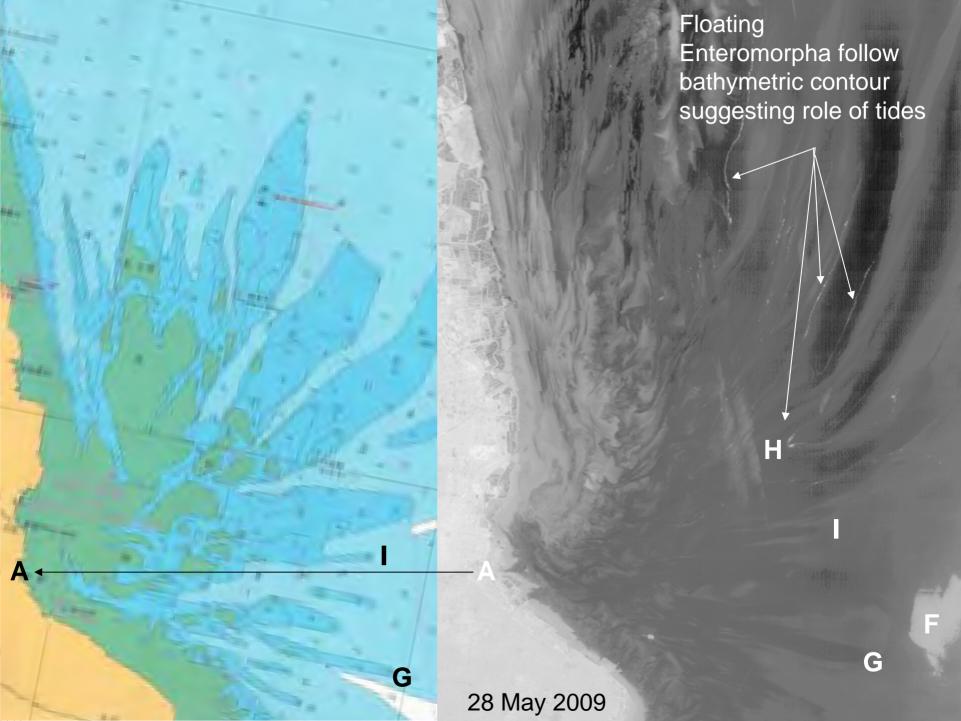




Expansion in coastal Porphyra aquaculture



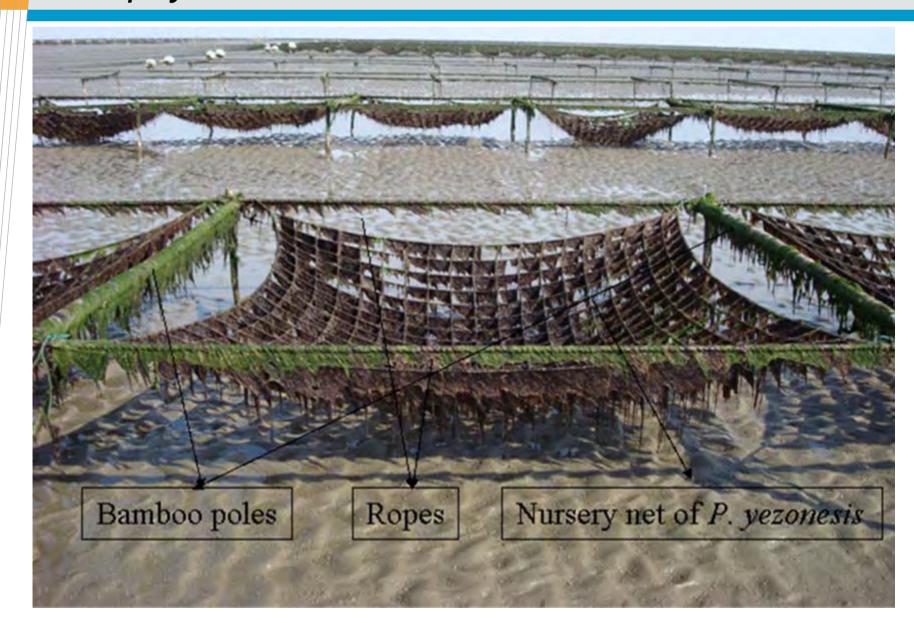




Porphyra culture infrastructure



Porphyra culture infrastructure



Conclusions – 2008 green-tide study

- Formed off Jiangsu Province early May 2008
- Grew to cover 1200 km² spread over 40,000 km²
- Typical weather and oceanography
 - Favourable winds and currents to transport bloom north towards Shandong Province
 - Favourable temperatures to accumulate bloom biomass
 - Sufficient nutrients
- Biology of Enteromorpha prolifera
 - growth habit and growth rates vs temperature
 - plausible modelling of biomass accumulation over 6 weeks
- Porphyra aquaculture implicated
 - Area expanded from 9,460 ha in 2003 to 22,974 ha in 2008
 - Enteromorpha nursery hypothesis formed
- Novel event in 2008
 - In December 2008 it was predicted to occur again in summer 2009 (Liu et al, 2009)



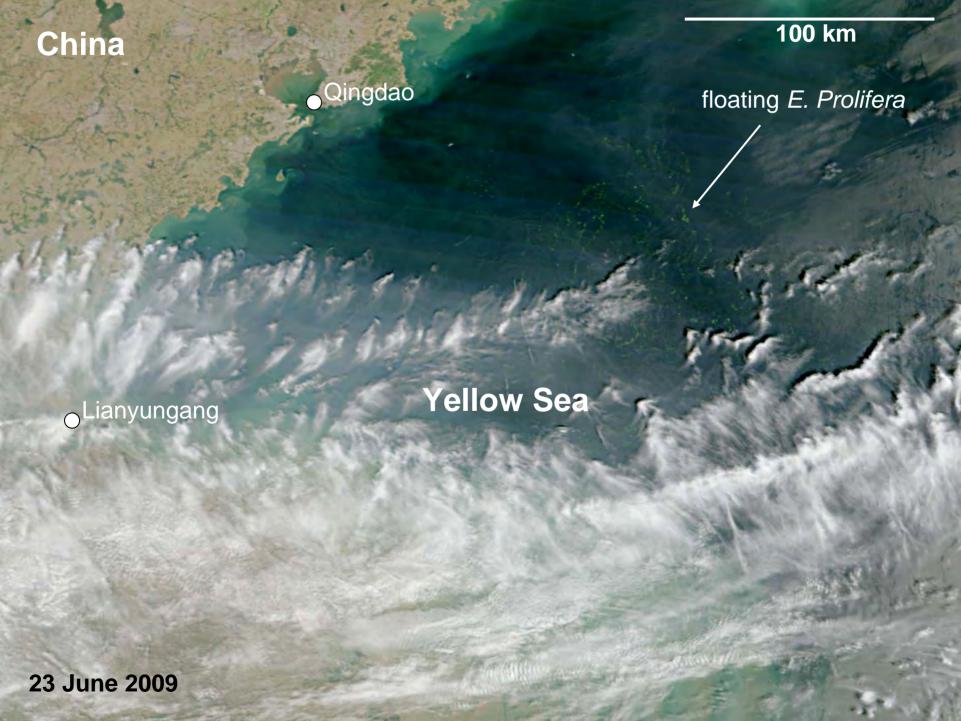
Winter-Summer 2008/09 study

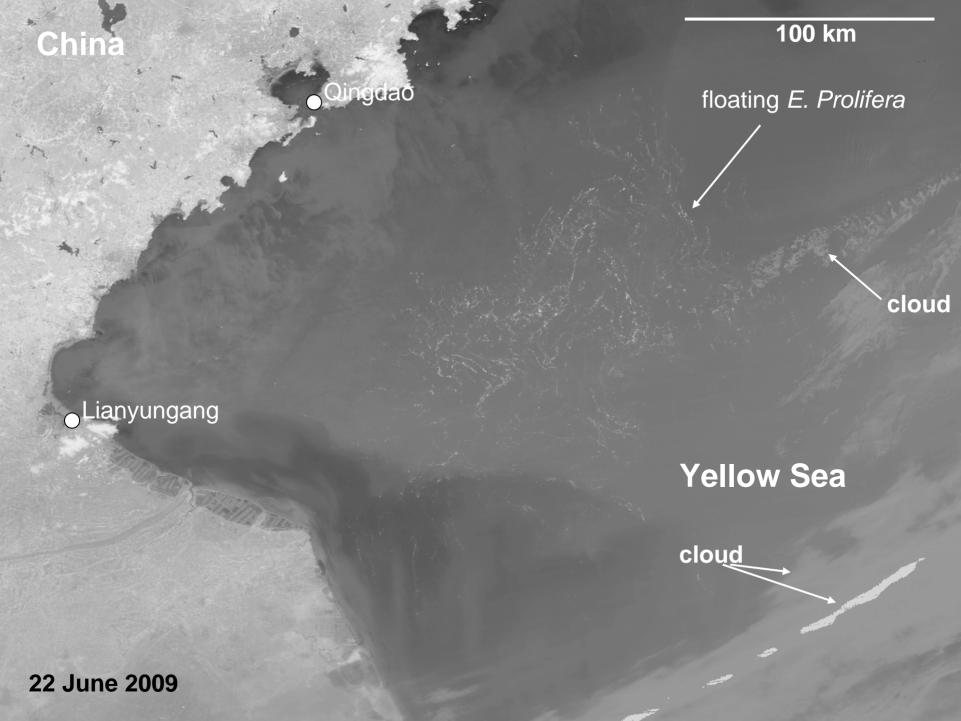
- Investigate genetic relatedness of Jiangsu Province
 Enteromorpha and that from 2008 Qingdao green-tide –
 Dongyan Liu presentation (Tuesday, S4)
- Measure biomass accumulation of Enteromorpha on aquaculture infrastructure – Dongyan Liu presentation
- Monitor for evidence of post-harvest bloom of Enteromorpha
 - Ship (opportunistically)
 - Media/ State Ocean Administration
 - Satellite



2009 Yellow Sea green-tide







2009 green tide spread along Weihai Peninsula



2009 green-tide clean-up efforts



Conclusions – Winter-Summer 2008/09 study

- Strong evidence that Porphyra aquaculture provided a nursery for Enteromorpha that caused 2008 and 2009 blooms
 - Link between time course of biomass accumulation and harvest and appearance of floating patches and formation of larger bloom established
 - Genetics of Enteromorpha from Qingdao in 2008 and Jiangsu aquaculture raft in 2009 a close match (99.6%) – Dongyan Liu talk (Tuesday S4)
 - ca. 5000 tonnes Enteromorpha accumulated prior to Porphyra harvest was sufficient to seed bloom – Dongyan Liu talk
- Recommendation
 - to modify raft cleaning method to dispose of Enteromorpha on land
- Next steps
 - Validate hypothesis about role of tide in export of waste Enteromorpha to Yellow Sea
 - Better understand complex dynamics of Enteromorpha biomass accumulation on rafts and in sea
 - water temperature/air temperature
 - immersion/emersion





Thankyou

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For more information:

World's largest macroalgal bloom caused by expansion of seaweed aquaculture in China

Dongyan Liu^{a,*}, John K. Keesing^b, Qianguo Xing^a, Ping Shi^a Marine Pollution Bulletin 58 (2009) 888–895

