# "The potential use of a Gadget model to predict stock responses to climate change in combination with Bayesian Networks: the case of the Bay of Biscay anchovy"

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International Symposium "Climate Change Effects on Fish and Fisheries: Forecasting Impacts, Assessing Ecosystem Responses, and Evaluating Management Strategies." April 26-29 , 2010, Sendai (Japan),



- Introduction: Bay of Biscay anchovy population
- Material and methods:
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- Some preliminary results
- Work in progress



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 from 48ºN to 44.30ºN and from 11ºW to the coastlines of France and NW Spain

- corresponds biogeographically to a subtropical/boreal transition zone (OSPAR, 2000)
- ecological richness
- warming trend over the Bay of Biscay (+0.3°C per decade)

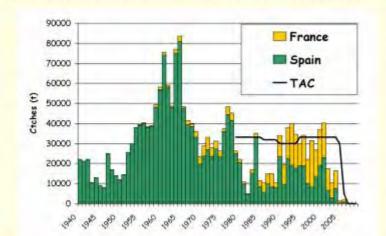
Bay of Biscay anchovy population

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Engraulis encrasicolus (Linnaeus, 1958)

Main nuclei for anchovy in the NW-Atlantic; commercial fisheries targeting on anchovy (33000t). Fishery closure in 2005, re-open in 2010 (7000 t)



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TEE

Population dependent on recruitment (afected by environmental changes):

- NAO & EA patterns,
- upwelling index
- stratification index

Anchovy population has increased in the northern areas during the last decade



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- -Improving our ability to predict recruitment is a key element in fisheries management
- -Robust methodology for predicting recruitment using climatic and environmental information
- -Machine learning techniques: supervised classifications methods (Bayesian Networks).
- -Possibility to establish the uncertainty associated with a prediction in addition to the model performance estimation and balance the error through the recruitment levels.
- -Recent changes: **Naive Bayes for Regression**, aiming to get a single value for the predicted recruitment level in the continuous domain.



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- -Indices (from the ICES/GLOBEC Workshop on 'Long-term Variability in SW Europe' held in 2007):
  - -North Atlantic Oscillation (NAO); East Atlantic pattern (EA); East Atlantic/Western Russia pattern (EA/WR); Scandinavia pattern (SCA); Tropical/Northern Hemisphere pattern (TNH); Polar/Eurasia pattern (POL). These indices, covering the period 1950–2006 (from the US NOAA Climate Prediction Center)
  - other (winter NDA, spring EA, global mean T of the NA, two solar indices...)
- SSB was introduced as a variable in the analysis

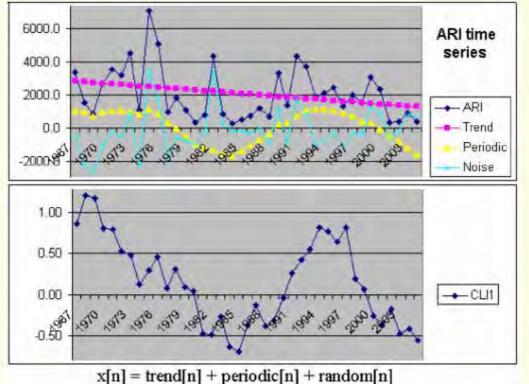


Coincide with the information available in the literature

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- Predictors selection:

CLI1 + Upwelling index + Turbulence index + wind spead



-CLI1 is the first component from PCA of NAO, TNH, UI, SCA, EA/WR, POL and EA (Bode et al., 2006)

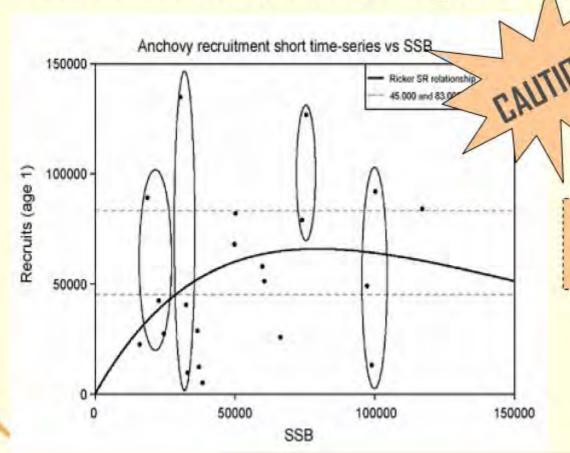
(Fernandes et al. 8 2009)

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SSB not included as a predictor (limiting factor for predictions)



- SSB short time series
- Widely discussed in the literature

(Fernandes et al., 2009)



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- Globally applicable Area Disaggregated General Ecosystem Toolbox (www.hafro.is/gadget)
- -To model marine ecosystems, including both the impact of the interactions between species and the impact of fisheries harvesting the species.
- Three parts:
  - •a parametric model to simulate the ecosystem
  - statistical functions to compare the model output to data
  - search algorithms to optimize the model parameters





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- -Length-based model (1987-2008, quarterly timesteps)
  - 1. Biological model: recruitment, growth and M (No migration, no consumption)
    - •Fleet: International commercial fleet and surveys (MPDH and PELGAS)
  - 2. Likelihood files
    - •Commercial landings (Id)
    - ·Survey indices by age
  - 3. Optimisation: hibrid algorithm

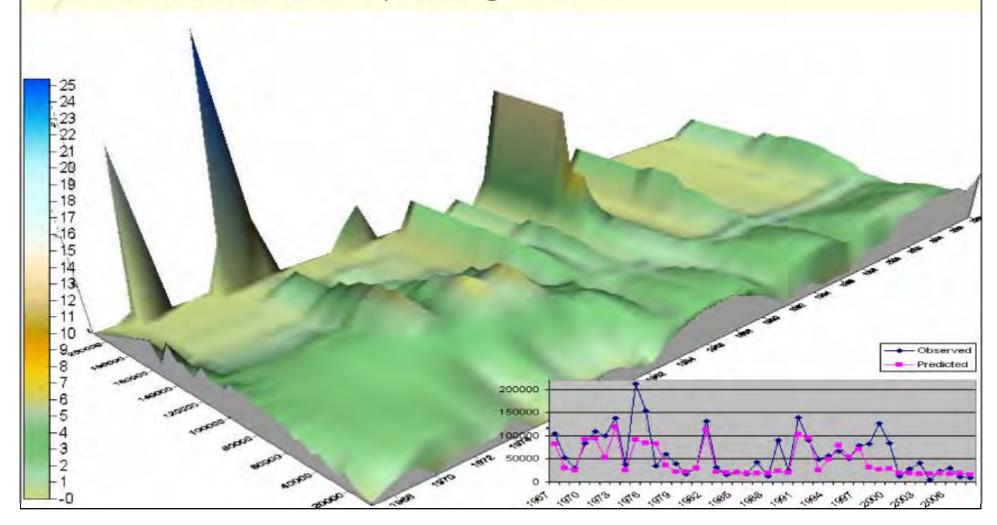


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Modelled recruitment (Naive Bayes for Regression)

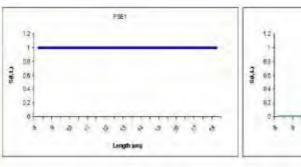


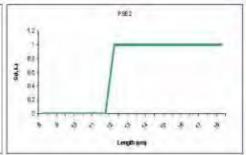


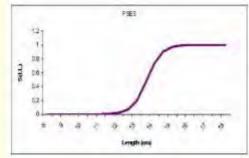
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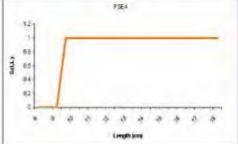
### GADGET:

-16 parameters: 4 for the initial population and 12 for the selectivity patterns of the fleet:





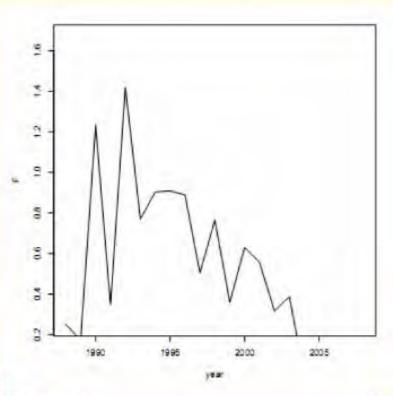




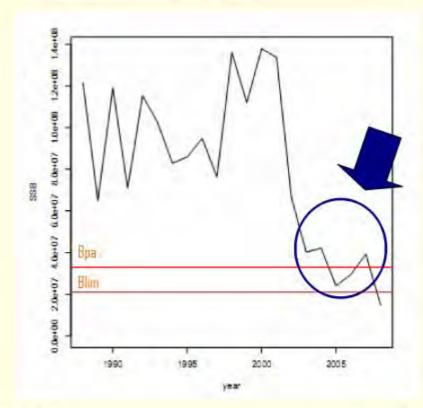


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### Fishing mortality



### Spawning Stock Biomass



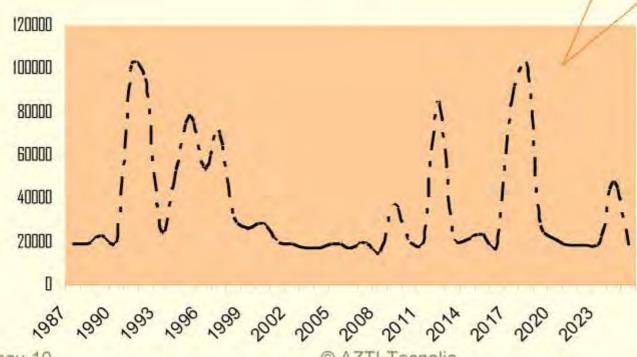


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### Recruitment predictions (Naive Bayes for Regression)

Predicted R

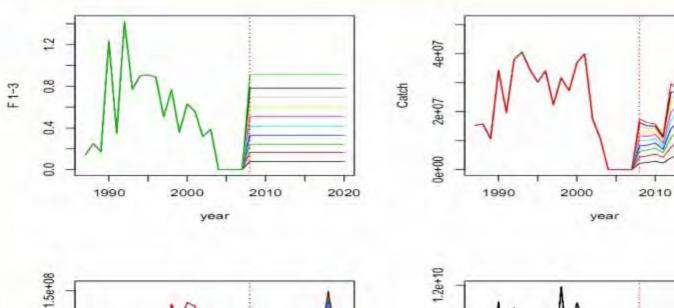
R predictions based on semi-random values of the climatic variables

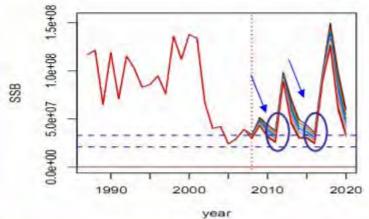


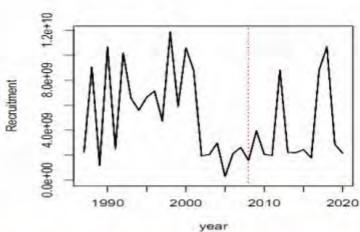


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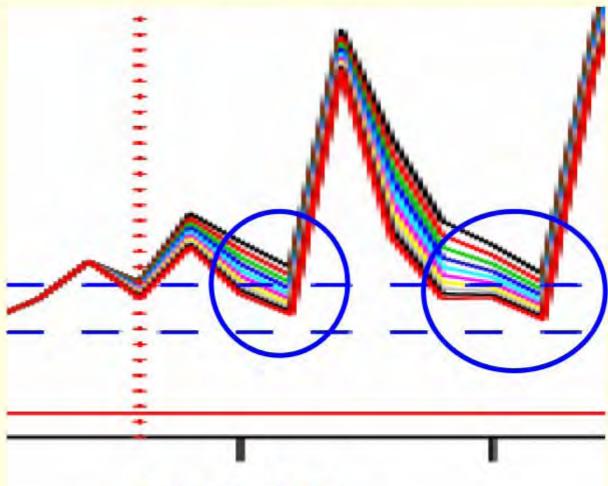


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- Improve recruitment projections by using real data downscaled from global variables of the available climate change scenarios
- Multidimensional recruitment models in order to work in multispecific scenarios
- 3. Work on the multi-species Gadget model, aiming to implement both predation (hake) and competition (sardine) relationships in our simulations
- 4. Link Gadget-FLR → MSE framework. Include economic analysis.

### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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